



100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB2601

by Rep. Daniel V. Beiser

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

110 ILCS 330/7.5 new
210 ILCS 85/11.8 new

Amends the University of Illinois Hospital Act and Hospital Licensing Act. Provides that if a newborn infant receiving services from a hospital experiences apnea of infancy, apnea of prematurity, or an apparent life-threatening event, then the hospital shall train the newborn infant's parents or guardians on the procedures for cardiopulmonary resuscitation for infants, and ensure that the newborn infant's parents or guardians are provided with a prescription for a home cardiorespiratory monitor. Defines "apnea of infancy", "apnea of prematurity", and "apparent life-threatening event".

LRB100 09360 MJP 19522 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is
5 amended by adding Section 7.5 as follows:

6 (110 ILCS 330/7.5 new)

7 Sec. 7.5. Newborn infants experiencing apnea of infancy,
8 apnea of prematurity, or an apparent life-threatening event.

9 (a) If a newborn infant receiving services from the
10 University of Illinois Hospital experiences apnea of infancy,
11 apnea of prematurity, or an apparent life-threatening event,
12 then the University of Illinois Hospital shall:

13 (1) train the newborn infant's parents or guardians on
14 the procedures for cardiopulmonary resuscitation for
15 infants; and

16 (2) ensure that the newborn infant's parents or
17 guardians are provided with a prescription for a home
18 cardiorespiratory monitor.

19 (b) For the purposes of this Section:

20 "Apnea of infancy" means an unexplained episode of
21 cessation of breathing for 20 seconds or longer, or a shorter
22 respiratory pause associated with bradycardia, cyanosis,
23 pallor, or marked hypotonia.

1 "Apnea of prematurity" means a sudden cessation of
2 breathing that lasts for at least 20 seconds or is accompanied
3 by bradycardia or cyanosis in an infant younger than 37 weeks'
4 gestational age.

5 "Apparent life-threatening event" means an episode that is
6 frightening to the observer and is characterized by some
7 combination of apnea, color change, marked change in muscle
8 tone, choking, or gagging.

9 Section 10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by adding
10 Section 11.8 as follows:

11 (210 ILCS 85/11.8 new)

12 Sec. 11.8. Newborn infants experiencing apnea of infancy,
13 apnea of prematurity, or an apparent life-threatening event.

14 (a) If a newborn infant receiving services from a hospital
15 experiences apnea of infancy, apnea of prematurity, or an
16 apparent life-threatening event, then the hospital shall:

17 (1) train the newborn infant's parents or guardians on
18 the procedures for cardiopulmonary resuscitation for
19 infants; and

20 (2) ensure that the newborn infant's parents or
21 guardians are provided with a prescription for a home
22 cardiorespiratory monitor.

23 (b) For the purposes of this Section:

24 "Apnea of infancy" means an unexplained episode of

1 cessation of breathing for 20 seconds or longer, or a shorter
2 respiratory pause associated with bradycardia, cyanosis,
3 pallor, or marked hypotonia.

4 "Apnea of prematurity" means a sudden cessation of
5 breathing that lasts for at least 20 seconds or is accompanied
6 by bradycardia or cyanosis in an infant younger than 37 weeks'
7 gestational age.

8 "Apparent life-threatening event" means an episode that is
9 frightening to the observer and is characterized by some
10 combination of apnea, color change, marked change in muscle
11 tone, choking, or gagging.