

HB5863



100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB5863

by Rep. Allen Skillicorn

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction in an amount equal to the amount received by the taxpayer in gratuities during the taxable year. Provides that the deduction is exempt from the Act's automatic sunset provision. Effective immediately.

LRB100 21274 HLH 37533 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
22 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
23 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
24 under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

1 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 administered by the State that is not used for
4 qualified expenses at an eligible education
5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
6 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
7 that was previously deducted from base income under
8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that
9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
10 beneficiary's death or disability;

11 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
14 Act;

15 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
17 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 for the taxable year;

19 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
20 following amounts:

21 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
22 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
23 any compensation (including but not limited to any
24 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
25 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
26 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed

1 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
2 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
3 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
4 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
5 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
6 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
7 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
8 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
9 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
10 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
12 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
13 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
14 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
15 resident by reason of being a member of any component
16 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
17 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
18 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
19 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
20 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
21 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
22 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
24 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
25 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such

1 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
2 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
4 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
5 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
6 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
7 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
8 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
10 thereto;

11 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

12 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
13 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
14 and included in such total for the taxable year;

15 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
16 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
18 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
19 of taxable income;

20 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
21 such total which were paid by a corporation which
22 conducts business operations in a River Edge
23 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
24 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
25 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
26 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is

1 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
3 such total that were paid by a corporation that
4 conducts business operations in a federally designated
5 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
6 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
7 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
8 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
9 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
10 this subparagraph (K);

11 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
12 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
13 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
14 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
15 Revenue Code;

16 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
17 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
18 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
19 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
21 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
23 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
24 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
25 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
3 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
4 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
7 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
8 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
9 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
10 United States; provided that, in the case of any
11 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
12 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
13 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
14 of bond premium amortization;

15 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
16 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
17 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

18 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
19 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
20 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
21 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
23 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
24 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
25 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

26 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such

1 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
2 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
3 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
4 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

5 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
6 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

7 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
8 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
9 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
10 medical care savings account established under the
11 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
12 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
13 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
14 as provided in that Act;

15 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
16 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
17 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
18 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
19 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
20 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
21 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

22 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
23 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
24 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
25 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
26 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance

1 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

2 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
3 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
4 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
5 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
6 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
7 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
8 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
9 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
10 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
11 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
13 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
14 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
15 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
16 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
17 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
18 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
19 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
20 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
21 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
22 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
23 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
24 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
25 times a number that represents the fractional
26 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section

1 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
2 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

3 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
4 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
5 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
6 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
9 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
10 extent includible in gross income for federal income
11 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
12 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
13 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
14 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
15 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
16 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
17 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
18 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
19 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
20 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
21 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
22 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
23 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
25 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
26 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;

1 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
2 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
3 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
4 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
5 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
6 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
7 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
8 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
9 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
10 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
11 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
12 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
13 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
14 of Section 250;

15 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
16 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
17 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
18 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
19 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
20 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
22 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
23 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
24 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
25 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
26 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid

1 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
2 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
4 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
5 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
6 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
7 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
8 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
9 from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
22 the bonus depreciation deduction;

23 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
24 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
25 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (3) for taxable years ending after December
2 31, 2005:

3 (i) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7 0.429); and

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 1.0.

12 The aggregate amount deducted under this
13 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
14 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
15 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
17 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
18 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
21 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
22 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
23 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
24 an amount equal to that addition modification.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which the

1 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
2 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
4 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
5 equal to that addition modification.

6 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
7 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
8 piece of property.

9 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
12 other than salary, received by a driver in a
13 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

14 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
17 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
25 is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
4 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
20 addition modification required to be made for the same
21 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
24 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
26 property taken into account for the taxable year (net

1 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
16 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
18 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
21 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
22 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
23 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
24 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250; ~~and~~

26 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
2 add back any insurance premiums under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
4 that part of a reimbursement received from the
5 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
6 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
7 company) that would have been taken into account as a
8 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
9 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
10 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
11 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
12 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
13 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
14 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

15 -

16 (HH) For taxable years ending on or after December
17 31, 2018, an amount equal to the amount received by the
18 taxpayer in gratuities during the taxable year; as used
19 in this subparagraph (HH), "gratuities" has the
20 meaning given to that term in Section 3 of the Minimum
21 Wage Law; this subparagraph (HH) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250.

23 (b) Corporations.

24 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
25 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable

1 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

2 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
3 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
4 of the following amounts:

5 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
6 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
7 received from regulated investment companies during
8 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
9 income in the computation of taxable income;

10 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
11 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
12 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

13 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
14 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
15 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
16 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
17 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
19 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
21 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
22 law and is not a new enactment);

23 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
24 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
25 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
26 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

1 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
2 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
3 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
4 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
5 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
6 the amount by which addition modifications other than
7 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
8 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
9 year, with the following limitations applied in the
10 order that they are listed:

11 (i) the addition modification relating to the
12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
14 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
15 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
16 which related to that net operating loss and which
17 was taken into account in calculating the base
18 income of an earlier taxable year, and

19 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
20 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
21 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
22 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
23 such carryback or carryforward;

24 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
25 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
26 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the

1 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
2 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
3 independently under the preceding provisions of this
4 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

5 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
6 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
7 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
8 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
9 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

10 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
11 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
12 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
13 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code;

15 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
16 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
17 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
18 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
19 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
20 deductions taken in all taxable years under
21 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

22 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
23 the last day of the last tax year for which the
24 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
25 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
26 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction

1 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
2 equal to that subtraction modification.

3 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
4 modification under this subparagraph only once with
5 respect to any one piece of property;

6 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
7 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the same unitary business group but for the
12 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
13 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
16 who would be a member of the same unitary business
17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
18 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
20 required to apportion business income under different
21 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
22 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
23 extent that dividends were included in base income of
24 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
25 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
26 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts

1 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
2 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
3 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
5 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
6 incurred.

7 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
10 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
11 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
12 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
13 with respect to such interest; or

14 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
16 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
17 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
18 following:

19 (a) the person, during the same taxable
20 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
21 to a person that is not a related member, and

22 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
23 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
24 person did not have as a principal purpose the
25 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
26 pursuant to a contract or agreement that

1 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
2 terms; or

3 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
4 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
5 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
6 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
7 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
8 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

9 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
11 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
12 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
13 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
14 to the application or use of an alternative method
15 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
17 Director from making any other adjustment
18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
19 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
20 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
22 and such regulations provide methods and standards
23 by which the Department will utilize its authority
24 under Section 404 of this Act;

25 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
26 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in

1 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
4 foreign person who would be a member of the same
5 unitary business group but for the fact that the
6 foreign person's business activity outside the United
7 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
8 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
10 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
11 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
12 from being included in the unitary business group
13 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
14 business income under different subsections of Section
15 304. The addition modification required by this
16 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
17 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
18 group for the same taxable year and received by the
19 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
20 business group (including amounts included in gross
21 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
23 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
24 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
25 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
26 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding

1 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
2 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
3 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
4 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
5 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
6 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
7 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
8 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
9 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
11 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
12 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
13 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
14 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
15 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
16 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
17 similar types of intangible assets.

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
22 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
23 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
24 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
25 to such item; or

26 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
3 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
4 following:

5 (a) the person during the same taxable
6 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
7 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
8 not a related member, and

9 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
10 intangible expense or cost between the
11 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
12 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
13 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
14 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
15 or

16 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
19 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
20 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
21 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
22 writing to the application or use of an alternative
23 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

1 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
2 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
3 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
4 and such regulations provide methods and standards
5 by which the Department will utilize its authority
6 under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
18 addition modification required by this subparagraph
19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
20 included in base income of the unitary group for the
21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
23 (including amounts included in gross income under
24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock

1 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
2 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
3 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
4 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
5 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or
6 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

7 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
8 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
9 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
10 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
11 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

12 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
13 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
14 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
15 Act;

16 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
18 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
19 for the taxable year;

20 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
21 following amounts:

22 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
23 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
24 and included in such total for the taxable year;

25 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
26 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

1 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
2 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
3 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
4 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
5 for the taxable year;

6 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
7 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
8 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
9 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
10 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
12 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
13 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
14 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
15 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
16 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
17 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
18 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
19 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
20 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
21 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
23 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
24 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
25 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
26 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or

1 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
2 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
3 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
4 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
7 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
8 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
9 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
10 United States; provided that, in the case of any
11 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
12 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
13 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
14 of bond premium amortization;

15 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
16 such total which were paid by a corporation which
17 conducts business operations in a River Edge
18 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
19 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
20 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
21 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
24 such total that were paid by a corporation that
25 conducts business operations in a federally designated
26 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a

1 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
2 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
3 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
4 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
5 this subparagraph (L);

6 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
7 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
8 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
9 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
10 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
11 property which is eligible for the River Edge
12 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
13 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
14 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
15 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
16 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
17 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
18 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
19 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
20 the date that it was placed in service in the River
21 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
22 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection
23 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
24 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
25 eligible property as calculated under the previous
26 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
3 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
4 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
5 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
6 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
7 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
8 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
9 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
10 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
11 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
12 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
13 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
14 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
15 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
16 date that it was placed in service in a federally
17 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
18 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
19 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
20 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
21 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
22 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
23 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
24 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
25 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
26 calculated under the previous sentence;

1 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
2 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
3 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
4 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
5 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
6 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
7 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
8 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
9 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
10 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250;

12 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
13 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
14 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
15 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
16 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
17 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
18 and received from a corporation that is not created or
19 organized under the laws of the United States or any
20 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
21 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
22 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
23 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
25 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
26 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,

1 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
3 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
4 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
5 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
6 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
7 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
8 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
9 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
10 dividends received from a captive real estate
11 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
12 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
13 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
14 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
15 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
16 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
17 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
18 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
19 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

20 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
21 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
22 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

23 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
24 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
25 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
26 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code;

2 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
3 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
4 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
5 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
6 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
7 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
8 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
9 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
10 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
11 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
13 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
16 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
17 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
18 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
19 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
20 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
21 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
22 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
23 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
26 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction

1 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
2 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
4 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

5 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
6 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
8 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
9 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
10 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
11 the bonus depreciation deduction;

12 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
13 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
14 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
15 0.429); and

16 (3) for taxable years ending after December
17 31, 2005:

18 (i) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (ii) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
26 1.0.

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
10 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which the
16 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
17 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
18 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
22 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
23 piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of

1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
2 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
3 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
4 modification with respect to such transaction under
5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
6 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
7 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
8 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
11 is required to make an addition modification with
12 respect to such transaction under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
14 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
15 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
16 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
17 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
18 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
19 addition modification with respect to such transaction
20 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
21 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
22 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
23 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
24 from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
26 into account for the taxable year (net of the

1 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
18 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
21 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
24 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
8 addition modification required to be made for the same
9 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
10 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
12 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
15 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
16 add back any insurance premiums under Section
17 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
18 that part of a reimbursement received from the
19 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
20 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
21 company) that would have been taken into account as a
22 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
23 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
24 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
25 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
26 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer

1 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
2 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

3 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
4 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
5 965(e) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
6 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
7 Section 965(e) (2) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
8 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
9 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250.

11 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
12 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
13 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
14 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
15 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
16 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
17 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a) (3) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code.

19 (c) Trusts and estates.

20 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
21 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
22 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

23 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
24 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
25 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the

1 following amounts:

2 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
3 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
4 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
5 in the computation of taxable income;

6 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
7 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
8 required to distribute all of its income currently,
9 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
10 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
11 the computation of taxable income;

12 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
13 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
14 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

15 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
16 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
17 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
18 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

19 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
20 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
21 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
22 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
23 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
24 the amount by which addition modifications other than
25 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
26 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with

1 the following limitations applied in the order that
2 they are listed:

3 (i) the addition modification relating to the
4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
6 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
7 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
8 which related to that net operating loss and which
9 was taken into account in calculating the base
10 income of an earlier taxable year, and

11 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
14 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
15 such carryback or carryforward;

16 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
17 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
18 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
19 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
20 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
21 independently under the preceding provisions of this
22 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

23 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
24 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
25 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
26 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the

1 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
2 Act;

3 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
4 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
5 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
6 computation of taxable income;

7 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
9 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
10 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
11 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

12 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
13 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
14 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
15 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code; and

17 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
18 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
19 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
20 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
21 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
22 deductions taken in all taxable years under
23 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

24 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
25 the last day of the last tax year for which the
26 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for

1 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
2 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
3 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
4 equal to that subtraction modification.

5 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
6 modification under this subparagraph only once with
7 respect to any one piece of property;

8 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
9 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the same unitary business group but for the
14 fact that the foreign person's business activity
15 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
24 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
25 extent that dividends were included in base income of
26 the unitary group for the same taxable year and

1 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
2 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
3 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
4 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
5 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
7 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
8 incurred.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
12 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
13 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
14 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
15 with respect to such interest; or

16 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
19 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person, during the same taxable
22 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
23 to a person that is not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
26 person did not have as a principal purpose the

1 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
2 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
3 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
4 terms; or

5 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
6 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
7 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
8 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
9 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
10 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

11 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
15 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
16 to the application or use of an alternative method
17 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment
20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
21 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
22 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
23 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
24 and such regulations provide methods and standards
25 by which the Department will utilize its authority
26 under Section 404 of this Act;

1 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
2 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
3 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
6 foreign person who would be a member of the same
7 unitary business group but for the fact that the
8 foreign person's business activity outside the United
9 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
10 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
12 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
13 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
14 from being included in the unitary business group
15 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
16 business income under different subsections of Section
17 304. The addition modification required by this
18 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
19 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
20 group for the same taxable year and received by the
21 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
22 business group (including amounts included in gross
23 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
25 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
26 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom

1 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
2 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
3 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
4 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
5 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
6 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
7 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
8 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
9 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
10 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
11 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
13 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
14 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
15 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
16 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
17 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
18 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
19 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

20 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

21 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
24 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
25 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
26 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect

1 to such item; or

2 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
5 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person during the same taxable
8 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
9 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
10 not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
12 intangible expense or cost between the
13 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
14 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
15 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
16 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
17 or

18 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
21 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
22 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
23 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
24 writing to the application or use of an alternative
25 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

26 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment
2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
4 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
6 and such regulations provide methods and standards
7 by which the Department will utilize its authority
8 under Section 404 of this Act;

9 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
11 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
12 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
14 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
15 business group but for the fact that the person is
16 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
17 included in the unitary business group because he or
18 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
19 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
20 addition modification required by this subparagraph
21 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
22 included in base income of the unitary group for the
23 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
25 (including amounts included in gross income under
26 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
2 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
3 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
4 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
5 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
6 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
7 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or
8 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

9 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
10 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
11 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
12 Act;

13 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
15 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
16 for the taxable year;

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
18 following amounts:

19 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
20 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
21 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
23 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
24 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
25 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
26 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net

1 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
3 thereto;

4 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

5 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
9 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
10 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
11 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
12 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
13 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
14 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
15 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
16 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
17 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
18 amortization;

19 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
20 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
21 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
22 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
23 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
24 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
26 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),

1 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
2 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
4 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
6 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
7 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total which were paid by a corporation which
11 conducts business operations in a River Edge
12 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
13 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
14 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
15 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
18 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
19 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

20 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
21 such total that were paid by a corporation that
22 conducts business operations in a federally designated
23 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
24 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
25 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
26 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection

1 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
2 this subparagraph (O);

3 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
4 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
5 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
6 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
9 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
10 extent includible in gross income for federal income
11 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
12 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
13 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
14 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
15 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
16 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
17 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
18 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
19 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
20 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
21 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
22 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
23 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
25 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
26 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;

1 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
2 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
3 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
4 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
5 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
6 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
7 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
8 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
9 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
10 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
11 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
12 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
13 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
14 of Section 250;

15 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
16 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
17 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
18 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
20 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

21 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
22 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
23 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
24 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
25 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
26 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including

1 the bonus depreciation deduction;

2 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
3 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
4 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
5 0.429); and

6 (3) for taxable years ending after December
7 31, 2005:

8 (i) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
12 0.429); and

13 (ii) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 1.0.

17 The aggregate amount deducted under this
18 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
19 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
20 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
22 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
23 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
24 Section 250;

25 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
26 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer

1 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
2 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
3 equal to that addition modification.

4 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
5 the last day of the last tax year for which the
6 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
7 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
8 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
9 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
10 equal to that addition modification.

11 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
12 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
13 piece of property.

14 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
18 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
19 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
20 modification with respect to such transaction under
21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
22 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
23 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
24 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that

1 is required to make an addition modification with
2 respect to such transaction under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
4 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
5 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
6 from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
8 into account for the taxable year (net of the
9 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
12 the fact the foreign person's business activity
13 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
16 who would be a member of the same unitary business
17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
18 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
20 required to apportion business income under different
21 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
22 addition modification required to be made for the same
23 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
24 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
26 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
2 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
3 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
6 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
10 who would be a member of the same unitary business
11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
14 required to apportion business income under different
15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
16 addition modification required to be made for the same
17 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
18 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
20 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
23 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
24 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
26 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation

1 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
2 Section 250;

3 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
4 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
5 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
6 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

8 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
9 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
10 add back any insurance premiums under Section
11 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
12 that part of a reimbursement received from the
13 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
14 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
15 company) that would have been taken into account as a
16 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
17 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
18 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
19 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
20 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
21 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
22 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

23 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
24 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
25 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
26 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,

1 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
2 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
3 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

4 (d) Partnerships.

5 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
6 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
7 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

8 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
9 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
10 of the following amounts:

11 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
12 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
13 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
14 in the computation of taxable income;

15 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
16 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
17 the taxable year;

18 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
19 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

21 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
22 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
23 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
24 computation of taxable income;

25 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an

1 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
2 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
3 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
6 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
7 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
8 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
9 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
10 deductions taken in all taxable years under
11 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
13 the last day of the last tax year for which the
14 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
15 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
16 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
17 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
18 equal to that subtraction modification.

19 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
20 modification under this subparagraph only once with
21 respect to any one piece of property;

22 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
23 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
24 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the same unitary business group but for the
2 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
3 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
12 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
13 extent that dividends were included in base income of
14 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
15 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
16 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
17 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
18 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
19 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
21 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
22 incurred.

23 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

24 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
26 is subject in a foreign country or state, other

1 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
2 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
3 with respect to such interest; or

4 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
6 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
7 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8 following:

9 (a) the person, during the same taxable
10 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
11 to a person that is not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
14 person did not have as a principal purpose the
15 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
16 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
17 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
18 terms; or

19 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
20 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
21 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
22 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
23 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
24 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

25 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
2 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
3 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
4 to the application or use of an alternative method
5 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

6 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
7 Director from making any other adjustment
8 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
9 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
10 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
11 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
12 and such regulations provide methods and standards
13 by which the Department will utilize its authority
14 under Section 404 of this Act; and

15 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
16 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
17 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
20 foreign person who would be a member of the same
21 unitary business group but for the fact that the
22 foreign person's business activity outside the United
23 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
24 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
26 the same unitary business group but for the fact that

1 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
2 from being included in the unitary business group
3 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
4 business income under different subsections of Section
5 304. The addition modification required by this
6 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
7 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
8 group for the same taxable year and received by the
9 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
10 business group (including amounts included in gross
11 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
13 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
14 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
15 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
16 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
17 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
18 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
19 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
20 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
21 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
22 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
23 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
24 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
25 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting

1 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
2 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
3 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
4 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
5 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
6 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
7 similar types of intangible assets;

8 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
12 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
13 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
14 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
15 to such item; or

16 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
19 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person during the same taxable
22 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
23 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
24 not a related member, and

25 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
26 intangible expense or cost between the

1 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
2 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
3 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
4 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
5 or

6 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
9 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
10 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
11 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
12 writing to the application or use of an alternative
13 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
15 Director from making any other adjustment
16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
17 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
18 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
19 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
20 and such regulations provide methods and standards
21 by which the Department will utilize its authority
22 under Section 404 of this Act;

23 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
24 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
25 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
26 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,

1 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
2 person who would be a member of the same unitary
3 business group but for the fact that the person is
4 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
5 included in the unitary business group because he or
6 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
7 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
8 addition modification required by this subparagraph
9 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
10 included in base income of the unitary group for the
11 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
13 (including amounts included in gross income under
14 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
16 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
17 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
18 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
19 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
20 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
21 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
22 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

23 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
24 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
25 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
26 Act;

1 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
3 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
4 for the taxable year;

5 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
6 amounts:

7 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
12 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
13 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
14 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
15 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
16 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
17 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
18 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
19 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
20 of bond premium amortization;

21 (H) Any income of the partnership which
22 constitutes personal service income as defined in
23 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
24 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
25 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
26 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

1 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250;

3 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
4 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
5 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
6 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
7 including amounts distributable to organizations
8 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
9 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
10 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
12 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
13 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
14 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
15 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
16 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
18 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
19 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
20 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
22 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
24 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
25 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
2 such total which were paid by a corporation which
3 conducts business operations in a River Edge
4 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
5 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
6 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
7 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Real
11 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total that were paid by a corporation that
14 conducts business operations in a federally designated
15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
16 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
18 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
20 this subparagraph (M);

21 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
22 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
23 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
24 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the

1 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
2 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
3 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
5 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

6 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
7 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
8 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
9 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
10 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
11 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
12 the bonus depreciation deduction;

13 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
14 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
15 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
16 0.429); and

17 (3) for taxable years ending after December
18 31, 2005:

19 (i) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
21 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
22 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (ii) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 1.0.

2 The aggregate amount deducted under this
3 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
4 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
5 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
7 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
8 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
11 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
14 equal to that addition modification.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which the
17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
23 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
24 piece of property.

25 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
2 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
3 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
4 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
5 modification with respect to such transaction under
6 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
7 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
8 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
9 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
10 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
11 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
12 is required to make an addition modification with
13 respect to such transaction under Section
14 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
15 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
16 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
17 from Section 250;

18 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
19 into account for the taxable year (net of the
20 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
21 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
23 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
24 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
7 addition modification required to be made for the same
8 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
10 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
11 Section 250;

12 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
13 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
14 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
17 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
18 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
19 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
21 who would be a member of the same unitary business
22 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
23 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
24 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
25 required to apportion business income under different
26 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the

1 addition modification required to be made for the same
2 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
3 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
5 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

6 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
8 add back any insurance premiums under Section
9 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
10 that part of a reimbursement received from the
11 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
12 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
13 company) that would have been taken into account as a
14 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
15 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
16 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
17 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
18 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
19 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
20 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

21 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

22 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
23 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
24 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
25 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall

1 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
2 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
3 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
4 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
5 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
7 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
8 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
9 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
10 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
11 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
12 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
13 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
14 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
16 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
17 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
18 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
19 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
20 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
21 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
22 addition modification must be made under those
23 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
24 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
25 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
26 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection

1 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code.

3 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
4 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
5 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

6 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
7 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
8 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
9 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
10 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
11 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
12 Internal Revenue Code;

13 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
14 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
15 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
16 insurance company taxable income;

17 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
18 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
19 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 investment company taxable income;

21 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
22 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
23 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
24 estate investment trust taxable income;

25 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
26 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of

1 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
2 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
3 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
4 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
5 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
6 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
7 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
8 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
9 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
10 Code had been in effect for all such years;

11 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
12 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
13 organization determined in accordance with the
14 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
15 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
16 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
17 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
18 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
19 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
20 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
21 event such election is made, such losses shall be
22 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
23 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
24 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
25 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
26 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.

1 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
2 with original returns due on or after the date of the
3 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
4 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
5 to provide that the election shall be effective for
6 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
7 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
8 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
9 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
10 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
11 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
12 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
13 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
14 existing law;

15 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
16 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
17 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
18 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
19 corporation determined in accordance with Section
20 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
21 taxable income shall take into account those items
22 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
24 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
25 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
26 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied

1 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
2 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
3 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
4 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

5 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
6 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
7 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
8 income shall take into account those items which are
9 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
10 but which would be taken into account by an individual
11 in calculating his taxable income.

12 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
13 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
14 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
15 business has been classified as business income and in a
16 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
17 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
18 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
19 related to that asset or business that generated the
20 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
21 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
22 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
23 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
24 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
25 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
26 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for

1 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
2 taxable years.

3 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

4 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
5 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
6 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

7 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
8 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
9 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
11 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

12 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
13 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
14 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
15 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
16 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
17 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
18 such gain included in the amount determined under
19 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

20 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

21 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
22 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
23 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
24 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
25 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for

1 determining gain) for such property on that date
2 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
3 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
4 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
5 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
6 such property.

7 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
8 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
9 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
10 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
11 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
12 property for federal income tax purposes for the
13 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
14 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
15 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
16 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
17 period for the property.

18 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
19 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
20 purposes of this paragraph.

21 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
22 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
23 to be deducted more than once.

24 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by

1 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
2 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
3 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
4 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
5 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
6 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
7 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
8 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

9 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

10 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
11 becoming law.