

Doorkeeper: "Attention Members of the House of Representatives, the House will convene in fifteen minutes."

Doorkeeper: "Attention Members of the House of Representatives, the House will convene in five minutes. All persons not entitled to the House floor, please retire to the gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will come to order, Members please be in their seats. We will be led in prayer by the Reverend Krueger the House chaplain."

Reverend Krueger: "In the Name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost, Amen. O Lord, bless this House to Thy service this day. Amen. It was Sheldon who said: Each morning look back upon your work of yesterday and then try to beat it. Let us pray. Almighty God, Eternal Father of all mankind and all creation, we praise Thy holy Name for all the blessing with which we have been endowed. Strengthen us continually, refresh us daily, and supply us with new vigor and determination that as we meet the challenges and issues before this Illinois House of Representatives we may have deeper insight and have wider appreciation in order to effect that which is of the highest calibre for the people whom we do serve; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Pledge of Allegiance. I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God indivisible with liberty and justice for all. Roll Call for attendance. Your switch only. Let's dump this Roll Call. Roll Call for attendance, your switch only. Hey. Dump the Roll Call, Roll Call for attendance. Only Members are entitled to depress switches. The Clerk will take the record. Reading of the Journal."

Clerk O'Brien: "The Journal for the 136th Legislative Day. The House met pursuant to adjournment, the Speaker in the chair, prayer by Father William Krueger, chaplain."

Representative Collins led the House the Pledge of Allegiance..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leon."

Leon: "Mr. Speaker, I move that we approve the Journal as read. Journal number 136, of May 27, 137 of May 28 and 138 of May 29. I move that they be approved as read."

Speaker Redmond: "You have heard the Gentleman's....you've heard the Gentleman's motion....wait a minute, wait a minute. You heard the Gentleman's motion. Any discussion? The question is on the motion. Those in favor vote 'aye'....those in favor say 'aye' 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carried. The Journal is approved as read. Committee reports."

Clerk O'Brien: "Representative Leon, Chairman from the Committee on Financial Institutions for which the following Bills were referred, action taken June 4, 1980, reported the same back with the following recommendations. Do pass, Senate Bills 1844 and 2024. Do pass Consent Calendar Senate Bill 1837. Representative Matijevich, Chairman from the Committee on Appropriations I, to which the following Bills were referred, action taken June 4, 1980, reported the same back with the following recommendations. Do pass Senate Bill 1651. Do pass, as amended Senate Bills 1614 and 1620."

Speaker Redmond: "Senate Bills, Second Reading on page 3. Senate Bill 1625."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill ¹⁶²⁵ 1624, a Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Illinois Racing Board. Second Reading of the Bill, Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. Senate Bills, Third Reading on page 2. Senate Bill 673. Well, let's see what happens here. Out of the record. 1378...out of the record. 1441....out of the record. Roll Call for attendance. Roll Call for attendance. Take the record, Mr. Clerk. 1588, Representative Lechowicz. Senate Bills, Third Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1588, a Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Secretary of State. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz. Representative Walsh is in the chamber."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Senate Bill 8...1588 appropriates a hundred twenty-two million for the ordinary and contingent and distributive expenses for the Secretary of State. Approximately fifty three million, two hundred and forty-six thousand dollars from the General Revenue Fund. Seventy-five million, four hundred and thirty-five thousand from the Road Fund, five million, seven fifty thousand dollars from the Capitol Development Bond Fund and six million From Federal funds. The grand total of all state funds requested are three point 10 percent increase of the current appropriation level. More than one half of the increases a permanent improvement to the State Capitol Building including a new fire escape on the southeast side of the building. This Bill was reviewed, this is the ordinary and contingent expenses for the Secretary of State's Office. I will be more than happy to answer any questions."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The

Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 119...122 'aye' and 8 'no', the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 1612, Representative Ryan."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1612, a Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Office the Governor. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Senate Bill 1612 appropriates the four million four hundred and thirty-one thousand, three hundred dollars to the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Governor's Office and I would ask for a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Braun, are you seeking recognition?"

Braun: "No."

Speaker Redmond: "You raised your hand. The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 115 'aye' and 7 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 1615."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1615, a Bill for an Act making appropriation to the ordinary and contingent expense of the Illinois Environmental Facilities Finance Authority. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stanley...out of the record. 1617."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1617, a Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Liquor Control Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Sandquist."

Sandquist: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House.

Senate Bill 1617 is the appropriation for the ordinary and necessary expense of the Illinois Liquor Control Commission. Appropriates eight hundred and ninety seven thousand dollars. While it is an increase over last year, the reason for that is because there were additional agency which were phased in during the course of the year. At the present time they are now fully employed and therefore, that's why there is the increase. And the additional money comes out of the dram shop fund which we...was created last year in the legislation that we passed which raised the liquor license fees. I would be very happy to answer any question."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 114 'ayes' and 15 'no'. And the Bill having received...pardon me, the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 1624. Representative Karpziel."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill..."

Speaker Redmond: "The persons standing between Representative Karpziel and the Speaker's podium, please step aside. Hoffman, please sit down."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1624, a Bill for an Act making appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Pollution Control Board. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Karpziel."

Karpziel: "Senate Bill 1624 appropriates seven hundred, twenty-one thousand, one hundred dollars for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Pollution Control Board."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Huh. I think so,

Representative Borchers."

Borchers: "In explaining my vote, I'm voting 'no' for a very simple reason. This is the head of the hydra, the very head of those who have done more along with...well, equal fifty fifty, to help destroy the business climat of Illinois by the rules and regulations that they have promulgated in the last ten years. I suppose you're going to have to fund them but, as far as I'm concerned, I won't give them a cent."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 104 'aye' and 28 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. That was Representative Karpel's first Bill that she's passed in the House."

Speaker Redmond: "1627."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1627, a Bill..."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record, pardon me. 1634."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1634, a Bill for an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Governor's Purchased Care Review Board. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hallstrom."

Hallstrom: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. 1634 appropriates two hundred and sixty-one thousand, six hundred dollars to the Governor's Purchased Care Review Board. The Governor's Purchased Care Review Board is responsible for setting the rates for facilities for handicapped children. I would be glad to answer any questions. I would ask for your favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'."

Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 119 'aye' and 14 'no'. This Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 1654."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1654, a Bill for an Act making appropriations for the expenses of the Midwestern Governor's Conference. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. In August of this year, Illinois will host the Midwestern Governor's Conference. The thirteen member conference is from states close by here, the midwest. The total cost of the conference is estimated to be at eighty-eight thousand and five hundred dollars. This appropriation is for seventy-five thousand, thus far the private sector has agreed to pick up the difference between the eighty-eight five and the seventy-five thousand. And hopefully we will be able to get some more donations from the private sector and may not use the entire seventy-five thousand dollars. And I would ask for a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those....Representative Pullen."

Pullen: "I would like to ask the Sponsor a couple of questions, please."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Pullen: "I see in the analysis here that there are sixty thousand dollars allotted for social functions at the Midwest Governors' Conference, and I wonder whether you could please describe to me what kind of social functions we are being asked to appropriate sixty thousand dollars of the taxpayers' money for?"

Ryan: "What was the question? Your question is, what's the sixty

thousand dollars for?"

Pullen: "The sixty thousand dollars for social functions."

Ryan: "Well, it's for a reception the night before the conference. It's for a steak dinner. It's for a business lunch, and it's for a dinner for the Governors and their spouses."

Pullen: "How many days does this run?"

Ryan: "I didn't hear you."

Pullen: "How many days does this run?"

Ryan: "August 24th through the 26th."

Pullen: "So, it's for a reception, and a luncheon, and a dinner?"

Speaker Redmond: "Please break up the conference at Representative Campbell's desk."

Ryan: "I'll tell you again, Representative Pullen. It's a reception the night before the conference, a steak dinner, a business luncheon, and a dinner for the Governors and their spouses."

Pullen: "And that was..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Campbell, please give the Gentleman order."

Pullen: "And that was \$60,000, Sir?"

Ryan: "For the third time, that was sixty thousand dollars, as your analysis shows. Yes."

Pullen: "For the first time, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, I'm going to support this, and the Committee unanimously approved it. However, yesterday in our Committee, Representative Totten, a Member of the Committee, said that he did do some research and there had been occasions where, in other states that held the Midwest Governors' Conference, that private sources paid the whole...flipped the whole bill, and they authorized me, as Chairman of the Committee, to try to relate to the Governor

that we would appreciate if he could do all that he can to get corporations in Illinois, and I did notice in your opening remark, Representative Ryan, you said that there would be an attempt to get private sources to contribute more. And, all I would do is urge that you and the Governor do all that they can to get private sources to contribute as much as possible. I appreciate...I'll vote for this with the intent that that be done, also."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Mr. Speaker, it seems to me there are dangers in attempting to get large amounts of money out of the private sector for pompous...officials, such as Governors. It would probably be better off for the public, at large, if taxpayers paid it. Then the Governor or one of his assistants would not be put in compromising...potentially compromising positions to get large sums of money, so I think we ought to pass the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Representative Birkinbine."

Birkinbine: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Explaining my 'no' vote, my wife and I would be glad to host the social function for the Midwest Governors for a mere thirty thousand dollars."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Pullen. Give the Gentleman order. Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 102 'ayes' and 30 'no'. This Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 1667. Out of the record. 1980."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1980, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Department of Corrections and the State Comptroller. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ewing."

Ewing: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This is a transfer Bill, there is no new money in the Bill. I believe it came out of the Committee unanimous and the money is needed to be transferred so that bills in the Department of Correction, in certain areas that are higher than anticipated, can be paid. Would be glad to answer any questions you might have."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Getty."

Getty: "What are you taking the money away from?"

Ewing: "From what areas are we taking it from?"

Getty: "Yes."

Ewing: "Well, there is some in personal services, retirement social security, contractual services, a number of different items, Representative."

Getty: "Well, is there anything that your taking it away from, a result of which we will experience some loss of security in any of the institutions?"

Ewing: "I would say that....to the best of my knowledge. No, would be the answer to that question."

Getty: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 142 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 1983....Oh, Representative Epton."

Epton: "Mr. Speaker, thank you for recognizing me. I hate to interrupt House at this time but, I think we are very fortunate to have with us today, Major General J. Robert Capland who is the commanding General of the 8th Air Force in England after General James Doolittle. General Capland and his wife are in the balcony. I think if he will stand

up and acknowledge we would be pleased to see him."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Borchers."

Borchers: "Mr. Speaker, I'm happy to see the General. He is the one who command the 8th Air Force that bombed me thoroughly one day. And I hope to get to know him a little better, shortly."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1983, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act making appropriations to the ordinary and contingent expense of the State Fire Marshal. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative E. G. Steele."

Steele: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Senate Bill 1983 provides for a supplemental appropriation of seventeen thousand, five hundred dollars for the office of State Fire Marshal. This is a....for personal services and I would ask for a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 140 'aye' and 6 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 1985, is Representative Polk on the floor? Take that one out of the record. 1627. Representative Hoxsey, for what purpose do you arise?"

Hoxsey: "Yes. Mr. Speaker, we are fortunate to have some rather special guests in the gallery behind you. Would Mr. and Mrs. Terry Conklin, Serena. We have Mr. and Mrs. John Johanison and their son, John from Norway. I think we should welcome them here to Springfield."

Speaker Redmond: "Representen....1627, is Representative Abramson on the floor? I can't find Schlickman and I can't find Abramson then. Representative Abramson."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1627, a Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Illinois Commerce Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Abramson: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Senate Bill 1627 appropriates eight million, three hundred and sixty-two thousand and one hundred dollars for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Illinois Commerce Commission for fiscal '81."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? I see him. Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 104 'aye', 32 'no'. This Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. Representative Reilly, Representative Sharp, Representative Hannig, come to the podium. Reilly in the chair."

Reilly: "Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, it pleases me to be able to introduce Janna Yoaken, the Miss Illinois County Fair Queen for this year who is from Jersey County. Which is in the district, the 49th District, represented by Representative Sharp, Hannig, and myself. We'll hear from Janna in just a second. Her parents, including Frank Yoaken who is the Sheriff of Jersey County, is seated up here in the gallery to the rear. It gives me some pleasure to present Janna, just to prove that everybody in the 49th District is not as ugly as the three of us. Janna."

Janna Yoaken. "Hi. I'm really happy to be here this afternoon to talk to you about the importance of County Fairs. Illinois agriculture is....Illinois agriculture is an important part of life in Illinois and part of this important aspect is the importance of County Fairs. The first thing why County Fairs are so important in Illinois is that they are...they

promote agriculture and inform the public about modern developments in agriculture. Second, the County Fair is a lot of fun. It's a social event where the community can get together and participate in friendly competition. Third, the County Fair is really a successful State Fair. With these in mind, I would like to encourage each of you to attend the County Fairs and Illinois State Fair and have a good time. I would also like to see each of you at the barbeque tonight and.....I'm going to give each of you universal pass to the County Fairs."

Reilly: "I don't know if we can promise the weather will improve but everybody is invited to the barbeque. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "1985. Senate Bills, Third Reading. Representative Daniels, for what purpose do you arise?"

Daniels: "Well, I noticed that the Queen is carrying a septer in her hand and I wondered if we could ask her to zap you and turn you into a Republican."

Speaker Redmond: "What was that?"

Daniels: "How about the centerfold of Illinois Issue."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Polk."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1985, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department of Labor. Third Reading of the Bill."

Polk: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen, this is a transfer. It's no dollar change and a transfer of eight hundred and twenty-one thousand dollars to pay the rent for the last three months in the building in Department of Labor in Chicago. Would move the passage of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any...any discussion? The question is shall this...Representative Leverenz."

Leverenz: "Would the Representative yield for a couple of questions?"

Polk: "Yes."

Leverenz: "To what lease at what location?"

Polk: "910 South."

Leverenz: "The 910 South Michigan?"

Polk: "That's correct."

Leverenz: "Aren't they moving out of there fairly rapidly?"

Polk: "The....no. If you know, if you've been with us on the....through this appropriation hassle every year. The Senate comes in and goes for nine months and then we come back and get an additional appropriation for the balance. For your information, those people who serve on the Appropriation Committee heard about it, the Bill coming out of the Senate for their appropriation this coming here has a total, twelve months appropriation in it. Apparently that's now been worked out, so I hope this is the last time we'll have to come before you for a supplemental."

Leverenz: "Is there any significance to the nine months?"

Polk: "I sincerely hope not."

Leverenz: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Representative Borchers."

Borchers: "Mr. Speaker and fellow Members of the House, I hate to take up a matter again. But just for one moment, it just occurred to me that we have a former member of the 8th Air Force in our midst. State Representative Van Dwyne and he was at that time, as I understand, one of those Colonels who of twenty-one years of age had to have permission from their mothers to drink and I hope the General is still here and hears my remarks upon that."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 120 'aye', 15 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is

hereby declared passed. 1615."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1615, a Bill for an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Environmental...Illinois Environmental Facilities Finance Authority. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stanley."

Stanley: "Thank you. This is the ordinary and contingent expense fund for the Environmental Facilities Finance Authority and it's for a hundred and twelve thousand dollars and the increase, I believe is 9%. And I respectfully request a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye' and opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 114 'aye' and 16 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. Representative Borchers, you didn't tell us whether or not that was a miss or a hit when...when your unit was...did they hit you or did they miss you?"

Borchers: "It was very close, however, on the second run of this group we fired back at them. We figured once was enough."

Speaker Redmond: "Did you hit or did you miss?"

Borchers: "I never saw one of their planes come down. However, you might ask Van Duynes, he belonged to that outfit and I think they are not very good in some ways. They certainly missed us. If they treated us as they did the Germans, it's a wonder we los....we won the war."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Bill on Conference Committee Report that the Members desire to have called? We went through all of them yesterday and nobody wanted them. Is he ready? Where is it? Representative Borchers."

Borchers: "I am again on this subject and I'm very sorry but,

I've just been informed that another Member of the House is a member of the 8th Air Force. And that's none other than, Bernie Epton, there's no wonder he's bald he probably had a near miss himself."

Speaker Redmond: "On page 5, on the Order of Speaker's Table, Executive Order appears a Committee Report on Executive Order J. Representative Kaue."

Kane: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I think since the time period has run the sixty...sixty day constitutional limit has run, I think we can just take this out of the record."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record."

Kane: "Strike it from the Calendar."

Speaker Redmond: "On House Bills on the Order of Second Reading appears House Bill 3614, it's on page 2. Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 3614, a Bill for an Act creating the Department of Nuclear Safety and amending certain Acts herein named. Second Reading of the Bill, no Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Floor Amendment #1, Kane - Bugalian - Reilly. Amends House Bill 3614 on page 7, by deleting line 15 through 17 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kane."

Kane: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is an Amendment that has been agreed to by both sides of the aisle. What it does is, rewrite paragraph (h) on page 7. There is very little substantive change in it, it's more of a drafting change than anything else. And I would urge the adoption of Amendment #1."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment 1. Those in favor say 'aye' 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have

it, the motion carried. The Amendment is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #2, Kane - Mugalian - Reilly. Amends House Bill 3614 as amended on page 7, by deleting line 8 through 14 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kane."

Kane: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Amendment #2 does the same thing with paragraph (g), it's an amendment that has been agreed to by both sides of the aisle. And I would urge the adoption of Amendment #2."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption...Representative Vinson."

Vinson: "Will the Gentleman yield for a question?"

Kane: "Yes."

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Vinson: "Would this Amendment as drafted have any impact on the Civil Defense Department evacuation authority?"

Kane: "No. What this Amendment has to do, is with the transportation of nuclear and radioactive materials."

Vinson: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Hudson. Representative Hudson."

Hudson: "Oh, thank you, Mr. Speaker. I was just going to ask if all of these Amendments had been distributed? But I see Amendment #2 is here and I'm assuming the others have as well. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "I have been advised that it has. Anything further? The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #2. Those in favor say 'aye' 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carried and the Amendment is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Floor Amendment #3, Kane - Mugalian - Reilly."

Amends House Bill 3614 on page 7, by deleting line 21 through 31 and so forth."

Kane: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Amendment #3 rewrites paragraph (i), essentially puts it in better form than the language that came out of the Committee. And it's an Amendment that's agreed to by both sides of the aisle. And I would ask for the adoption of Amendment #3."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment 3. Those in favor say 'aye' 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carried and the Amendment is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Floor Amendment #4, McClain - Kane - Mugalian. Amends House Bill 3614 as amended on page 12....."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McClain. Address your remarks to the chair. Who's Amendment is this? Representative Kane, on 4, are you the Sponsor?"

Kane: "I'm one of the cosponsors."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, do you want handle the adoption of the Amendment?"

Kane: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentleman of the House. Amendment #4 is an Amendment which changes the powers and duties of the present divisions in public health which are transferred to the new Department of Public Safety. What it would do is, give the state permitting and inspection authority over storage areas for radioactive or isotope materials. Presently the state only receives reports on these locations and this would give the state permitting and licensing inspection authority. And I would urge the adoption of Amendment #4."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Vinson."

Vinson: "Will the Gentleman yield for a question?"

Kane: "Yes."

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Vinson: "How many such sites are there..or storage areas are there in the State of Illinois?"

Kane: "I don't know."

Vinson: "Is there any similar current permitting process?"

Kane: "I don't understand the question."

Vinson: "Do such storage areas currently have to be permitted by any state agency?"

Kane: "No. They are registered with the Department of Health but they do not have to be permitted."

Vinson: "Okay. Would this include then, any hospital in the state which engaged in nuclear medicine?"

Kane: "It would cover anybody who stores or uses radioactive or isotope materials."

Vinson: "Do you have....you have no idea how many such facilities there might be?"

Kane: "No. That's one of the problems that we're facing."

Vinson: "Don't you think it might be more appropriate to figure out how many inspectors this is going to require us to hire before we enact the requirement."

Kane: "That would be like closing the door after the horse left the barn."

Vinson: "Mr. Speaker, I would like to speak to the Amendment. I think the Sponsor, Committee are to be commended for their actions on the Bill in general. And I think the concept of the Bill in general is desirable. But this particular Amendment I think is fraught with danger. As I read the Amendment and as the Sponsor concedes. It would apply to every hospital in the state, I believe that's a number of some seven or eight hundred. It would apply to a significant number of doctors' offices. I suggest that this kind of Amendment might require an inspector for us of several hundred in forces in reality. And I would argue

that in the vast number of cases the danger from radiation involves, in kinds and volumes of materials that are maintained at most doctors' offices and in most hospitals, is not sufficiently great to warrant this kind of intrusive inspection, this kind of build up in state employee levels until we at least have some evidence to the effect that there is a danger and some evidence to the effect of what the cost of regulating that danger will be. I would strongly urge a 'no' vote on this Amendment and I would request a Roll Call, Mr. Speaker. A Roll Call on this one, Mr. Speaker. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Reilly. Representative Hoffman for what purpose do you arise?"

Hoffman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I just wanted to bring to the attention of this august body that we have had the surfacing of the Dupage County whale. A former Member of our House, part of the save the whale committee, former State Representative Pate Philip who is now masquerading as a Senator."

Speaker Redmond: "If you can't be Irish, you can pretend you are. Representative Reilly."

Reilly: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I wonder if Representative McClain, the Chief Sponsor of this Amendment would yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Reilly: "Mike, as you know, we've had some discussions by which I as the Minority Spokesman on the State Government Committee have raised some questions as to whether the language in this Amendment might not be too broad. Do I understand that we have an agreement that, if the Amendment goes on that we will sit down and try to work out, considering the time restraints that we're under in moving this Bill. We will sit down and try to work out some language that will

be agreeable?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McClain."

McClain: "Yes, you have our word."

Reilly: "Mr. Speaker, then I understand some of the concerns that Representative Vinson and others may have, but as Minority Spokesman on the Committee, I think that we can work out an acceptably typed Amendment. And I would support adoption of Amendment #4."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? The question is on the motion of adoption of Amendment #4. Those in favor....Representative Polk."

Polk: "In relation to the Amendment, Mr. Speaker. I reluctantly rise in opposition of the Amendment. And for those in our district and the 35th and 36th, point out that there was quite a meeting of all the hospitals in our area in relation to this. And there is some real concern in regards to big brother coming in again and the hospitals were very concern about the state coming in, assuming this responsibility. And although, I understand that Mike has agreed that their going to work it out if it gets on. I just want everybody to be absolutely aware of what we're voting on in this Amendment #4."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Yeah, Mr. Speaker, I hope the Membership is paying attention to Representative Vinson's remarks on this Amendment #4. As he pointed out so eloquently, every hospital and every doctor who does any kind of radiology medicine would have to go to a bureaucrat in this new bureaucratic agency of the state in order to get a permit. They have to pay a fee and have to be subject to annual inspections and all that sort of thing. We're creating a rather bureaucratic monstrosity to begin with and there is certainly no reason to extend beyond what originally had

been set in here...the powers of this agency. People are crying out for less government regulations and here we are sitting here today, setting another layer of permits, another layer of bureaucratic inspections on some of our citizens of this state. I strongly join with Representative Vinson, in call for a 'no' vote on this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Are you ready for the question? Representative....who wants to close? McClain."

McClain: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Mr. Kane and I have given our word to Mr. Beilly, if there is some problems with the wording of Amendment #4, we'll work it out. We appreciate his support of Amendment #4. One of the things that I would like to explain to the Membership is, there is nuclear waste and nuclear isotopes stored throughout the entire State of Illinois. No where is there anyone judging whether or not the facilities...keeping or caging this nuclear waste, is proper, is safe. No one is inspecting to find out if indeed, they meet some sort of safety and health standards. We are in essence relying on every individual holder of every nuclear...piece of nuclear waste throughout the entire State of Illinois. We're relying on them to keep things healthy and safety wise, pure for their employees and also for the neighborhoods. All this Amendment does, is it requires that there shall be a system in our State of Illinois whereby, everybody has to be permitted. Whereby, this department which is really charged by the Governor of the State of Illinois, for health and safety purposes for our citizens, is charged to take care of the health and safety of those citizens and they meet certain health and safety requirements both in the storing and expansion and also the renovation of those facilities. I think that is a

decent approach, a good approach and for god sakes I think...I'd hate to hear five or ten years from now that not adopting this Amendment we've caused some sort of severe catastrophe for a neighborhood. And I would ask for an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schneider."

Schneider: "Well, thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members. I think Representative McCalin is certainly quite right. We passed out of the House here overwhelmingly a Bill that contained language very similar to this...."

Speaker Redmond: "You're right, Representative Leinenweber, you'll have to reserve your comments for the explanation of vote. The question is on the motion for the adoption of Amendment 4? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Representative Schneider to explain his vote."

Schneider: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Again just to reiterate what Representative McClain is trying to emphasis, and that is, throughout the State of Illinois there is low level radioactivity that is going to create a problem for us. If we don't know its whereabouts, we don't know its levels we don't have an opportunity to inspect and see this kind of radioactivity. We're going to be paying a very severe price for it. This Amendment is really a middle step toward allocating state resources in terms of personnel in order to estimate and evaluate the proper disposal and care of that kind radioactivity. I think it's a mistake that we're defeating the Amendment and I hope that possibly another version of it will come before us to reconsider it. I sure solicit an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Griesheimer."

Griesheimer: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I also rise in opposition to this Amendment. To those of you who haven't read the Amendment, it doesn't apply to just medical facilities. I

would call to Representative Kosinski's attention, as one of our more famous jewelers in the House. That if he has any dials in his watches that happen to have a type of glow in there, that it could be interrupted as radioactive. You might find yourself buying a permit for every jewelry store in the State of Illinois. This is not limited, it is badly worded Amendment. It creates another great level of bureaucracy and should be very soundly defeated."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 45 'aye', 92 'no', the motion failed. The Amendment is not adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Floor Amendment #5, Mugalian - Kane. Amends House Bill 3614 as amended on page 1, in line 7..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mugalian."

Mugalian: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I think I should notify the entire chamber that this is not an Agreed Amendment and there may be some controversy about it. Those of you that read the Executive Order #3 on the press release that accompanied it, will recall that the Governor placed great emphasis on the importance of nuclear safety. And said, that the problem was so urgent and so important that we should have a new department. Now, the State of Illinois doesn't go about creating new departments every day. And the Committee on State Government Organizations took the Governor at his word, got this as a matter of top priority with him. I may point out parenthetically that although Illinois is the top nuclear state in the country, it only ranks 33rd among the states in the money spent for nuclear safety. Now taking the Governor at his word that this is a critical problem and remembering Three Mile Island, and remembering that this to be a code department, this Amendment tries to insure that our director is not just

some kid off the street or some payroller who's being shipped to another department at a code department directors salary. It does this by requiring that this person have at least ten years of experience in the field. Those of you who have tried to understand the issue of nuclear energy and of atomic power plants, I'm sure recognize how difficult it is to keep up with even laymans presentation without being practically a nuclear physicist. So, in order for the code....department head not to be bamboozled or led astray by the people that will be working in the department, this Amendment says that the director shall have ten years experience. The other thing that this tries to do is to see that for a change the fox is in the charge of the chicken coop. For a change the nuclear industry will be regulated by an agency whose director is not from that industry. So that the director would have these qualifications but would come from research or from education or from government but not from the people who make their dollars running these nuclear power plants. I urge your adoption of this Amendment #5."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Reilly."

Reilly: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I reluctantly oppose the Amendment, I say reluctantly both because of Representative Mugalian whose a friend of mine. But also, because I think the objective he's trying to achieve is a worthy one. Certainly we need to be careful as to who the director of this new department is and his qualifications. But I must as the Minority Spokesman on the Committee object to the Amendment and oppose the Amendment. What it does is apply a whole series of rigid criterias. It says that you have to have worked for a minimum of ten years in nuclear engineering or related field and most recently been employed by an educational institution or research facility

or medical facility or a government agency. This goes in a whole different direction than we're currently taking. We would find ourselves, I would worry in the same kind of trap we found ourselves in with the Department of Public Health. Where we had all kinds of wonderful qualifications and requirements for the person who would be a director. But in fact there wasn't anybody in the country who would work for that salary who met all those tests. And this is a very small department, it's not going...the director is not going to make a hundred thousand dollars, more likely thirty-five...thirty-eight thousand dollars and I just honestly don't....I'm afraid that if we put these requirements in, you might find somebody who's very well qualified who wouldn't meet the requirements conversely, you might find that only third rate nuclear engineer who couldn't find any other job would be willing to work for that kind of salary after ten years of experience. It seem to me to go in the opposite direction from the direction we've been going with other departments and would be a mistake and would hamper the Governor in trying to find an adequate director. And so, I would oppose the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Birkinbine."

Birkinbine: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I rise to oppose this Amendment. Basically what it say is that, if we're going to get a director of nuclear safety, it's perfectly all right if they come from an educational institution, a research facility or a medical facility or a government agency but you can't trust anybody who's coming out of private industry. Now this to me is absurd and shows the distinct basis that pops up so often from the floor of this House. I would remind you that when second world war broke out the government turned to private industry for people who know what they were doing to try

and get this country activated. The real catcher in this one is, you can trust someone who comes out of the ivied halls, you can trust someone coming out of a doctors office who has ten years experience in nuclear engineering or whatever, and (d), look at (d), you can trust someone who has worked for government agency. Eoy, if there isn't a wealth of expertise who really knows how to do things well. But brother under this you can't trust anyone....not one, you can't even consider them if they have worked in private industry. It's a Bill...it's an Amendment that deserves to be defeated more severely than the last Amendment was."

Speaker Redmond: "George Ray Hudson."

Hudson: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I too, with all due respect to Representative Mugalian, rise in opposition to this particular Amendment. I think it is too restrictive and I think the Amendment itself is very unclear as to definition. It says among other things that the director of nuclear safety shall have a doctrine degree in nuclear engineering or a related field. Related field is undefined, would it include for example, a health physicist, we don't know what related fields are. I think it's ambiguous...ill defined and then to insist that the director have been most recently employed in a educational institution or research facility or a medical facility. It seems to me, again today restrictive because it might well be that an individual, well qualified had served perhaps ten years in one of those areas. But had not been in most recently employed in one of those areas. So, I think the....I think the Amendment, although well intended, is too restrictive. I think it is counter productive perhaps to what we're actually seeking. We all want the most qualified, the most competent man that we can find to become the director of this nuclear

safety agency. That is a must. But, therefore, I think that the Governor and his people should be free to find exactly that type of man and under the provisions of this Amendment, I do not feel that he would have that liberty. And I would urge the defeat of it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stearney."

Stearney: "Would the Gentleman yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Stearney: "Mr. Mugalian, an individual that has ten years of experience in nuclear engineering, what is he presently making today...if you know?"

Mugalian: "I don't know."

Stearney: "What the director of nuclear safety be paid?"

Mugalian: "I understand, forty-five thousand dollars a year."

Stearney: "So, then really if we adopt this Amendment we may exclude the best...we may be unable to obtain a director of nuclear safety, am I right?"

Mugalian: "Representative Stearney, I would suggest that a person of your legal prowess and background could make three times as much money as your making now because of your service in the General Assembly. And that you are doing 'pro bono' work. I see no reason why the director of this new department could not do the same."

Stearney: "Well, I disagree with that Representative. I think what we're doing, if we do adopt this Amendment...."

Mugalian: "You're not worth three time..."

Stearney: "Not knowing what people are making in this area, we may be unable to obtain a director. Perhaps these individuals are making a hundred, a hundred and fifty, two hundred thousand dollars a year. No one is going to take this position for forty-five. And then again, one other question I have..."

Mugalian: "Is that a question on the answer?"

Stearney: "No, that...that was a comment upon your answer to my question."

Mugalian: "You suggesting...."

Stearney: "My second...."

Mugalian: "...we get a cheap director, is that what you're saying?"

Stearney: "Well, some times different..."

Mugalian: "Or a good director cheap....at low prices."

Stearney: "Now, my other question, Representative, is that the individual be most recently employed in certain institutions. What if we had the converse. What if we had an individual that was employed with IIT, as a professor for ten years and now he is working for Commonwealth Edison for the last year. That individual would be automatically excluded, am I right?"

Mugalian: "Yes, you are."

Stearney: "Is there any good reason for doing so, since he was with IIT as a professor for ten years and now is just in private employment for a year. Has he been so tainted?"

Mugalian: "Yes, I think so."

Stearney: "In the past year."

Mugalian: "Would you like me to explain why?"

Stearney: "No. No, thank you. The Amendment is bad, really Representative."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Griesheimer."

Griesheimer: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Will the Sponsor yield?
Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield?"

Mugalian: "I'll try."

Griesheimer: "Representative Mugalian, I have a few pointed questions on your Amendment here because I think a good many of us are missing the point here of this otherwise possibly fine Amendment. With regard to the training the nuclear engineering, would training at any one of the

United State Military Academies in this area qualify a person to hold this position?"

Mugalian: "I think that is only a four year course, isn't it?"

Griesheimer: "Well, but insofar as the initial training. The initial training could come from a United States Military Academy and I would presume later going through the military and possibly in some degree of nuclear study. Would that would that qualify a person to hold this position?"

Mugalian: "I'm told, Representative Griesheimer by my expert. A graduate from one of the academies, that there is a post graduate course in nuclear engineering of two years."

Griesheimer: "All right."

Mugalian: "And, I would suggest, that would qualify."

Griesheimer: "And..."

Mugalian: "Approximately they serve six years on atomic submarines and so forth."

Griesheimer: "All right. And do I also understand that the person has to have his prior training, not in private business but the governmental sector as for one of the other areas that you're speaking of?"

Mugalian: "No, that is not true. Just so his most recent employment..."

Griesheimer: "Most recent from...."

Mugalian: "Would be from these other chief listed agencies."

Griesheimer: "All right."

Mugalian: "So, should have spent nine years with Badcock and Wilcox and ten years with Commonwealth Edison, but if in the last year he worked for Argon, he would be eligible."

Griesheimer: "And I also understand that you're suggesting that, because of the salary adjustment, this person should have some form of supplemental income possibly so he could carry the state job as well. Is that right?"

Mugalian: "No, I didn't make that suggestion at all."

Griesheimer: "Well, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I think we're failing to look at the real intent behind this Amendment. Representative Mugalian has come up with a fantastic idea. Can you think of any person that has a better background in nuclear engineering and experience, any person that presently works for the government but is going to be unemployed in a few months and has a supplemental income from the governmental retirement than one, Jimmy Carter. I think we're creating a job here for Jimmy Carter. I think he is a perfect man for the job. He has had his nuclear study and on the military, which we have just found out, qualifies him for this job. We know that he has a supplemental income because as a retired President, he will be earning probably close to a hundred and fifty thousand dollars a year, so he could afford to take the job with the State of Illinois for forty-two thousand dollars. And god, knows he's worked for the government for a long time. Maybe too long a time, so I would like to suggest that we support this and call this the Carter Amendment and let everybody know with a special Resolution to the President that we would like to have him here in Illinois and he could work for us here as long as he's under the supervision of Don Totten."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "I can't top that, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Vinson."

Vinson: "I wonder if the Sponsor would yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Vinson: "Why is it that you've chosen with the Amendment to regulate where the person comes from that takes this job, rather than where he goes to after he has the job?"

Mugalian: "I suggest that Amendment to the Governors' Staff, in

lieu of this Amendment and I was asked to keep it as it was. They turned down the offer."

Vinson: "Second question is a follow up on Mr. Stearney's question."

Mugalian: "Well, this Amendment is more preferable to the Governor than your suggestion."

Vinson: "The second question is a follow up on Mr. Stearney's question. If that professor at IIT, was working on the side, had a contract on the side with Commonwealth Edison, would he be disqualified by this Amendment? Do you want me to repeat the question?"

Mugalian: "Yes...yes, I...yes."

Vinson: "If we had a professor at IIT, currently tenured there, working there, who simultaneously had a contract with Commonwealth Edison..."

Mugalian: "He did what?"

Vinson: "If we had a professor at IIT..."

Mugalian: "Oh, I see."

Vinson: "...tenured in nuclear engineering, who simultaneously had a contract with Commonwealth Edison, would he be disqualified by the language in this Amendment?"

Mugalian: "I think that would be a matter of interpretation of a statute..."

Vinson: "How would you interrupt it?"

Mugalian: "...read literally, I would think that if they're not employed by Commonwealth Edison but only on a contractual basis, it would not...it would not disqualify them."

Vinson: "Would the conflict of interest potentially be as great or greater than the one that you're identifying here?"

Mugalian: "That's a purely hypothetical situation, it is hard to say. I'm sure that would be ex-employees of Commonwealth Edison who would do a very fine job and not act under any conflict situation. It not my intention to accept a

slander of all employees of Commonwealth Edison."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything...Representative Mugalian to close."

Mugalian: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I make an inference from me what I consider overreaction from the other side of the aisle. They seem to be saying, in one breath, it's important to have a good director but in another breath, to say we can't afford to pay one that's good enough to do the job. The record of the nuclear industry is not that much of a secret. Most of the operators of nuclear reactors have been fined for violation of NRC regulations. Most of the people in this industry have been involved in cover-up the Three Mile Island situation was a dramatic illustration of the lack of direct and open candid responsibility by the industry. What this Bill tries to do, is protect the citizens of the State of Illinois by saying, we would not permit the director to be a immediately from the industry that is being regulated. And who oppose the biggest threat to the safety of the citizens of Illinois."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment 5. Those in favor indicate by saying 'aye'....those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Representative Catania."

Catania: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. I'm sorry, I came on the floor in the middle of the debate on the Amendment and I just wanted to ask the Sponsor a question, which I didn't get to ask. It seems to me that Commonwealth Edison could have a research facility in which the person had been employed. And I was concerned about the language in the Amendment. I mean, the intent seemed to me to be very good but I, was concerned about whether someone that you were trying to exclude could really get around it because the way the language was drafted. Unfortunately, it seems to be mood question."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question, 38 'aye', 95 'no' and the motion fails. The Amendment is not adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk Leone: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. Representative Campbell, for what purpose do you arise?"

Campbell: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, pursuant to rule 18 (k), I would like to have unanimous consent to hear Senate Bill 1933 in the Rules Committee today. Wave the posting rule."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? You've heard the Gentleman's motion for the suspension of the rules. Any objection? If not, we'll use the attendance Roll Call in the absence of objections: Representative Yourell. You have a motion to suspend a rule."

Yourell: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I move to suspend the appropriate rule so that three Bills can be heard in Rules today since this is the week of the deadline. I checked with the leaders on both sides and there is agreement. And I move to...move to wave the appropriate rule."

Speaker Redmond: "What number Bills?"

Yourell: "1479, 1819 and 1820. Senate Bills."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objection? Hearing none, the attendance Roll Call will be used in support of the motion. Any announcements? Rules...rules at 2:00 in room 114. The Ag barbeque will still be on tonight in the Illinois Building. I've been advised by Coach Miller, that....at 2:00 there will be an announcement over the public address system throughout the length and breadth of the State of Illinois buildings with respect to the softball game tonight. Representative Mabar."

Mahar: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. There will be a Republican conference for about fifteen minutes in room 119, right after we adjourn."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Terzich."

Terzich: "Yes, Mr. Speaker. The Personnel and Pensions Committee meeting as scheduled for 2:00, has been canceled since the sponsors of the Bills do not want their called, therefore, Personnel and Pensions Committee meeting for 2:00 has been canceled."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further announcements? Representative Jones."

Jones, Emil: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker. I would like to suspend the appropriate posting rule so that Senate Bill 1559 could be heard in Rules this afternoon. This matter has been cleared with both sides of the aisle."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Hearing no objection, the attendance Roll Call will be used in support of the motion. Representative Getty. Getty." Getty: "Mr. Speaker, on behalf of Representative Lechowicz, I would move to suspend the appropriate rules so that, House Bill 2013 and 201....I'm sorry, Senate Bill 2013 and Senate Bill 2014, may be posted for rules and heard in rules today."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Hearing none, the attendance Roll Call will be used in support of the motion. Representative Kelly."

Kelly: "Yes, Mr. Speaker. Since we do have a meeting of the Counties and Township Committee scheduled this afternoon and I thought possibly we could move it up to 2:00 and take the same room that the Personnel and Pensions Committee had, in room 122B. And I would like to ask for leave to have this meeting moved up to 2:00, from 2:00 to 2:00 and use 122B for that purpose."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Hearing no objection,

the attendance Roll Call will be used in support of the motion. Representative Neff."

Neff: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I would like to suspend the appropriate rule so that, Senate Bill 1750 can be heard in rules today."

Speaker Redmond: "Have you checked with both sides of the aisle?"

Neff: "As far as I know, there's no objection."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Hearing no objection, the attendance Roll Call will be used in support of the motion. Anything further? Representative Capparelli."

Capparelli: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen. The softball game between the House and the Senate, scheduled to be at 6:00 tonight is still on until further notice. We will know about 2:00, Pete Miller is out there now checking the field. If you will call my office around 2:00, then I'll let you know for sure. But the game is still on at 6:00 tonight and everybody be out there. Thank you, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative....any Republicans whose absence should be excused? Is Representative Totten have leave to be excused? He's not here today. Representative Wolf."

Wolf, J.J.: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I would ask that the records show that Representative Molloy is absent because of illness."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objection? Hearing none, the record will so show. Representative Madigan, any Democrats whose absence should be excused?"

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, would the records show that Representatives Laurino....excuse me. That Representative Laurino is excused because of illness."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objection? Hearing none, the record will so show. Representative Bowman."

Bowman: "I request leave of the House to be removed as Chief

Sponsor of Senate Bill 1759 and have Representative Simms added as Sponsor to the same Bill. I just want to change Sponsorship of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Does he have leave to be removed as Sponsor of the Bill? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. Representative Madigan. Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This announcement is in behalf of Eugenia Chapman, Chairman of Appropriations. Neither she nor the Vice Chairman, Leroy Van Duyn on the floor right now. The Appropriations II Committee, the Appropriations II, will meet tomorrow morning at 9 A.M. Tomorrow morning at 9 A.M. Instead of 8? I guess so."

Speaker Redmond: "Yea."

Matijevich: "9 A.M. And, Eugenia, tells me now there's a Democratic briefing in room 122A. At what time, Jennie? 8:30. ERA."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, having consulted with the Mincrity Leader and in light of contemplated action by the Rules Committee this afternoon, which will approve for consideration Bills during the remaining weeks of the Session. I now move that we suspend the posting requirements for Committees that will meet next week and provide that those Committees can post up until noon on Friday."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan, nods assent. Any objection? Hearing no objection, the attendance Roll Call will be used in support of the motion. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Is there anything further, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Nothing further, do you need...."

Madigan: "Does the Clerk require time...."

Speaker Redmond: "...perfunctory time?"

Madigan: "Mr. Clerk, do you require time? Mr. Speaker, I move that we adjourn until 12 noon tomorrow."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Rigney, on the motion."

Rigney: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I was wondering, in that motion, does that mean that we are also suspending for any Bills that are pending before Rules Committee so that all of those could be heard today? Is that a part of that or..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Would you repeat your question?"

Rigney: "Do I understand...first of all, I don't know if this is going to be the last meeting of the Rules Committee. And I was wondering if anything now pending before Rules Committee, will that be heard today?"

Madigan: "It is contemplated that this will be the last meeting of the Rules Committee and it is contemplated that all Bills, properly posted today will be heard today. We met yesterday, we considered twenty-eight Bills in about an hour and a half. And we expect the same kind of meeting today."

Rigney: "Well, for instance, I filed a Bill...a request yesterday and I'm not sure what the status of that is. Whether all of those that were heard or filed yesterday, are they to be heard then today?"

Madigan: "It is my understanding that there are certain Bills that are not properly posted for today's meeting. So, you might check that right now."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I think, Representative Madigan, what Representative Rigney is asking, if there are any Bills that get out of Rules today, if your motion to suspend for Committee hearings next week pertain to those Bills that get out of Rules today. Is that what you want to know?"

Rigney: "No."

Speaker Redmond: "What's the number of your Bill, Representative Rigney?"

Rigney: "Senate Bill 1678."

Speaker Redmond: "We'll find out where it is."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, there's another motion by Mr. McClain of the same nature."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McClain."

McClain: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. This has been approved by Mr. Ryan and I think it's okay with Mr. Madigan, for the posting requirements be waived for Senate Bill 1559, to be heard in rules today. It will be a like motion as Mr. Rigney's."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Rigney, the Clerk of Rules Committee tells me that this is one that you're suppose to ask leave to have it heard today. So, Representative Campbell, I believe had one. Representative Capparelli, so I would suggest that you get leave. Representative Rigney."

Rigney: "Well then, Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask leave to have Senate Bill 1678, heard in Rules Committee today."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Hearing no objection, the attendance Roll Call will be used to suspend the rule with respect to Senate Bill 1678. Representative Bower."

Bower: "Mr. Speaker, I would ask that the appropriate rule be waived to hear Senate Bill 1821 in rules today."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection to hearing Senate Bill...Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "What was your disposition of the Rigney motion?"

Speaker Redmond: "Well, he asked leave that it be heard today. This is one, that according to the Clerk...."

Madigan: "Fine. Now, what's the motion before us at this time?"

Speaker Redmond: "Well, Representative Bower is making a similar

request with respect....

Madigan: "On what Bill no?"

Speaker Redmond: "...with respect to Senate Bill 1821."

Madigan: "1821."

Bower: "It's a Joint Committee on Administrative Rules Bill."

Madigan: "That one has been approved."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection with respect to waiving the rules on Senate Bill 1821? Hearing none, the attendance Roll Call will be used in support of the motion. Representative McClain, you had.....Representative Madigan. Madigan."

Madigan: "His Bill has already been approved."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay. Representative Young. "

Young: "I ask leave to waive the posting requirements to Senate Bill 1694."

Speaker Redmond: "1694."

Madigan: "We have not seen that Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Young, will you talk...."

Madigan: "Is that motion for the Rules Committee or some other Committee?"

Young: "Rules."

Speaker Redmond: "Rules. Representative Young, will you speak to Mr. Madigan. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, all the arrangements have been made for the Rules Committee. I move that we adjourn until 12:00 noon, tomorrow"

Speaker Redmond: "Well, wait. What's with the disposition of Representative Young's request?"

Madigan: "I still don't know what the Bill is, she was here and left and I don't know what the Bill is."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Young, what's the number of the Bill?"

Young: "1694."

Speaker Redmond: "1694. Representative.....Representative Younge, has requested that the appropriate rule be suspended so that 1691(sic), Senate Bill 1691 can be heard in rules...."

Younge: "4."

Speaker Redmond: "1694."

Younge: "Yes."

Speaker Redmond: "Can be heard in rules today. Is there any objection? You can't talk and eat at the same time. Is there any objection? Am I safe in assuming that there is no objection? Are you ready? Representative Conti objects, Representative Younge. It requires...Conti, it requires unanimous consent. You better talk to Representative Conti. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I move that we adjourn until 12:00, noon tomorrow."

Speaker Redmond: "You've heard the Gentleman's motion. Those in favor indicate by saying 'aye' 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carried. The House now stands adjourned until 12:00 noon tomorrow. Don't forget the Republican conference, now, 118. Rules at 2:00 in room 114. The Agriculture barbeque tonight in the Illinois Building and the softball game."

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