

HB5071



100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB5071

by Rep. Patricia R. Bellock

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

625 ILCS 5/11-208.6

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that before a municipality installs and operates an automated traffic law enforcement system, the municipality shall send a notification of its intention to install and operate an automated traffic law enforcement system to any municipalities within 15 miles of the municipality.

LRB100 17814 LNS 32993 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
5 Section 11-208.6 as follows:

6 (625 ILCS 5/11-208.6)

7 Sec. 11-208.6. Automated traffic law enforcement system.

8 (a) As used in this Section, "automated traffic law
9 enforcement system" means a device with one or more motor
10 vehicle sensors working in conjunction with a red light signal
11 to produce recorded images of motor vehicles entering an
12 intersection against a red signal indication in violation of
13 Section 11-306 of this Code or a similar provision of a local
14 ordinance.

15 An automated traffic law enforcement system is a system, in
16 a municipality or county operated by a governmental agency,
17 that produces a recorded image of a motor vehicle's violation
18 of a provision of this Code or a local ordinance and is
19 designed to obtain a clear recorded image of the vehicle and
20 the vehicle's license plate. The recorded image must also
21 display the time, date, and location of the violation.

22 (a-5) Before a municipality installs and operates an
23 automated traffic law enforcement system, the municipality

1 shall send a notification of its intention to install and
2 operate an automated traffic law enforcement system to any
3 municipalities within 15 miles of the municipality.

4 (b) As used in this Section, "recorded images" means images
5 recorded by an automated traffic law enforcement system on:

6 (1) 2 or more photographs;

7 (2) 2 or more microphotographs;

8 (3) 2 or more electronic images; or

9 (4) a video recording showing the motor vehicle and, on
10 at least one image or portion of the recording, clearly
11 identifying the registration plate number of the motor
12 vehicle.

13 (b-5) A municipality or county that produces a recorded
14 image of a motor vehicle's violation of a provision of this
15 Code or a local ordinance must make the recorded images of a
16 violation accessible to the alleged violator by providing the
17 alleged violator with a website address, accessible through the
18 Internet.

19 (c) Except as provided under Section 11-208.8 of this Code,
20 a county or municipality, including a home rule county or
21 municipality, may not use an automated traffic law enforcement
22 system to provide recorded images of a motor vehicle for the
23 purpose of recording its speed. Except as provided under
24 Section 11-208.8 of this Code, the regulation of the use of
25 automated traffic law enforcement systems to record vehicle
26 speeds is an exclusive power and function of the State. This

1 subsection (c) is a denial and limitation of home rule powers
2 and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII
3 of the Illinois Constitution.

4 (c-5) A county or municipality, including a home rule
5 county or municipality, may not use an automated traffic law
6 enforcement system to issue violations in instances where the
7 motor vehicle comes to a complete stop and does not enter the
8 intersection, as defined by Section 1-132 of this Code, during
9 the cycle of the red signal indication unless one or more
10 pedestrians or bicyclists are present, even if the motor
11 vehicle stops at a point past a stop line or crosswalk where a
12 driver is required to stop, as specified in subsection (c) of
13 Section 11-306 of this Code or a similar provision of a local
14 ordinance.

15 (c-6) A county, or a municipality with less than 2,000,000
16 inhabitants, including a home rule county or municipality, may
17 not use an automated traffic law enforcement system to issue
18 violations in instances where a motorcyclist enters an
19 intersection against a red signal indication when the red
20 signal fails to change to a green signal within a reasonable
21 period of time not less than 120 seconds because of a signal
22 malfunction or because the signal has failed to detect the
23 arrival of the motorcycle due to the motorcycle's size or
24 weight.

25 (d) For each violation of a provision of this Code or a
26 local ordinance recorded by an automatic traffic law

1 enforcement system, the county or municipality having
2 jurisdiction shall issue a written notice of the violation to
3 the registered owner of the vehicle as the alleged violator.
4 The notice shall be delivered to the registered owner of the
5 vehicle, by mail, within 30 days after the Secretary of State
6 notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the
7 owner of the vehicle, but in no event later than 90 days after
8 the violation.

9 The notice shall include:

10 (1) the name and address of the registered owner of the
11 vehicle;

12 (2) the registration number of the motor vehicle
13 involved in the violation;

14 (3) the violation charged;

15 (4) the location where the violation occurred;

16 (5) the date and time of the violation;

17 (6) a copy of the recorded images;

18 (7) the amount of the civil penalty imposed and the
19 requirements of any traffic education program imposed and
20 the date by which the civil penalty should be paid and the
21 traffic education program should be completed;

22 (8) a statement that recorded images are evidence of a
23 violation of a red light signal;

24 (9) a warning that failure to pay the civil penalty, to
25 complete a required traffic education program, or to
26 contest liability in a timely manner is an admission of

1 liability and may result in a suspension of the driving
2 privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle;

3 (10) a statement that the person may elect to proceed
4 by:

5 (A) paying the fine, completing a required traffic
6 education program, or both; or

7 (B) challenging the charge in court, by mail, or by
8 administrative hearing; and

9 (11) a website address, accessible through the
10 Internet, where the person may view the recorded images of
11 the violation.

12 (e) If a person charged with a traffic violation, as a
13 result of an automated traffic law enforcement system, does not
14 pay the fine or complete a required traffic education program,
15 or both, or successfully contest the civil penalty resulting
16 from that violation, the Secretary of State shall suspend the
17 driving privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle under
18 Section 6-306.5 of this Code for failing to complete a required
19 traffic education program or to pay any fine or penalty due and
20 owing, or both, as a result of a combination of 5 violations of
21 the automated traffic law enforcement system or the automated
22 speed enforcement system under Section 11-208.8 of this Code.

23 (f) Based on inspection of recorded images produced by an
24 automated traffic law enforcement system, a notice alleging
25 that the violation occurred shall be evidence of the facts
26 contained in the notice and admissible in any proceeding

1 alleging a violation under this Section.

2 (g) Recorded images made by an automatic traffic law
3 enforcement system are confidential and shall be made available
4 only to the alleged violator and governmental and law
5 enforcement agencies for purposes of adjudicating a violation
6 of this Section, for statistical purposes, or for other
7 governmental purposes. Any recorded image evidencing a
8 violation of this Section, however, may be admissible in any
9 proceeding resulting from the issuance of the citation.

10 (h) The court or hearing officer may consider in defense of
11 a violation:

12 (1) that the motor vehicle or registration plates of
13 the motor vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred
14 and not under the control of or in the possession of the
15 owner at the time of the violation;

16 (2) that the driver of the vehicle passed through the
17 intersection when the light was red either (i) in order to
18 yield the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle or (ii) as
19 part of a funeral procession; and

20 (3) any other evidence or issues provided by municipal
21 or county ordinance.

22 (i) To demonstrate that the motor vehicle or the
23 registration plates were stolen before the violation occurred
24 and were not under the control or possession of the owner at
25 the time of the violation, the owner must submit proof that a
26 report concerning the stolen motor vehicle or registration

1 plates was filed with a law enforcement agency in a timely
2 manner.

3 (j) Unless the driver of the motor vehicle received a
4 Uniform Traffic Citation from a police officer at the time of
5 the violation, the motor vehicle owner is subject to a civil
6 penalty not exceeding \$100 or the completion of a traffic
7 education program, or both, plus an additional penalty of not
8 more than \$100 for failure to pay the original penalty or to
9 complete a required traffic education program, or both, in a
10 timely manner, if the motor vehicle is recorded by an automated
11 traffic law enforcement system. A violation for which a civil
12 penalty is imposed under this Section is not a violation of a
13 traffic regulation governing the movement of vehicles and may
14 not be recorded on the driving record of the owner of the
15 vehicle.

16 (j-3) A registered owner who is a holder of a valid
17 commercial driver's license is not required to complete a
18 traffic education program.

19 (j-5) For purposes of the required traffic education
20 program only, a registered owner may submit an affidavit to the
21 court or hearing officer swearing that at the time of the
22 alleged violation, the vehicle was in the custody and control
23 of another person. The affidavit must identify the person in
24 custody and control of the vehicle, including the person's name
25 and current address. The person in custody and control of the
26 vehicle at the time of the violation is required to complete

1 the required traffic education program. If the person in
2 custody and control of the vehicle at the time of the violation
3 completes the required traffic education program, the
4 registered owner of the vehicle is not required to complete a
5 traffic education program.

6 (k) An intersection equipped with an automated traffic law
7 enforcement system must be posted with a sign visible to
8 approaching traffic indicating that the intersection is being
9 monitored by an automated traffic law enforcement system.

10 (k-3) A municipality or county that has one or more
11 intersections equipped with an automated traffic law
12 enforcement system must provide notice to drivers by posting
13 the locations of automated traffic law systems on the
14 municipality or county website.

15 (k-5) An intersection equipped with an automated traffic
16 law enforcement system must have a yellow change interval that
17 conforms with the Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control
18 Devices (IMUTCD) published by the Illinois Department of
19 Transportation.

20 (k-7) A municipality or county operating an automated
21 traffic law enforcement system shall conduct a statistical
22 analysis to assess the safety impact of each automated traffic
23 law enforcement system at an intersection following
24 installation of the system. The statistical analysis shall be
25 based upon the best available crash, traffic, and other data,
26 and shall cover a period of time before and after installation

1 of the system sufficient to provide a statistically valid
2 comparison of safety impact. The statistical analysis shall be
3 consistent with professional judgment and acceptable industry
4 practice. The statistical analysis also shall be consistent
5 with the data required for valid comparisons of before and
6 after conditions and shall be conducted within a reasonable
7 period following the installation of the automated traffic law
8 enforcement system. The statistical analysis required by this
9 subsection (k-7) shall be made available to the public and
10 shall be published on the website of the municipality or
11 county. If the statistical analysis for the 36 month period
12 following installation of the system indicates that there has
13 been an increase in the rate of accidents at the approach to
14 the intersection monitored by the system, the municipality or
15 county shall undertake additional studies to determine the
16 cause and severity of the accidents, and may take any action
17 that it determines is necessary or appropriate to reduce the
18 number or severity of the accidents at that intersection.

19 (l) The compensation paid for an automated traffic law
20 enforcement system must be based on the value of the equipment
21 or the services provided and may not be based on the number of
22 traffic citations issued or the revenue generated by the
23 system.

24 (m) This Section applies only to the counties of Cook,
25 DuPage, Kane, Lake, Madison, McHenry, St. Clair, and Will and
26 to municipalities located within those counties.

1 (n) The fee for participating in a traffic education
2 program under this Section shall not exceed \$25.

3 A low-income individual required to complete a traffic
4 education program under this Section who provides proof of
5 eligibility for the federal earned income tax credit under
6 Section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code or the Illinois earned
7 income tax credit under Section 212 of the Illinois Income Tax
8 Act shall not be required to pay any fee for participating in a
9 required traffic education program.

10 (o) A municipality or county shall make a certified report
11 to the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 6-306.5 of this
12 Code whenever a registered owner of a vehicle has failed to pay
13 any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of a combination
14 of 5 offenses for automated traffic law or speed enforcement
15 system violations.

16 (p) No person who is the lessor of a motor vehicle pursuant
17 to a written lease agreement shall be liable for an automated
18 speed or traffic law enforcement system violation involving
19 such motor vehicle during the period of the lease; provided
20 that upon the request of the appropriate authority received
21 within 120 days after the violation occurred, the lessor
22 provides within 60 days after such receipt the name and address
23 of the lessee. The drivers license number of a lessee may be
24 subsequently individually requested by the appropriate
25 authority if needed for enforcement of this Section.

26 Upon the provision of information by the lessor pursuant to

1 this subsection, the county or municipality may issue the
2 violation to the lessee of the vehicle in the same manner as it
3 would issue a violation to a registered owner of a vehicle
4 pursuant to this Section, and the lessee may be held liable for
5 the violation.

6 (Source: P.A. 97-29, eff. 1-1-12; 97-627, eff. 1-1-12; 97-672,
7 eff. 7-1-12; 97-762, eff. 7-6-12; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)