

Doorkeeper: "Attention Members of the House of Representatives. The House will convene in 15 minutes.....Attention Members of the House of Representatives. The House will convene in 5 minutes. All persons not entitled to the House Floor please retire to the Gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "Come to Order. Representatives please be in their seats. Be led in prayer this morning by Reverend Krueger, House Chaplain."

Reverend Krueger: "In the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost Amen. Oh, Lord bless this House to Thy service this day. Amen.

Charles Wilson Peal once wrote to Thomas Jefferson 'the attainment of happiness, individual as well as public, depends upon the cultivation of the human mind. Let us pray. All Mighty and Everlasting God, who art the Giver of all knowledge and wisdom, increase among these Thy servants, the Members of this Illinois House of Representatives, the desire for keener perception, refined thinking, and committed understanding as they consider the perplexing issues confronting our society. With thus being so informed they may effect such legislation that will bring joy and harmony, well-being and prosperity, and general happiness and justice to all the peoples of this state, through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Roll call for attendance. Only depress your own switch. Only your own switch. Representative Collins will lead us in the Pledge of Allegiance. Representative Collins. This is not a yieldable a motion."

Collins: "I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America. And to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with Liberty and Justice for all."

Speaker Redmond: "Take the record....."

Collins: "That didn't hurt did it Jack?"

Speaker Redmond: "Take the record on the attendance. Have you got the record? OK. Representative Mahar, for what purpose do you rise?"

Mahar: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. I've been told that starting next week Representative Collins will blow taps on his trombone."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Boucek."

Boucek: "Mr. Speaker, can I ask the Reverend a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Ask who?"



Boucek: "The Reverend."

Speaker Redmond: "That's a little unusual but go ahead."

Boucek: "In the opening in the prayer, who is Charles Wilson Peal?"

Reverend Krueger: "Charles Wilson Peal was the famous painter that did so many portraits of President Washington and other scenic areas around Washington. He was the father of a very refined family of artists and cultured people."

Boucek: "Thank you very much."

Speaker Redmond: "What have you got? Representative Matijevec."

Matijevec: "Mr. Speaker, the point I was trying to make last night and I think I made it today, was that I think it demeans the whole process when just a handful of us are here. If something's important everybody ought to be here and I think I made my point. But further than that I think that every day that Representative Ropp ought to bring the teacher..., I mean the Speaker an apple too."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative George Ray Hudson."

Hudson: "Thank you. Thank you Mr. Speaker. In rebuttal somewhat to my friend, my good friend....Representative .....over there waving to me, I ....I can say personally that I made a special effort to be here on time this morning so that I could say the Pledge of Allegiance to the flag of our country which I'm very proud to do. And who knows? This idea may catch on. I'm..I have high hopes that may be the.....what will happen here. I think we're....I think we're starting down a good path."

Speaker Redmond: "House Bill Second Reading. House Bill Second Reading appears House Bill 13. Out of the record 39. Wait a minute on 13 is....are there.....uh, the fiscal note is filed I see. Are there any Amendments on the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 13 .....Floor Amendments; Out of the record. No. 39. House Bill 39, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Paternity Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Parliamentary here? Any Amendments from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Readings.....84."

O'Brien: "House Bill 84. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Civil Practice Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was



adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading 95."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 95. There's a Floor Amendment on this."

Speaker Redmond: "Floor Amendment is out of the record. 18 seems to me that Representative Deuster took that out yesterday too, didn't he? ...out of the record.164."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 164. There's a Floor Amendment on this one."

Speaker Redmond: "E.M.Barnes here? Out of the record. 180."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 180. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Nursing Home Shelter Care Homes and Homes for the Aged Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendments No. 1,2,& 3 were adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendments 1,2,& 3?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor? Representative Darrow?"

Darrow: "Can we take it out of the record? Mr. Speaker can we take this out of the record?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Borchers?"

Borchers: "For what reason; I just walked in."

Darrow: "Mr. Getty has some questions about this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record. Representative Borchers?"

Borchers: "OK. Maybe we had better take it out of the record because I don't have the file on it at the moment."

Speaker Redmond: "OK. Out of the record. 189."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 189. A Bill for an Act to Sections of the Nursing Home Shelter care Homes and Homes for the Aged. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. Representative Darrow."

Darrow: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. Can we take this one out of the record also? Mr. Bowman was going to prepare some Amendments on this one."



Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. Has the fiscal note been furnished on 191?"

Clerk O'Brien: "The fiscal note is not filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. 192."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 192."

Speaker Redmond: "Floor Amendment on that you say? Out of the record. 205."

Clerk O'Brien: " House Bill 205. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Unified Code of Corrections. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 273."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 273. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Public Aid Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment #1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Collins?"

Collins: "Mr. Speaker if we could stand in recess for about two minutes Representative Matijevich and I want to go over to the Senate. We understand the Senator Geo-Karis is singing America the Beautiful."

Speaker Redmond: "The sentence of the court is that you go over to the Senate. Any Amendments from the Floor? On 2073?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment #1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading.....310."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 310. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act relating to alcoholic liquors. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 347."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 347. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. Second Reading of the Bill."



Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Floor Amendment #1."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 348.....Parliamentarian in the chamber?"

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 348. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Insurance Code. Second Reading of the Bill. This Bill has been read a second time previously. Amendment #1 was adopted."

Speaker Redmond: "Seems to me Representative Harris asked this to be taken out of the record yesterday, didn't he? Take it out of the record anyway. 376."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 376. Floor Amendments on this."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Darrow?"

Barrow: "Could we hold this one? We'd like to discuss some Amendments with the Sponsor."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Terzich? Your Bill it's requested we hold it. What's your pleasure?.....376.....It's your Bill Representative Darrow requested be held. It's alright? Out of the record. Who's Floor Amendment is it? There's a Floor Amendment. Representative Schlickman and Vinson, are you aware of that Representative Terzich? 380. Representative Wolf?"

Wolf: "Mr. Speaker, I was wondering if we had a quorum on the floor since nobody wants their Bills called."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, we're laying the plans for something."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 380. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act creating the Law Revision Commission. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 383. Is that Land Conveyance Appraisal file? Representative Winchester has requested that one come out yesterday so we'll take it out. 388. Out of the record. 413. Out of the record. 429. Read the Bill Mr. Clerk."



Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 429. A Bill for an Act to Sections for  
an Act to provide for safety of amusement rides and provide for their  
licensing. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment on the floor? Representative Johnson?  
OK. 429 return to the order of Second Reading and there held at  
the request of the Sponsor. 430? "

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 430. A Bill for an Act to provide for the  
inspection,licensing,regulating of carnival and amusement rides. Second  
Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment #1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor."

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 436."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 436. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of  
an Act in relation to writs. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment  
#1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 440."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 440. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of  
the Illinois Abortion Law. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment  
#1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Ammendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 460...460?"

Clerk O'Brien: "There are floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Floor Amendments. Out of the record.On the order of  
Third Reading appears House Bill 462. Representative McPike is recog-  
nized. Representative McPike."

McPike: "Thank you Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentleman of the House. I'd



like leave to return House Bill 462 to a Second Reading for two Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman have leave? No objections. 462 return to the order of Second Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #2 McPike Amends House Bill 462 as Amended in the first sentence of the second paragraph and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McPike."

McPike: " Amendment #2 provides that the referendum to be held under this Bill falls underneath the consolidation of election schedules. There was concern expressed in Committee that a special election called for in the language as written would provide for a special election outside of the consolidation of election schedules that we passed last year. And this simply assures that that does not happen. And I would move the adoption at this time."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment 2. Those in favor say 'aye' 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carries and the Amendment is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Floor Amendment #3. McPike Amends House Bill 462 on page 1, line 1 and so forth."

McPike: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. Amendment #3 includes Chicago, Cook County in this Bill. The original Bill that was drafted excluded Chicago. So I would move for the adoption of Amendment #3."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, we seem to be going from a merely Bill to a Bill of significant substance. And I'm concerned that this Bill got to the order of Third Reading and that all of a sudden it's brought back to the order of Second Reading and was somewhat taken by surprise, particularly when these Amendments were just distributed. I'm wondering if we could have a full explanation of Amendment #3 which is two pages and the first page about one-third is new material and on the second page about two-thirds is new material. And I see no reference in the Bill as it was originally introduced to the matter of the referendum which was mentioned in the description of Amendment #2. So I guess what I would do Mr. Speaker is ask the



Sponsor if he'll yield."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McPike."

McPike: "Certainly."

Schlickman: "Where is the reference or provision relative to a referendum and what kind of referendum are we talking about?"

McPike: "A front door, right up front referendum adopted in Committee. Committee Amendment #1. Amendment #3 although it appears rather lengthy it simply includes Chicago. It was...Chicago was excluded from the Bill as originally drafted and the referendum was added by Amendment #1 and in discussing this with majority leadership there was no reason to exclude Chicago. So Amendment #3 very simply adds the city to the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "OK. Thank you Mr. Speaker. With respect to the addition of the city of Chicago, we still have a front door referendum?"

McPike: "That's correct."

Schlickman: "OK. Thank you very much."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? Question on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment 3. Those in favor say 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carried. The Amendment is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 472. Yeah back to Second Reading 472."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 472. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Housing Development Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 518. Representative Darrow."

Darrow: "I spoke with Representative Skinner last night and he plans to hold that Bill for some Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "OK. Return it to order of Second Reading. 518."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 518. A Bill for an Act to extend the duration of Aggregate-Mining Problems Study Commission. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"





Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 527."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 527. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Public Library Districts Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 563."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 563. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Purchasing Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "A motion to table Amendment #1."

Speaker Redmond: "And who's the Sponsor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "By Representative Getty. The Sponsor of the Amendment was Representative Davis."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, we'd better take this one out of the record then. 564."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 564. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Physician's Assistants Practice Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 573. "

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 573. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Income Tax Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 586."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 586. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Revenue Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in



Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment #1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 587."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 587. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 589."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 589. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 597."

Clerk O'Brien: "There's a Pension Impact Note request that is not filed on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stuffle."

Stuffle: "That Pension Impact Note was filed. I believe Clerk has that."

Clerk O'Brien: "The Pension Impact Note is now filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Is it on file?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Yes, it's filed now. It is on file."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1? Wait a minute now. Wait a minute. There is no Amendment; is that correct?"

Clerk O'Brien: "There is an Amendment. House Bill 59...."

Speaker Redmond: "15?"

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 597. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."



Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 611. There are floor Amendments on 611 Representative Huskey so we'd better take it out of the record. 624."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 624. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Highway Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 643."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 643. A Bill for an Act in regard to the enactment of no smoking ordinances in municipalities and counties. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 663."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 663. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act concerning county treasurers in counties containing more than 150,000. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Campbell for what purpose do you rise?"

Campbell: "Yes, Mr. Speaker. The Amendment #1 did two things. The banking people had a problem with the savings and loan or with other depository. It was change simply to 'savings and loan associations' and secondly they wanted a better definition of 'net-worth' of savings and loans. And that was provided by the language used by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation. I would like to move the adoption of that Amendment. I also ..."

Speaker Redmond: "Amendment 1 has been adopted in Committee."

Campbell: "Yes."

Speaker Redmond: "So there's no motion filed with respect to that?"

Mr. Clerk. Is there any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."

Campbell: "I have made an agreement that I will bring it back for another



Amendment..."

Speaker Redmond: "You want to move it to Third Reading now and bring it back?"

Campbell: "Yes, then I'll bring it back."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 673."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 673. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Fair Employment Practice Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 679. "

Clerk O'Brien : "House Bill 679. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Municipal Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 693."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 693. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act in relation to jury commissions and authorizing judges to appoint such commissions . Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speakaer Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 704."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 704. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 738."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 738. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Park District Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."



Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 762."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 762. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Park District Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 774."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 774. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Municipal Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 796."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 796. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Public Aid Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 806."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 806. A Bill for an Act for making appropriations to the Department of Agriculture. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 807."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 807. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Revenue Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Third Reading. 808 out of the record. 824 out of the record. 826, has the fiscal note been filed on that?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Fiscal note is not filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. 831."



Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 831. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Local Records Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 835."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 835. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Uniform Commercial Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 847."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 847..."

Speaker Redmond: "Who's the Sponsor, the floor Member? Representative C.M. Stiehl? Out of the record. OK. Are you aware there's a floor Amendment Representative Stiehl? OK. Read the Amendment."

Stiehl: "Yes."

Speaker Redmond: "Ok, read the Amendment."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 847. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Southwest Regional Port District Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Floor Amendment #1, C.M. Stiehl. Amends House Bill 847 on page one, line ten by inserting after experience, the following and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stiehl."

Stiehl: "Thank you Mr. Speaker, Members of the House. This Amendment simply clarifies that the provisions of the Bill. When we established the term for the general manager of the Port District we omitted the language that would make him eligible for reappointment to any successive term or terms. And that's all we're doing. This is being added at the request of this Committee on Cities and Villages. And I would ask for its support."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion on the Amendment? Question is on the Lady's motion for the adoption of Amendment #1. All those in favor



say 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The motion carried. The Amendment is adopted. 848."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 848. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act to require protective covering or fencing of dangerous excavations. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 849."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 849. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections in the title fo an Act requiring that certain types of Bills introduced in General Assembly have provided a note indicating fiscal effect. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 859."

Clerk O'Brien: "A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Drainage Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 866."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 866. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Probate Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 867."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 867. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Probate Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 875."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 875. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Municipal Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."



Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 930."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 930. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act concerning fees and salaries. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment 1?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. House Bills Third Reading Priority Call.

Representative Walsh is in the chamber now so let's take another Roll Call. This is a quorum Roll Call. Per Diem has been paid on the basis of the one we took at the opening of the session. Representative Ryan? Are there any Republicans whose absence should be excused? Representative Peters not in phone is it? Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Representative Capuzi, Mr. Speaker due to illness."

Speaker Redmond: "Let the record so show. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, would the record show that Representative Schraeder is excused because of illness? And Representative Bradley is excused because of legislative business."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? Hearing on the record will so show.

House Bill 286. Priority Call."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 286."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Flinn?"

Flinn: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I think instead of cluttering up the calendar with 286 and 287, I would move to table those two."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman asks leave to table 286 and 287. No objections?"

Leave it. They're tabled. 14... Representative Daniels? Lee Daniels, 14. Out of the record. 325... Representative Mugalian."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 325. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the School Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mugalian.

Mugalian: "Well, thank you Mr. Speaker. I have a bad cold and I hope that you'll forgive me if I don't enunciate too clearly. This Bill concerns the time within which a school board, a school district must file its tax levy. It comes out of a problem involving the Barrington school district which is located in parts of four counties, one of





which is Cook County. This last year, the Barrington School District filed its tax levy before it knew what the assessed valuation of Lake County would be. The district had to file its levy by October. The largest part of its district is in Lake County and after it filed its levy it learned that the assessments in Lake County skyrocketed so that because of the school aid formula the district would lose \$600,000. Barrington School District then went to the county clerks of Lake, McHenry, and Kane, and said we'd like to file a supplemental levy. School districts are allowed to do this if they are out of Cook County. 101 of the 102 counties' date for filing the tax levy is the last Tuesday in December. But when they went to Cook County with their supplemental levy, they were told that the statute does not permit the county clerk of Cook County to accept the supplemental. This Bill would remedy that situation by putting certain school districts in the same classification for purposes of filing a tax levy as all school districts in the 101 counties outside of Cook. Now, you must understand that when a municipal government or a school district files a tax levy and is being honest and careful, it files a levy based on the dollars that it estimates it will need. This Barrington Unit School District being an honest school district and being concerned about its taxpayers filed a dollar amount which it thought would cover its needs. But because the assessed valuations went up after they filed a levy, and they had no way to know this, they're out \$600,000. Now this Bill would say that those school districts that share Cook County with one other county may file their tax levy as late as December which is the same date that all school districts outside of Cook County file their levies. This would only affect 8 school districts in Cook County, that have parts of Cook County. They are obviously on the periphery of Cook County. So I contend that this is no great problem for the county clerk of Cook County who manages to file tax Bills and extend them for a million parcels. But the county clerk of Cook County indicated in Committee that this would inconvenience him. Now I say government is here not to avoid inconvenience. But the citizens of this State, and this is a very important problem for these very few number school districts which number 8, who would have this relief and be



able to file their tax levies when they know what assessed valuations would be. Without that school districts will greatly overestimate their dollar requirements and unnecessarily tax their residents and be fiscally irresponsible. This Bill passed out of Committee 15 to 7. And I urge your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedland."

Friedland: "Thank you Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. The Sponsor's absolutely correct in what he states; this would resolve a problem in a dilemma, especially in those overlapping school districts that go into more than one county. And I would recommend a support from the entire body. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker would the <sup>S</sup>ponser yield to question? Mr. Mugalian, at some point in the past you indicated that you were engaged in a dialogue with Stanley Kuser the county clerk of Cook County, regarding this Bill and that you would report back to us as to the result of those conversations. Can you tell us what the end product is? Mr. Speaker, can you turn on Mr. Mugalian's microphone?... Mugalian. Representative Mugalian."

Mugalian: "Yes, Mr. Majority Leader. I talked to Mr. Kuser about three weeks ago and he's expressing the desire to try to help us. And said he would be back to me. He hasn't yet. I have put this over about two times in the past. Now if perhaps you have been in contact with him as I said ..I think you were going to talk to him, if he can have a Resolution of this within a week I wouldn't mind holding it but I don't want to hold it much longer."

Madigan: "He has not responded to me. I simply asked him if he would work with you and if you wish to move ahead with the Bill, why don't you?"

Mugalian: "We have talked and I'd hoped that he could say that he could work it out."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Daniels."

Daniels: "Will the Gentleman yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Daniels: "Representative Mugalian, just for clarification purposes, any



of these school districts borderline between DuPage County and Cook County?"

Mugalian: "I have a list in my file. I think there is one. I knew 46 I have part of Kane and a part of DuPage yes as well as a part of Cook, a little bit."

Daniels: "Well the assessments come out later in Cook than they do in DuPage on a general manner, do they not?"

Mugalian: "I am not sure. In this situation they come out in Lake County much later than in Cook. I don't know when Cook's come out visa the DuPage."

Daniels: "You said that this would give the school districts the opportunity to greater set their levies and therefore benefit the people of that area, correct?"

Mugalian: "That's correct."

Daniels: "But the reverse could be true, too, couldn't it: Wouldn't it give them an opportunity to set their levies with greater accuracy to receive the maximum levy?"

Mugalian: "Well, I'm assuming that a school district will levy dollars. That's all they can levy, is dollars. When they know what the new assessments are they will know what the impact of the school aid formula will be and therefore can be more precise and not have to grossly overestimate their dollar requirements."

Daniels: "But the premise you're using, the reverse is true as well, is it not?"

Mugalian: "I'm not sure I understand."

Daniels: "You say that they could use it to benefit the people of the area. They could also use it to receive more dollars...the reverse of what you said. You're working on the assumption that the school board will do that that is best for the taxpayers of that district and keep a low levy. I'm suggesting to you, is it not true that they could also do the reverse by having an increased levy over what they would have been able to estimate and receive more dollars?"

Mugalian: "Well, as I understand it school districts cannot levy for surpluses and they can only levy for budgeted requirements."

Daniels: "No, there are some surpluses they can levy for. I think that



there's a certain statutory surplus."

Mugalain: "Working cash funds.... But they can't deliberately over assess. But when they have to guess they will undoubtedly guess on the high side."

Daniels: "This would give them an opportunity then for levying for more dollars when if the assessment goes up and they could receive more, correct?"

Mugalain: "Oh, yes. Oh, yes."

Daniels: "So what you're saying, the premise you're operating from is that the school district will only do that that is good for the taxpayers. The other side of that could be true, though. A school district could do only that that is good for the individual district itself to receive more dollars."

Mugalain: "I guess that could happen. Yes."

Daniels: "So isn't it fair to say that a premise that we could adopt is if you trust your school district and you're confident in the manner in which they operate, then that's one side. But on the other side if you feel that a school district has in general spent too much money it's not being responsive to the taxpayer, then you don't want to get into this practice. Wouldn't that be true?"

Mugalain: "No. I think that what I would say is that since all the school districts in 101 counties may file their levy in the last Tuesday of December that I think that the school districts that are partly in one of these 101 counties should have the same filing date.... to have the same opportunity that districts in DuPage County now have."

Daniels: "OK. Thank you."

Mugalain: "These are the overlapping districts."

Daniels: "I think Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House that the real issue here is whether or not we want to get into this kind of a practice and whether or not you support or trust your individual school districts that may be involved. Representative Mugalain said that there are 8 involved here one of which comes into the county that I represent and I think that we ought to have more answers on this and possibly more control over this before we start passing legislation that could encourage a district to receive more funds. And I



for one would like some more answers on this before we vote on it."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Mugalain to close."

Mugalain: "Well, Mr. Speaker I hope that the purpose of this Bill is understood. It merely wishes to give the same opportunity to those few school districts that are partly in Cook and partly in a county other than Cook to have the same filing date as all the school districts now have in the 101 counties outside of Cook. This would involve a relatively a few number of parcels in Cook County so I feel certain that the clerk can handle it and it would make for much more accurate estimates of school levies. I solicit your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed 'no'. Representative Pierce."

Pierce: "Mr. Speaker I don't think the Gentleman from DuPage really understood this Bill. What this Bill does is create a uniformity with the districts that are in both DuPage and Cook County with the districts in DuPage. Any district that is in DuPage or Lake or Kane has this later date. Only Cook County has the earlier date. What the Bill says is if your district is partly outside and partly inside DuPage and Lake and Kane or Will, the border counties, it will have the same dates as those that are entirely within. So it's making the uniform... I think it's a good Bill. The only oppositon was that Cook County Clerk had some concern of whether he could live with this date. The clerks of the other counties already are. All 101 counties of the state have this date except Cook County. And all we're saying in this Bill is if a district is partly in Cook and partly outside of Cook it would have the same date that it would in Lake, DuPage or whatever county it's in and they can wait and get the levy and levy more accurately. I think it's a good Bill and should be passed."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. on this question there are 114 'aye' and 2 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 163."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 163. Representative Von Boeckman. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representaive VonBoeckman."

VonBoeckman: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentleman of the House, House



Bill 163 is identical to the Bill that passed out of this House last session 151 to 0. What it does, it brings the Illinois law and the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulation into conformity. At the present time you could have two tracks traversing the same railroad crossing with the same cargo and if one was an interstate hauler he would be required to stop. However if one was a intrastate he would not be required to stop. This Bill had a fair hearing in the Motor Vehicle Laws Commission which endorses it. The Motor Vehicle Law Committee endorses it. And I ask favorable consideration on this issue."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative John Dunn."

Dunn: "Will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Dunn: "I'm having a little trouble hearing Representative. If this Bill becomes law who will have to stop at railroad crossings and who will not and how will that be different from the present situation?"

VonBoeckman: "Well, what it does right now... where we have abandoned railroad crossing the state will install a sign that it is abandoned. Therefore it would allow the intrastate haulers, that's people who just haul in the State of Illinois they won't have to stop. Right now the interstate, that's from state to state, do not have to stop. So what we're trying to do is make it in conformity with all the safety regulations. All the states around us has the same thing and I think Illinois should get in line."

Dunn: "Does this Bill only apply to abandoned railroad crossings?"

VonBoeckman: "Only abandoned railroad crossings."

Dunn: "Thank you."

VonBoeckman: "I'd like to also say that it for spurs into certain industrial areas, business that are marked. I ask for a favor of consideration Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Representative Steczo 'aye'. Representative Brummer... Representative Brummer."

Brummer: "Yes, Mr. Speaker. I think you're operating on a priority of call list that I don't think has been distributed in this area at all. So



that we can determine what Bills are coming up next I wonder if we could have a list."

Speaker Redmond: "It's being printed....the numbers that appear after the number of the Bill shows the priority of call. We're on March the 13th. Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take....Representative Macdonald. On this question 130 'aye' and no 'nay.' The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. Representative Macdonald for what purpose do you rise?"

Macdonald: "Yes, Mr. Speaker. I'm sorry the switch is already closed when I wanted to vote 'yes' on House Bill 325."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Lady have... Under the new rules the Clerk has advised me that has to be a written motion. Representative Harris for what purpose do you rise? You voted 'yes' on those rules."

Harris: " Thank you Mr. Speaker , Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I rise for an introduction. Over to our left we have the honor students from the Herrin Junior High School from the 59th district, represented by Representative Jim Rea, Representative Bob Winchester, and myself and Senator Gene John. The students of the Herrin High School. Junior High School."

Speaker Redmond: "367.367. What in the world..."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 367. A Bill for an Act reducing state real estate transfer tax and authorizing counties to impose a real estate transfer tax. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell."

Yourell: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I ask leave to move House Bill 367 back to Second Reading for the purpose of Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? There are no objections. Return to the order of Second Reading. Read the Amendment Mr. Clerk."

Clerk Hall: "Amendment #1. Yourell Amends House Bill 367 on page 4 by inserting after line 24 the following."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell."

Yourell: "Yes, inadvertantly this Amendment was not ...it was ready on Second Reading but somehow the Bill was moved to Third without the putting of the Amendment to it. What the Amendment does is simply to call for an immediate effective date. I move for the adoption of Amendment



#1."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion?"

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 367."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment 1. Those in favor say 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the motion carried. The Amendment is adopted. Request for a fiscal note has been filed Mr. Yourell, are you aware of that? Then we'll have to hold it on Second Reading. Who filed the request? Representative Schlickman. Back on the Priority Call 316. Representative Tuerk on the floor? 316 Mr. Clerk."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 316. A Bill for an Act in relation to local improvements made by special assessments...special tax benefiting state property. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tuerk."

Tuerk: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, House Bill 316 provides that the state ...would require the state to pay its proportionate share when a local improvement benefiting any property is made on the special assessment basis. Actually the proposal states that through the Attorney General the state would be notified prior to the approval of the project and any special assignments of benefits and costs, so that the state would be a party of the proceedings prior to any approval or rejection of the project affecting it. It also limits the liability to 25,000 for any one special assessment unless it's reviewed by the Legislature and approved by a special appropriation Bill which is the way the system is handled now, which to me is inequitable and unfair to the regular property owners. This Bill has been passed on 3, at least 3 different occasions, possibly 4, and for some unknown reason Governors of both parties vetoed it based on the premise that it was going to cost the state some money. I suggest to you Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, that the state should not be any different than any other property owner as long as that property is being improved through special assessment. I would ask for your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Representative Darrow?"

Darrow: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Darrow: "Representative, do you have any idea how much this will cost the





State of Illinois? According to fiscal note it is not possible for the Department of Local Government Affairs to make an estimate."

Tuerk: "That's correct. The reason for that is because no one knows how many local improvements by special assessment are going to be made in any future year, or month, even a week. So that's the reason they can't give you a fiscal implication. Let me explain that a little further. If that situation occurs what we have to do is come to the Legislature and ask for a special appropriation which is time consuming, clutters up the calendar, and so forth, and all this Bill says is that the state should be treated no differently than any other property owner along that improvement."

Darrow: "Well I would assume that Representative Pullen may have some problems with this also since we're voting on something that we have no idea as to the cost to the State of Illinois. Have no further questions thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Yes, I have a question for the sponsor."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Leinenweber: "Is this prospective only, or is it possible that HB 316 became law that local communities that had adopted special assessments in the past could refigure them and then include the state?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tuerk."

Tuerk: "No. Actually any one of us who had a claim coming from any assessment could come through the appropriations process and that's the way we normally do it. As a matter of fact if I could elaborate on that I think that for example the city of Peoria still has some money coming from the state which we've never collected but that type of thing is probably anticlimatic at this point. I just don't want it to happen again, not only in Peoria, but anywhere throughout the state."

Leinenweber: "Another thing...as I understand the Bill, there's really no control that the Legislature would have in subsequent years over special assessments except repealing this Act, is that correct?"

Tuerk: "Well, there's plenty of controls in the Bill. There's a hearing process, the Attorney General has to notify them. They get notification they can appear at the hearing. There are all kinds of safe-guards



built into the Bill. So I'm not a bit alarmed by the elements of the proposal itself."

Leinenweber: "The way I read the Bill and correct me if I'm wrong, no matter how high it is, let's say the special assessment would be a million dollars, if there's not sufficient money appropriated for a given fiscal year then 25,000 or so, whatever is left over, is paid in that fiscal year and then the Director is ordered to include in his Appropriation Ordinance for succeeding years sufficient amounts to pay. Is that the way it works?"

Tuerk: "As the Bill provides the 25,000 dollar limit and anything in excess of that would have to be done through the normal appropriations process. A Bill would have to be filed; you'd have to justify it through the normal legislative process."

Leinenweber: "I don't read it that way. It seems to me that you pay the 25,000 ....'the balance of special assessments will be vouchered for payment from appropriation for such purposes for the next succeeding fiscal year'...seems like it's an automatic carry-over till it's paid in full."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Huskey."

Huskey: "Will the sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Huskey: "If they're going to put a new road down a piece of land and all the homes are special assessment and the state has a piece of property within that area, is the intent of this Bill that that home or the piece of property the state owns pays the same as the home-owner in that particular area on special assessments on road or sewer improvement, or something of that order?"

Tuerk: "That's correct. They pay their fair share just like you as a property owner along that local improvement by the special assessment process."

Huskey: "Then am I not right in assuming that this increases the value of the state's property just as it would increase the value of the home-owner's property and that would more than off-set the cost of the special assessment?"

Tuerk: "Yes, and let me point out one other thing to the Body as long as



you've raised that question. This Bill is no different than what is applied in prior years, school districts, park districts, and other property owners. Other municipalities, other governmental units of local government have been burdend with this payment in the past and at the present time and the state many times is able to get off scott-free. All I'm saying is what is fair, is fair, and the state should pay its fair share."

Huskey: "Well, Mr. Speaker I didn't quite finish. May I speak to the Bill? Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, you've got to remember one thing. In nearly all special assessments property values are increased. So the state, when you ask for the fiscal note and you're speaking of the cost to the state, in nearly all special assessments the property values are increased so the return if the land is sold at a later date by the state back to whoever may buy it, the value of that land is increased tremendously in most special assessments. Therefore I think it's a very good Bill and I'm going to vote for it."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there anything further? Representative John Dunn."

Dunn: "Will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Dunn: "Is there any money in the Governor's budget for this Bill?"

Tuerk: "No."

Dunn: "Where is the money going to come from to pay for these improvements by the State of Illinois?"

Tuerk: "It's going to have to be by the appropriations process. There's one way we could do it. We could have a appropriation Bill, we could pick a figure out of the air ; the other way it could be done was if this were to happen in the fiscal year then we'd have to come in with a deficiency appropriation Bill as I see it.

Dunn: "Then all across the State of Illinois wherever there is a special assessment levy spread and the State of Illinois is assessed a share there will be no assurance it will be paid until a sum is appropriated for payment." isn't that correct?"

Tuerk: "Well that's correct and that's the way it is today. You have to come to the Legislature for an appropriation for that payment."

Dunn: "It's my understanding, but perhaps I'm wrong, but today the State



of Illinois pays nothing."

Tuerk: "Sometimes it does, sometimes it doesn't. It all depends."

Dunn: "And if you spread a levy not knowing whether the state is benefited and you don't know what the assessment will be on the State of Illinois, how can you effectively spread a levy?"

Tuerk: "Well, I think that's fairly clear. Say for example, in your area where you have a mental hospital we'll say. You get so much front fee for property just like the person living next door to the state hospital or mental health facility. There's so much square feet, front fee, so that can be pro-rated on that basis the same as any other property owner. That's all the Bill is. It says the State is treated the same as any other property owner."

Dunn: "But when a levy is spread against my residence or yours, we know that the local government will get its share or they'll take our home for taxes. What if a levy is spread against the State and there is no assessment the State won't pay and the district comes up short and then you'll have to respread an additional assessment I guess. This is what you're talking about."

Tuerk: "Unfortunately that's happened. The court actually determines the assessment based on what the cost is going to be of that total project. So I don't think it's all that complicated to the point of its spread over a period of years."

Dunn: "OK. Mr. Speaker, just very briefly to the Bill, I commend the sponsor's intention here, but the fiscal note does indicate that it is not possible to make a dollar estimate of the cost of this Bill and with money tight, with all we hear about revenues being precious in the State of Illinois I don't think we should raid the State Treasury at this time for this Bill. We've been getting along for years and years without doing so and I'm afraid we ought to continue no matter how good the sponsor's intentions are."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Tuerk. Representative Mahar."

Mahar: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. Will the sponsor yield for one more question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."



Mahar: "Representative Tuerk I don't know whether I heard or not would this assessment be spread over the same period of years that the local assessment against the property owner of the school district would be spread?"

Tuerk: "I am morally certain that it would be, yes."

Mahar: "In other words if it were a 10 year assessment the local property owner , it would be a 10 year assessment for the State also."

Tuerk: "Yes."

Mahar: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Tuerk to close."

Tuerk: "Well Mr. Speaker We've had good discussion. I think the questions that have been raised in effect, affect my closing argument and that is as I mentioned before all I'm trying to do here is to spread the burden of payment for a local improvement by special assessment onto the State the same as it is to a school district, a park district, an individual property owner, and I just think that's a fair way to go. Because the local improvement improves the State property as well as it does the individual's property and I just think it's an equitable way to handle it. It's a more business like way to handle it and it provides for some safe guards that the whole burden is spread on all the property owners and doesn't allow the State to get by scott-free. And that's all the Bill is and I think it's a fair Bill, it's a good concept , and should be passed and I would ask for your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Representative Bluthardt."

Bluthardt: "Thank you Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. There seems to be a considerable amount of confusion about this Bill which has passed I think at laest 3 times in the last 12 or 13 years then vetoed each time. I think there's a misunderstanding of what's involved. You know there's not really a levy assessed as a tax against a property; there's an annual assessment over a period of 10 years. Once the assessment is approved by a court a commissioner of rolls will spread out what he considers to be the improved ... in the amount of special assessment that should be assessed against a parcel of property, either it'd be a direct assessment or an indirect assessment, the assessment pro-



ceedings are then held in court. Anyone who objects to it has the right to indicate to the court that the assessment is too large, or that there is no real improvement to the property. State will have that opportunity same as anyone else. I can't understand why it is that we are allowed to assess, when I say we I mean local government is allowed to assess school districts, park districts, and even a forest preserve district and other units of local government and yet we don't want to assess the State. I think it's fair and proper. The State can come in the court and say look we're not getting the improvement here, we're not getting our money's worth, therefore we don't want the assessment and the court will probably rule the State as a party to the assessment. But I think it's only proper and fair that we do enact this Bill and do have the State pay its fair share of any improvements that are made by special assessment to state property. I would urge a 'yes' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mautino."

Mautino: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. I have yet to vote on this issue because I have a concern that I think probably would fall in this category, Representative Tuerk. If in fact the city of DeKalb decided to put side walks or curb and gutters around the university NIU university there, would this then fall into the purview of your legislation?"

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish?"

Mautino: "Mr. Speaker I'd like to have that answer if I could, if it's possible."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mugalian. Wait a minute now. Representative Mautino for what purpose do you rise?"

Mautino: "I thought I still had the floor Sir."

Speaker Redmond: "OK. Representative Mautino."

Mautino: "I was wondering if someone could answer that in explanation of their vote. If the city of DeKalb decided to put curb and gutter or sidewalks around NIU University would that fall into purview of this legislation. It looks to me like it would and that would be an awful expenditure in my mind for that specific type of a project."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tuerk."

Tuerk: "Well, I think it's a little unusual to be asking questions at this



point but I'll certainly explain it as best I can to you once again. This is a local improvement project, a normal local improvement project by special assessment. Now if the amount of property owners sign up for the local improvement and the State is party to it, if it's decided to put curbs and sidewalks around to improve property, yes. The State is burdened to the extent of its front footage just the same as any other property owner. Therefore it would cost the State some money, but I say that they should pay for that local improvement if the other property owners are agreeable to that process. And there's all kinds of hearings and the court sets the hearing and the Attorney General is part of the hearing and so forth, so the State is very much involved in the total process. I don't understand the misunderstanding on the total concept. Even though it's going to cost the State some money, I think it's fair."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mugalian, for what purpose do you rise?"

Mugalian: "To explain my vote Mr. Speaker. It's true this Bill passed 2 sessions ago, I think overwhelmingly, it also passed both Houses last session and was for some reason vetoed by the Governor. I assume it's a very similar Bill and I really can't understand the objection to this. This is a Bill requires a fair apportionment of the cost of benefits to real estate. Now when a real estate is owned by the State of Illinois or by a private individual it seems reasonable that if the property of the State is improved that the State should pay its fair share. Otherwise individual private citizens are going to have to pay for the State's share. This is consistent with the philosophy of allocating resources on the basis of the market. It's a just and equitable way to pay for public improvements. The State of Illinois has every opportunity to come into the court proceeding and say our property isn't improved. Or to say our property is improved only to the extent of \$5,000. And they can introduce testimony to that effect. We are merely asking State real estate that's improved and which uses the improvements and whose property is enhanced by these improvements to pay their fair share. I can't see why there's any objection to that."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Youreil will you come to the podium please? Have all voted who wish? Representative Wikoff."



Wikoff: "Well Mr. Speaker I just wanted to urge a few more green votes up there but seeing there's enough why don't you go ahead and take the record."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 100 'aye' and 41 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed."

Speaker Yourell: "House Bill 442. Representative Jaffe. Clerk read the Bill."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 442."

Jaffe: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House. I mean there's been a lot of misconceptions about House Bill 442. The title of House Bill 442 is that it creates the Study Commission on Experimental Methods of Human Reproduction. Actually that title is sort of a misnomer. Really what the title should be is The Legal Ramifications on Experimental Methods of Reproduction. Let me say here to begin with that in this country every year now there are 10 to 20,000 babies born by artificial insemination. In addition to that you have individual conceptions and there are other types of experimental forms of conception you have at the present time. These 10 to 20,000 babies that are born are facts. They are not theoretical; they are born every year. And yet we have no body of law that actually deals with these babies or deals with the idea of these experiments or what ever. Let me throw out a few things to you as an example. For instance when a baby is born by artificial insemination does anybody here know the inheritance rights of that particular child? The answer is really no because there is no body of law to that effect in Illinois. In addition to that we don't really know what the liability of the researcher is. What is the liability of the donor? What is the liability of the doctor? What is the liability of the donee? All these questions are really unanswered. What happens if a child who is born individual conception or by artificial insemination is born deformed? What happens in that particular case? Can anybody tell me what the legal rights of that child are? There isn't one person in this House who can tell me because we do not have a body of law in the State of Illinois. So basically what 442 says is let's deal with this problem in a reasonable rational matter. Let us form a commission and let that





commission be of 8 legislators and 8 public members. Out of those 8 public members you're going to have 6 medical people and 2 public lay people. Those 8 people will be appointed by the Governor. The 8 legislators will be appointed by the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate. I must tell you that I think that a lot of people think that there are people in opposition to this Bill who are not really in opposition to it. As an example, the Catholic Hospital Association appeared at the Committee and they said that they did not oppose this conception. As a matter of fact, they said they would prefer certain people to be on the commission. That of course that would be in the realm of the Speaker of the House or the President of the Senate or the Governor of this state because there are going to be 16 people on that Committee. I have received support from the people at University of Illinois Hospital. I received support from the people at the Michael Reese Hospital who are doing research in this particular area. Let me tell that the Legislature does not always do a good job. We passed some Bills a little bit ago that had to do with abortion and the Bills were so badly drafted that now they have stopped doing research in the area of miscarriage at the University of Illinois because those Bills were so poorly drafted. So what I'm saying is let's attack this problem in a reasonable, rational manner rather than coming to the floor of the House after the Supreme Court has handed down a decision and everybody being hysterical; everybody really acting from emotion, not from reason and not from rationality. So Mr. Speaker and Members of the House I would urge that you support House Bill 442 and create this commission and we would then be in a position to study this problem in great depth."

Speaker Yourell: "Before we proceed Representative Jaffe will Clerk read the Bill?"

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 442. A Bill for an Act creating the Study Commission on Experimental Methods of Human Reproduction. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Bowman."

Bowman: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I think we should commend Representative Jaffe for his far-sightedness because very often the Legislature responds to crises after the fact. We've had in recent days crises with snow, crises with nuclear reactor melt downs, and I



think all of us in those instances have felt helpless; have felt that we perhaps should have done more before the fact so we wouldn't be caught in such mentally embarrassing situations but situations that are dangerous to the public health and safety. I think now is the time to really look into the legal implications of these projects before situations occur that we will deeply regret. And I think the House ought to commend Representative Jaffe and the best commendation is an 'aye' vote on this Bill. Thank you."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Winnebago, Representative Simms."

Simms: "Would the sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Yourell: "Sponsor indicates yes."

Simms: "Representative Jaffe does this Commission deal with the topic of cloning?"

Jaffe: "Representative Simms if that is an experimental method of reproduction, it would deal with cloning."

Simms: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House in speaking to this Bill I would like to address myself to 3 points. #1 I don't think we need any more Commissions to be developed by the State of Illinois to expend taxpayers money. We have a large number of Commissions that are operating at the present time. It's a costly procedure. Secondly this could be handled with the purview of a Committee within the structure of the Illinois House and Senate by using the Committee structure. And third, I think very frankly in the area of scientific study that very basically this is an area that should be confined to the medical community, to the legal community, to discuss these matters. I think this is an area that goes beyond the purview of the Illinois General Assembly. And I don't think that of the important issues facing the State of Illinois, the replacement of various taxes, the road funds. I don't see where creating a special Commission on experimental methods of human reproduction adds anything to the process of the General Assembly. And for these reasons and to save the taxpayers money I urge that House Bill 442 be defeated."

Speaker Yourell: "Before we proceed there has been a pair of glasses turned in. Anybody that recognizes them can claim them at the Clerk's desk. Can't see them, they're probably yours Representative Schlickman."



The Gentleman from Will, Representative Leineweber."

Leineweber: "I have a question for the sponsor. Representative Jaffe how many thousands of groups private and public are presently studying this subject?"

Jaffe: "I don't understand the question Harry. I know of no groups that are studying it."

Leineweber: "You know of no groups that are studying it, this particular subject?"

Jaffe: "There are groups that are doing experiments. There are hospitals that are doing experiments. But nobody is setting the legal ramifications of it that I know of outside of some people on the Federal level. Can you tell me of any?"

Leineweber: "Well, that was my question. Who is studying the subject. It's my understanding that everybody and his brother is conducting a study on this subject."

Jaffe: "If you can tell me who 'everybody and his brother' is I'd be happy to hear of it because I don't think you can name me one person."

Leineweber: "What about the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare?"

Jaffe: "I said outside of the Federal level. In all these topics we are covering I are really State level things. Harry you're a lawyer. You know inheritance goes according to the State. You know tort liability goes according to the State. You know all those liabilities are State situations and not Federal things. Now if you want to say to us and I know your record that now you want the Federal Government to step in I think you're changing your position."

Leineweber: "Well, this is a subject Mr. Speaker, Member of the House, as the Gentleman preceeding me in speaking mentioned, is going to be extremely duplicative and costly to the State. I noticed that there's a companion Appropriations Bill of \$70,000. This may or may not cover the first year expenses of this Commission. I would feel that this is probably one that may have a deadline in it somewhere but somewhere along the line a few years from now when that deadline approaches there will be another Bill in to extend the life because of all the important work that this commission is doing. Last session we did debate at length Representative Hanahan's Amendment trying to strike various com-



missions from existence all of which even those which were knocked out mysteriously reappeared in a catch-all Bill which came through in a conference Committee report. I think it's certainly a bad idea in this day and age to start a new commission with the modest sum of \$70,000 so I don't think we should and therefore let's oppose this Bill."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Macon, Mr. Borchers."

Borchers: "Well, Mr. Speaker and fellow Members of the House, there are two facts involved here that I think would clearly indicate what will happen. First of all someone that cannot have a baby and therefore uses a test tube method; they're going to do it. Now when that baby is born that's a real baby. It has every legal right as any other legal baby. So I think that this is completely unnecessary. The experiments will go on; the woman that want children are going to get them, and we're just sticking our nose in an affair that we don't have any business sticking our nose into. "

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Effingham, Representative Bower."

Bower: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentleman of the House, I was a Member of the Committee that considered this Bill. I voted against it there. I think in this day when we're concerned about expenditures to the taxpayers money there is not a more ridiculous thing that we could be wasting \$70,000 of the people's money on than a Bill to study cloning. I urge you to vote 'no'."

Speaker Yourell: "No further discussion? The Gentleman to close."

Jaffe: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, it's sort of interesting here the arguments against it cause I haven't heard any, quite truthfully. I've heard the undertaker from Will County say the taxes are more important then the rights of children. I don't think that that is very impressive. I've heard the Gentleman from Will County say that there's duplication here. Yet when I asked him where this study is being made he can't tell me one place outside of the Federal level which I indicated in my first speech. We have Representative Borchers get up with some sort of nonsequitur and quite truthfully I haven't heard any arguments against it. The reason that we are creating a commission quite truthfully, and we could do this in Judiciary I as a subcommittee, and I'm certain that we would, but the reason that we're not doing it is because we want more people in than just Legislators. We think



that this is a medical problem. That's why we want medical researchers and doctors in. We think we ought to have lay people from the community in outside of just Legislators. For those reasons we're advocating the creation of a commission. As you know I've not been a great advocate of commissions, although I'm getting more and more that way. But the point of it is I think that this is a good concept and I think we ought to pass it into law and create this commission and really do the thing so we have to do as a legislative body and not react to crises but do things in a reasonable, rational manner."

Speaker Yourell: The question is shall House Bill 442 pass. All those in favor vote 'aye', those opposed vote 'no'. Representative Kelly to explain his vote for one minute."

Kelly: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I just wanted to explain my position on my vote and explain my vote. The Right to Life Organization in the State of Illinois has taken a public position against this issue. Its message was brought under hotline just recently and some of the major objections I know have been the possibility of the make-up of the commission and also whether or not we should endorse the concept of test tube babies. Well, Ladies and Gentlemen, I'm not in favor of the test tube babies and that's why I have recently joined my colleagues in sponsoring a Bill which prohibits this in the State of Illinois. At the same time it is a real problem that I feel will be with us at least until some legislation is provided to prohibit it and I'm going to support the measure but I don't want to in any way mislead anyone that by voting in favor of the proposal that I'm providing a pro-life position." But I do feel that the sponsor is an honorable man and if he is chairman of such a commission he would give fair treatment to both sides of the issue."

Speaker Yourell: "Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On this question there are 22 'ayes' and 107 'no' and the Bill is lost having failed to receive the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared lost. House Bill 533. Before we get to that the Chair recognizes Representative Schlickman on House Bill 367."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this Bill was at the order of Third Reading previously and had been brought back to the order of Second Reading for the purpose of an Amendment. At that time I had



filed a request for a fiscal note. Subsequently I determined that there was no basis for the fiscal note, so I have withdrawn my request. I respectfully suggest at this time Mr. Speaker that this Bill would be returned or advanced to the order of Third Reading."

Speaker Yourell: "Any further Amendments to House Bill 367? Third Reading 553 (sic)."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 533. A Bill for an Act to make appropriation to the State Treasurer. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Yourell: "Take it out of the record. Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Yes, Sir, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Bill 553 is a Bill to ..."

Speaker Yourell: "Representative DiPrima I believe you're on the wrong Bill."

DiPrima: "Which one are you on?"

Speaker Yourell: "533 and we took it out of the record. The next Bill is 161. You are 553 Sir. The next Bill is 161, House Bill 161."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 161. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Yourell: "Representative VonBoeckman."

VonBoeckman: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, This is a uniform speed Bill. This Bill has been hashed around the House last session, passed the House and was held up in the Senate. What this Bill does is make a uniform speed law in the State of Illinois. The Bill supports numerous safety studies which have been conducted throughout the country, one of the most recent being in the State of Texas. The one uniform rural speed concept has been advocated by most traffic engineers throughout the country for several years. Conceptionally they advocate keeping traffic moving in a smooth uninterrupted flow. Most states now have a uniform rural speed limit. In Illinois. We have a 5 mile differential on all rural speed limits for only one segment vehicle and that is only applicable to noninterstate routes. When Illinois has 65 and 70 mile an hour speed limits there was justification in limiting it to 50 miles an hour. However there is no rationale or justification for the present 5 mile an hour differential. The difference between the vehicles traveling a mile at 50 miles per hour and another one traveling a mile at 55, it only takes 6.510 seconds. All



states contiguous to Illinois including Michigan have rural speed limits of 55 miles per hour. Because of the dual speed limit we now have I DOT is required to make their signs bigger and some cases erect additional signs. This is not only costly to the public but additional prudence that is within potential striking distance shoulder of the highway creates additional hazard to the motoring public. This Bill was given a fair and impartial hearing in the Motor Vehicles Commission and the House Motor Vehicles Committee and received favorable consideration. The state will save a lot of dollars in signs and was supported in the Department of Transportation. I ask a favorable vote."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from McHenry, Representative Skinner, do you wish to speak? The Gentleman from Cook, Representative McCourt."

McCourt: "Mr. Speaker will the Gentleman yield for a question?"

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman indicates he'll yield."

McCourt: "Mr. VonBoeckman what is the speed limit at present for trucks in Illinois on all roads except freeways?"

VonBoeckman: "50 miles an hour."

McCourt: "And this Bill would increase the truck speed on all roads in Illinois to 55 miles an hour, is that not correct?"

VonBoeckman: "On all highways that are marked on 50 miles an hour that have 55 mile an hour speed limit. It would not allow them to go 55 if it's ...if the speed limit is 45."

McCourt: "If it is posted the truck could not go over the posted speed, but if it's not posted all trucks could go 55 miles an hour as all cars can go 55 miles an hour."

VonBoeckman: "Yes."

McCourt: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is a very significant Bill. Many people have been complaining that the trucks are taking over our roads in Illinois. This is an endeavor to increase the truck speed to 55 miles an hour. At the present time it's almost impossible to pass a truck cause most of them are going 75 miles an hour. So if anything, we should be reducing the trucks' speed and not raising the trucks' speed. I sure would encourage a lot of red votes on this Bill."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, as a former



Member of the Vehicle Committee, I have historically fought this type of legislation. Now actually the facts have nothing to do with what's actually occurring on the highways because I've been clocking the trucks at 69 miles an hour. So the law is meaningless anyhow. However in theory, I repeat in theory, any of you who travel those highways certainly do not want to be blocked by those trucks in front of you. Any of you who travel those highways certainly do not want your stoppings to be competed against a truck. They'll drive right through you. The logic of this is apparent to me. While I have supported that industry in many ways in many issues, many a piece of legislation, I think that technically put on the books that which is a detriment to those of us who drive passengers cars would be a mistake. And I vehemently oppose this legislation."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Getty."

Getty: "Will the Gentleman yield? Representative VonBoeckman, do I understand that this would make the maximum speed limit in Illinois 55 miles per hour even if the Federal Government were to in some subsequent year say raise it to 60 miles or 65 miles because they thereafter found out there would be greater economy at those speeds?"

VonBoeckman: "I didn't quite get the gist of your question."

Getty: "Would the effect of this Bill in addition to the other questions you've already answered be to make 55 miles an hour a permanent maximum speed limit and keep Illinois at 55 miles an hour even if the Federal Government were to sometime in the future change the maximum to say 60 miles an hour?"

VonBoeckman: "We'd still have to address that problem if we are allowed to raise it from 55 to 60. We would then have to address the problem of the truck situation then."

Getty: "As I understand the present law Illinois' maximum speed limit is 70 miles an hour except that under the Federal Energy Act of 1974 we were required to reduce it to 55 miles an hour in order to qualify for federal funds. But that would be only so long as the Federal Government had a maximum of 55 miles an hour. Now what we're doing as I understand it, is locking ourselves into the 55 miles an hour and making that the permanent policy of Illinois."





VonBoeckman: "No this would not be making it a permanent policy. What you're trying to create is that we have a safety problem and we want to have a uniform safety speed limit which would make everything 55 miles an hour which to me is a sound gesture. If there are times would be that we would have to change it back to 65 and 70 which I doubt very much, then we'd have to address that problem. We could go back to the previous type of legislation."

Getty: "Well Mr. Speaker, I would address the Bill and I would suggest to you that by changing the language in the existing Act we are indeed making it a permanent 55 mile per hour. Even if there were some federal legislation that would change that, federal speed limit, we would be locked into 55 miles an hour. The law is now that the Federal Government in the future either lowered it to 50 or raised it to 60 we would be tracking whatever the Federal Government mandates were. And I think as regards that portion of the Bill it might be preferable to keep the law as it is."

Conti: "Representative Yourell in the chair."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Conti."

Conti: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'm only sorry this Bill doesn't go any further. I think this is being mislead by the Bill that was introduced in the Senate and killed. This is only making the law uniform. I keep hearing these people talking about the poor people back home and I don't know if anybody understands that the trucking business is just as vital to our economy as almost any other private enterprise. And the poor people back home because some of these trucks are limited at some of these speed limits have had to increase the cost of the deliveries of the products that they deliver. So all of that cost is being passed on to the consumer. I'm only sorry that the Bill in the Senate was killed. But we are spending billions of dollars for super slabs all over the United States on our interstate highways and then we get this political blackmail from Washington taking the states sovereignty from us again and telling us we can go 55 miles an hour on these billion dollar super slabs. These truckers are delivering products that go to the consumer, the senior citizens, and all those poor people we're trying to help out back home. Just adding the cost to



the delivery of the products that the consumers need. If I had my way about it and I knew that this Bill was on Second Reading, I would have Amended it that all the interstate highways revert back to 65 miles an hour and for automobiles and everything else. Then keep your State highways, your secondary roads, your arterial streets at your 55 miles an hour if you want to bow down to your United States Geovernment again. But this another case of taking the state sovereignty away and I'm only sorry I didn't catch this Bill on Second Reading ; I would have put the Amendment on that interstste highways revert back to the 65 miles per hour speed limit. I for one would like to see a uniform law on these truckers, and I would like to see this Bill passed."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Kane, Representative Schoeberlein."

Schoeberlein: "Mr. Speaker, Representative VonBoeckman, will this Bill restore the 55 mile an hour speed limit at Sherman Illinois from its present 45? Yers ago it was 55 when there are no homes along there but someone made it 45."

VonBoeckman: "Well, the state law requires that if a municipality wants to have a study and the study shows that 45 was applicable then that is the way the law is changed there. This would not change that to 55."

Schoeberlein: "Can we influence the state in any way to check that?"

VonBoeckman: "Right."

Schoeberlein: "Thank you."

Speaker Yourell: "The Lady from Cook, Representative Hallstrom."

Hallstrom: "Thank you Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. More and more of us are now driving the smaller cars. If there's any time we need a differential between the trucks and the cars it's now. And I ask you to vote 'no' on this legislation."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Wayne, Representative Robbins."

Robbins: "I kinda hate to oppose Dolly on this but I think the law is definately needed so that our state police know what the law is. A few years ago they had a directive which allowed them to not issue tickets above the 55 mile an hour speed limit at their discretion. We either need a law that we are going to try to enforce or we don't need it one. I would just as soon... I grew up driving 70 and I'd just as soon drive 70 or 80 and I tink I'm a better driver at that speed than I am at 55."



But I think the trucks need to have the 55 ; I think they need to stay at the 55, and I think that if the Federal comes along with a new law will allow us to have our state money for road tax, then I don't believe this legislature will be too long in doing it. Now 55 mile an hour with these small cars that we have on the road if you watch a big truck pass one of them it scoots it. At 65 or 70 it will scoot it sideways as much as 2 or 3 feet. So let's put it at 55 and all of us try to live with it. Thank you."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Kane, Representative Friedland."

Friedland: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. I move the previous question."

Speaker Yourell: "The previous question is moved. All those in favor signify by saying 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Gentleman to close."

VonBoeckman: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I feel for the safety sake of all concerned on the highways. I think the uniform speed law is something that we need in Illinois. All the other surrounding states have it and I think it's time Illinois got in line. I ask a favorable vote."

Speaker Yourell: The question is shall House Bill 161 pass. All those in favor will signify by voting 'aye', those opposed will be voting 'no.' Have all voted who wish? The Gentleman from Henry, Representative McGrew."

McGrew: "Thank you Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I would definitely encourage the Members of the House to get on this piece of legislation. I think it's really a safety factor. If you go around areas such as ours where we have a great deal of 2 lane highways you find that a speed difference of 5 mile an hour can be rather detrimental. According to the Department of Transportation it would take over 0.6 of a mile to pass a vehicle with a 5 mile an hour differential in its speed. You're talking about driving on the wrong lane. Over 0.6 of a mile in areas such as mine and believe me there's just not any place that I know of that I want to spend 0.6 of a mile in a wrong lane trying to get around someone. So I think that it is indeed a safety Bill and we deserve the vote necessary to pass it."

Speaker Yourell : "Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take



the record Mr. Clerk. On this question....to explain his vote  
VonBoeckman."

VonBoeckman: "I'd like to ask Postponed Consideration on this measure. I think it's a good Bill and I think if the individuals that are voting red would do a little research on it they would change their mind."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman has leave? House Bill 161 is on the order of consideration postponed. Next Bill is House Bill 206. Read the Bill Mr. Clerk."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 206. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Laurino."

Laurino: "Thank you Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Bill 206 has been before you before, many of you anyway. It's the compulsory liability insurance Bill. It's been here since my inception into the House of Representatives for 8 years. We've passed it out of the House continually for 8 years but on trial and error basis I think it is the best Bill that has ever been before you. It's been made very simple. All it does is ask that if you violate this particular statute that you have committed..."

Speaker Yourell: "Excuse me Mr. Laurino, the Gentleman from Whiteside, Representative Schuneman. For what purpose do you rise?"

Schuneman: "Mr. Speaker I'm not sure just what type of inquiry this would be but I wonder if you or the parliamentarian or the Clerk would read the Bill as to the accuracy of House Amendment #4. I believe the Bill is technically inaccurate the way it's in its present form."

Speaker Yourell: "Representative Schuneman we have the Enrolling and Engrossing Bill. What Section are you referring to?"

Schuneman: "On page 1, I believe on line 26 where it says 'proof of insurance'. Now I don't have the engrossed copy I have the Bill as it was originally introduced. But I believe the phrase 'proof of insurance' is superfluous there."

Speaker Yourell: "It appears that the Bill is in order unless you can point to a specific area relating to your concern. Proceed."

Schuneman: "Could I refer you to Section 4? Amendment #4 inserted between lines 10 and 11 some language which appears to make the Bill unreadable



the way I interpret it."

Speaker Yourell: "I think we can clear this up if the Clerk will read paragraph 4 Section 3.405. Maybe that will clarify. Is that the Section you are referring to Sir?"

Schuneman: "Section 4."

Speaker Yourell: "Section 4 or paragraph 4? Paragraph 4 as in the engrossed Bill."

Schuneman: "Ok. Right."

Speaker Yourell: "Clerk will read paragraph 4. The owner of the vehicle."

Clerk Hall: "The owner of the vehicle designated in subparagraph 3 of paragraph A of Section 3 -405 for the purpose of prosecution for the violation of such subparagraph 3 shall be presumed to be uninsured upon a showing that the information regarding insurance on the application for registration is found to be inaccurate. Presumed for the purpose of this Section means that the trier of fact must find the existence of the fact at issue unless and until evidence is introduced which would support the finding of its nonexistence."

Speaker Yourell: "Enrolling corrected the enrolled copy and that language is not of any substance and won't have any ...just misplaced between paragraphs and no difference of the words in the Bill."

Schuneman: "Ok. The Amendment was technically incorrect, but Enrolling and Engrossing has corrected the error, is that what you're telling me?"

Speaker Yourell: "That's correct. It was misplaced and inserted in the wrong place."

Schuneman: "Alright. Thank you."

Speaker Yourell: "Proceed with the Bill Representative Laurino."

Laurino: "Well, thank you Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Sorry for the delay. It appears that if we put this Bill on a referendum from all the people I've talked to, all over the city of Chicago, and the State of Illinois, it would fly. It would have hardly any opposition whatsoever. And I believe that it's made very simple. The cost factor has been brought down considerably. The penalty on it is a class A misdemeanor. And I believe if there are any questions I can probably clear it up."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Whiteside, Representative Schuneman."



Wish to address the Bill?"

Schuneman: "Yes, thank you Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, This is the Bill that would require compulsory automobile insurance before an automobile could be registered in Illinois. I think based on what the House has done with this type of legislation before that it probably would be foolhardy to stand here and try to defeat the Bill. I think what I would like to do however is address some of the issues that are involved here and perhaps shed some light on some problems that have been occurring in Illinois that will continue to occur even if we pass this Bill. There are various figures as to how many people in Illinois insure their automobiles. Those figures range all the way from 93% to something like 80%. Based upon the accident reports that are coming in to the Department of Transportation and are later going to the Secretary of State's Office, it appears that about 93% of all the automobiles that are involved in accidents in the State of Illinois are presently insured. The problem rests in the 7% that are not insured and who refuse to comply with our Illinois financial responsibility law. The problem also lies with the state government which has failed to properly administer the Safety Responsibility Act. Our present law says that if an automobile is involved in an accident that the driver must show that he is financially responsible to pay for those damages. Unfortunately if he fails to show that the Secretary of State has been unsuccessful in removing more than about half of those people from the highway. Part of the problem lies in the fact that motorists simply don't send back their registration cards and the other part of the problem lies in the fact that there are certain areas where the Secretary of State investigators do not want to go in and try to pick up the licence plates. So I'm simply saying to you that any kind of self certification compulsory insurance law that we pass is not going to solve the problem of the uninsured driver on the highways in the State of Illinois. Now I have no particular objection to passing , to your passing of this law. But I think that it's foolish for us to pass this law and believe that we're solving any problems. Because we're simply not going to do it by this Bill. So I urge you to take a careful look at the Bill and use your own judgement on it. Thank you."



Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from McHenry; Representative Hanahan."

Hanahan: "Speaker, the Gentleman said he had no objection, I hope he's going to vote green if he has no objection to this worthwhile Bill. If you took a poll on your communities and asked your citizens in your legislative districts what are the needed pieces of legislation that is needed in Illinois I'm sure you will come up with the answer we are tired of driving on a road and getting hit by uninsured motorists. We need protection. You talk to somebody that has been hit by an uninsured motorist and you son't find a more frustrated citizen in Illinois today. Just recently I received a letter from a constituent who complained that he got hit by an uninsured motorist that happened to speak a Spanish dialect. It was hit and run...stopped long enough to identify himself and then left. No insurance. They had the license plate number. When they went to the city to the house where the Gentleman resided 18 people lived in that house. Not one person spoke English. And nobody, nobody could admit who was driving the car or would admit to the police officers. Now you talk about frustration, this Gentleman who happens to be a neighbor of mine, pays \$800 a year insurance to protect himself. On top of that now he has to pay a \$250 deductible to have his car fixed. Now if you call that fair I don't know what could be mor unfair to our over taxed citizens of Illinois than to be hit by an uninsured motorist. Many other states have this legislation and you'll find that this is a worthwhile effort in trying to solve the problem. We're not trying to create more problems; we're trying to solve the problem of what do you do, what do your constituents do when they get hit by an uninsured motorist. If somebody else has a better idea let him come forward. But don't be so critical of an idea we're trying to pass here that will help sove this major problem. I urge a favorable vote."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Bianco."

Bianco: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Last year during the fall season I sent out a questionnaire to my 25th district constituents. In an overwhelming amount voluntarily expressed their interest in this legislation being passed. I strongly urge my fellow Representatives to vote for this Bill. I think that Representative Laurino



should be commended on his leadership on this BILL and I think we should support him."

Speaker Yourell: "Gentleman from Winnebago, Representative Simms."

Simms: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this legislation is long overdue and needed. Representative Laurino is to be complemented on his years of effort of trying to get this legislation passed and into the statutes. I've had an experience personally by being struck by an uninsured motorist and having to pay the deductible out of my own pocket as have thousands of other people in the state. The insurance company ends up raising your rates to pay for someone who has not had adequate or no insurance coverage whatsoever. It's time the State of Illinois takes the irresponsible people off of the road. And part of the responsibility of driving an automobile which is a vehicle that is also a lethal weapon in the hands of people that are not responsible is the financial responsibility that they can do harm to others. This legislation is needed and I would say that 85 to 90% of the people of the State of Illinois want this legislation passed to take the uninsured irresponsible motorist off of Illinois roads. And I urge a 'yes' vote."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Lake, Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Representative Simms has expressed about what I was going to say. I was surprised last year when I sent a questionnaire to everybody in my district and I asked them if you were a state representative what would be the one thing you would do. Right after cutting taxes they said require that everybody that is driving an automobile in this state to have insurance. I served as an attorney for the Kempners Insurance Industry for about 5 years and I'm well acquainted with the insurance industry concern in opposition to this legislation. It sort of goes along.. they are concerned, they think the answer is to say that those of us who are insured ought to buy some extra coverage to protect us against the uninsured motorist. So those of us who are fiscally responsible and trying to take care of ourselves we find that we are subsidizing the parasites. The judgement proof people that are driving all around here, and I want to complement Representative Laurino too, in view of the insurance industry opposition I had introduced legislation that





just required the minors to show proof of liability insurance before they get their license. But I discovered that my people and most Members of this General Assembly want it broader; they want it covering everybody and I think that this is excellent legislation and I think that the concerns of the insurance industry are not going to prove to be valid. And I'm going to vote for this legislation."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Williamson, Representative Harris."

Harris: "Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question."

Speaker Yourell: "Previous question moved. All those in favor signify by saying 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Representative Laurino to close and then we'll recognize Representative McAuliffe to explain his vote."

Laurino: "Well, thank you Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I don't think this Bill needs much of a closing, really and truly it's just over due legislation. But it's inconceivable to me that in this day and age when we're about to pay \$1.00 a gallon for gasoline the approximate value of the average car is over \$8500, and the average income is well beyond that, for people not to be responsible enough to purchase insurance to cover the other person. If he's not...if he doesn't care enough about his own well-being and his own property that's fine, but at least take care of the other person. There's not much else I can say except I would prefer a Roll Call that puts all green lights up there. Thank you."

Speaker Yourell: "The question is shall House Bill 206 pass. All those in favor will vote 'aye', those opposed are voting 'no'. Representative McAuliffe to explain his vote. No?"

McAuliffe: "No need to now."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Marion, Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "I think the intent of this Bill is terrific, but when you go to put it into effect, you don't even realize what you are doing. More and more people are paying their insurance in installments. If I go to apply for an automobile license 6 months ahead or 3 months ahead of when it expires I could very well have insurance. I could very well have insurance the day the license went into effect. 30 days later because I didn't make my payment the insurance is void. This is going



to be an unbelievable job for the Secretary of State, but just the insurance companies. You're putting a load on the Secretary of State that you won't believe because there's no way that you can tell from one day to the next whether the guy's got insurance under the installment plan. When the Bills come into the Secretary of State for an increased budget to handle this I hope you're aware of what you've done."

Speaker Yourell: "Have all voted who wish? The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Epton to explain his vote."

Epton: "Thank you Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I certainly have no intention of causing anybody to change their vote, but I think some remarks should be straightened out. One, the insurance industry came to me on 3 different occasions and asked me to introduce this Bill so the industry if for the Bill; they'll get a hell of a lot more premium than they ever got. Secondly, you'll have...there are 17 states in the Union that have this Bill and all 17 have Bills pending to repeal it because it hasn't worked in any of them. Thirdly, I too commend my colleagues for their ingenuity and perseverance but as some of my other colleagues indicated if you think this will work you are sadly mistaken."

Speaker Yourell: Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish?

Mr. Clerk take the record. On this question there are 135 'ayes' and 18 'no', 8 voting present and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. House Bill 290. The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Brady. Clerk read the Bill."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 290. A Bill for an Act in relation to the establishment, maintenance and operation of County Law Libraries. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Brady."

Brady: "Yes Mr. Speaker and fellow Members. House Bill 290 allows the trial clerk to charge a fee of between 2 and 4 dollars instead of between 1 and 2 dollars. This is to defray the cost of County Law Libraries for counties that have entered into law library programs. The county of Cook has an extensive one with its new mini-civic centers, has new law libraries going into every branch. Over 13,000 library cards are issued. I think this is a good Bill. It's a small modest fee to be paid for the



services rendered by the county law libraries, not only in Cook, but around the state and I urge a favorable support."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from McHenry, Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "I wonder if the Sponsor would mind a question."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman indicates he'll yield."

Skinner: "How does this fit in with the President's anti-inflation guidelines?"

Brady: "Representative Skinner your question poses a problem for me because it..."

Skinner: "I imagine it does."

Brady: "...because as you can see it changes that portion of a trial fee by a dollar which looks to be 50% but if you take it within the entire fee charge I don't know the percentage, but it certainly isn't 50%. We certainly have a need to keep the law libraries in counties like Cook and McHenry well stock and staffed so that you and your constituents may make use of them as the public is allowed to in every county that has these libraries. And I would think you'd want to support this."

Skinner: "Well, it appears to me Mr. Speaker, that it increases it not by 50%, but by 100%. The minimum will go from one dollar to two dollars and the maximum will go from two dollars to four dollars. This is an excellent Bill from the viewpoint of the West Publishing Company but I'm not sure it's a very good Bill from the viewpoint of people who file small claims in the Circuit Clerk's Office who do without a lawyer. I don't see why we don't let the lawyers buy their own law books. I don't see why the client should have to buy them."

Brady: "I think Representative Skinner that you'll find that the people who do file their own claims in small courts have more need and they use the law library more than a lawyer would. And for that reason I would urge your support."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Winnebago, Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Brady, on these fees is it for example a traffic violation are you charging...are you going from 2 to 4 dollars on a trial for a traffic violation?"

Brady: "No Representative Giorgi, that has nothing to do with a traffic violation filing fee. It's a civil fee filed by the plaintiff in a



trial court."

Speaker Yourell: "No further discussion? The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Brady to close."

Brady: "I urge your favorable support of this legislation. It will help the county law library program throughout the State of Illinois."

Speaker Yourell: "Question is shall House Bill 290 pass. Those in favor vot 'aye', those opposed vote 'no'. Clerk will take the record. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? On this question there are 104 'ayes' and 38 nays, 2 voting present. The Bill having received. Oh, who? Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. Going back to House Bill 533 the chair recognizes Representative Lechowicz and the Clerk will read the Bill."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 533. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Treasurer's: appropriations in relation to State bonded indebtedness. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Bill 533 Amends the State Treasurer's fiscal 79 appropriation for payment for principal and interest of state bonded indebtedness. It increases ...it's a reduction of 1,118,200 dollars. The accounts were adjusted to show actual expenditures that will be incurred during the current fiscal year. The amounts contained in the original appropriation are only estimates of the expenditures drawn up nearly a year ago. The estimates do not take into account changes in the amount of bonds sold dates of the bonds sales, and the fluctuating interest rates. As the year has progressed, the effect of these variables can be more accurately calculated and that is the purpose of House Bill 533. And it shows the reduction of approximately \$1,118,200. I'm more than happy to answer any questions and I ask your favorable consideration."

Speaker Yourell: "Any further discussion? Gentleman from Cook, Representative Totten."

Totten: "Thank you Mr. Speaker, would the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Lechowicz: "Yes."

Totten: "Ted, does this mean the original estimate that went into the Treasurer's budget at the beginning of this fiscal year that there will now be a million dollars additional in the general revenue fund because



principal and interest will not take the money?"

Lechowicz: "Basically it's an adjustment of the respective bond areas both in the principal and the interest and that money should be reverted back to the general revenue."

Totten: "Thank you."

Speaker Yourell: "Any further discussion? Gentleman wish to close?"

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker I believe I explained the Bill and I ask for your favorable consideration."

Speaker Yourell: "The question is shall House Bill 533 pass. Those in favor vote 'aye', those opposed are voting 'no'. Clerk will take the record. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 148 'ayes', 4 'nays' and none voting present, and this Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. House Bill 311."

Clekr Hall: "House Bill 311. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Franchise Disclosure Act."

Speaker Yourell: "Take it out of the record. House Bill 318."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 318. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Probate Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Effingham, Representative Brummer."

Brummer: "Yes. this Bill ...just a minute let me find it. This Bill is a Bill to Amend the Probate Act to authorize guardians of wards or income petents to enter into a coal lease for a term not to exceed 25 years. Current law provides that that individual may enter into a oil, gas, or other mineral lease for a term not exceeding 10 years. Coal leases are typically written for a minimum of 20 years, in some instances 30 or 40 years. The result of the existing law is that in effect no one can lease for coal on behalf of any minor and this legislation would authorize after court hearing and after court order had approval would authorize the guardian of the ward or imcompetent to enter into a coal lease for a term not exceeding 25 years and so long thereafter as coal may be produced from the mining area described in the lease. In addition to this it authorizes those individuals to enter into an agreement with a cooperative coal marketing association. This provision does not currently exist in the statutes. It is the... The cooperative



coal marketing association is a relatively new concept in Illinois and I think that's the reason it was never included in the statutes previously.

I would be glad to answer any questions."

Speaker Yourell: "The Gentleman from Lake, Representative Pierce."

Pierce: "Would the court have to approve the entering of the 25 year lease?"

I take that when you mean minor, you don't mean coal miner, you mean someone under 18 years of age. Is that right?"

Brummer: "That is correct."

Pierce: "And the incompetent or the minor, are those... would those leases have to be approved by the court before the guardian enters into that 25 year obligation?"

Brummer: "Yes, current law requires that it be approved by the court after hearing and this does not change that procedure."

Pierce: "I see. So unlike oil where you would be limited to 10 years on an oil lease, the coal because of practice it would be a 25 year maximum but only upon a petition to court and a hearing and a court order authorizing the entry."

Brummer: "That's correct."

Speaker Yourell: "Any further discussion? The Gentleman to close. The Gentleman to close."

Brummer: "Yes, I ask for a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Yourell: "Question is shall this House Bill 318 pass. Those in favor will be voting 'aye', those opposed will be voting 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this Bill there are 141 'ayes', 1 no', 0 voting present. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. House Bill 420 out of the record at the request of the Speaker. In the order of Second Reading appears House Bill 611. Representative Huskey. Read the Bill Mr. Clerk 611."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 611. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Park District Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendments, Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendment #1?"

Clerk Hall: "Motion to table Amendment #1 by Representative Getty."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Getty? Is this your Amendment in Committee?"



Getty: "This was Representative Yourell's Amendment in Committee and it just doesn't seem to track. I noted that a subsequent Amendment now has come to my desk that may track better by Representative Huskey and it seems to me that he would probably..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell, are you aware of the motion to table your Amendment #1 to House Bill 611? Will you put the right number up there 611? Representative Yourell."

Yourell: No I'm not Mr. Speaker, the Sponsor didn't talk to me about tabling my Amendment. The Amendment was proposed by Representative Walsh in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Walsh, what's your reaction? Haven't you been paying attention?"

Walsh: "I was talking business Mr. Speaker. My reaction to what Mr. Speaker? Would you review it a little bit?"

Speaker Redmond: "Somebody..."

Walsh: "You're right on top of everything."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Getty has got a motion to table Amendment #1 to House Bill 611 and I understand you were the Sponsor of the Amendment."

Walsh: "Well, I was not the Sponsor of the Amendment. I have the Amendment in hand here and it shows that Representative Yourell was the Sponsor. If Representative Huskey favors the tabling of this Amendment then I would certainly favor it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell advised the chamber that you were the Sponsor of the Amendment. I don't like to..."

Walsh: "I'm not a Member of the Committee Mr. Speaker so I could not be a Sponsor of the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell?"

Yourell: "Well, it makes no difference to me Mr. Speaker if the Sponsor wants to table the Amendment it's fine with me."

Walsh: "Yes, if Representative Huskey wants to table the Amendment it's fine with me."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Huskey do you have any reaction?"

Huskey: "Well, Mr. Speaker if it's alright with Representative Yourell, it would certainly be alright with me."



Speaker Redmond: "Do we have unanimous consent to table Amendment #1?"

There are no objections. Unanimous consent. Amendment #1 is tabled.

Are there any further Amendments?"

Clerk Hall: "Amendment #2. Representative Huskey House Bill 611 on page 3, after line 4 , and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Huskey."

Huskey: "Mr. Speaker, and Representative Yourell, this Amendment is a simple Amendment that brings the Bill in line with Corrupt Practice Act. It was deleted by the reference bureau and it's put back in that so any contract made or procured in violation of this Corruption Act is void. And that's all it does. And it puts the Bill in good form. I don't know anything about Amendment #1 but I suspect that this takes its place."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment 2. All those in favor indicate by saying 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it , the motion carried. The Amendment is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk Hall: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. Representative Ryan any comment on 611?"

Ryan: "No, I have no comment. Thank you Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "On the order of Third Reading appears House Bill 437. Representative Cullerton."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 437. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Abortion Law. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Cullerton."

Cullerton: "Mr. Speaker, I ask permission to bring this back for an Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman asks leave to return to the order of Second Reading for the purpose of Amendment. Is there any objection? Hearing none it will be returned. Second Reading. "

Clerk Hall: "Amendment #2. Cullerton Amends House Bill 437 as Amended by adding subparagraph 7 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Cullerton."

Cullerton: "Mr. Speaker, first part of this Amendment is to cross-reference the ambulatory surgical treatment center definition with this Act which





is Amendment to the Illinois Abortion Law of 1975. The second portion of the Amendment is to define a facility as one authorized by state or federal law to provide hospital care. The third portion of the Amendment on page 2 allows the Department of Public Health to give access to the records intra state, to intra-state departments which means the Department of Public Health can give access to the records to the Registration and Education Department of Public Aid, Law Enforcement Administration. But these agencies still cannot disclose the individual patient information. The last Section of the Amendment requires a physician who discovers a woman has had complications as a result of an abortion should report that fact to the Department of Public Health and that the Department of Public Health shall define by rule what complications are."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Question's on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment 2. Those in favor indicate by saying 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The motion carried. The Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk Hall: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 438."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 438. A Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center..."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record at the request of the Sponsor. 439, Representative Cullerton, out of the record. 553. It's the intention to break at about 12:45. We would request that the Chairman, the Vice Chairman, and the Minority Spokesman of all of the Committees meet in room 114 immediately after adjournment for about a 5 minute meeting and then the Committees will go in session at 2:00. So we intend to break at 12:45."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 553. A Bill for an Act relating to the registration location and reporting of burial places. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Bill 553 increases the allowable amount to be paid by the veterans of veteran affairs to the next of kin for the cost of erecting a headstone from \$30 to \$50. I understand the minimal cost for this is \$261 so this isn't



asking too much. I would appreciate a favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion. Representative Deuster in opposition."

Deuster: "No I'm not rising in opposition, but I have a constituent Representative DiPrima knows who's with the monument builders of North America and who is opposed to the Bill and has expressed some concerns. I did give a copy of this letter to Representative DiPrima and thought that the record ought to ...that I might ask a question of the Sponsor if he would yield."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Deuster: "First question is this; my constituent has suggested in his letter Representative DiPrima, that there is no need to increase the transportation reimbursement for these government markers because the government pays the freight. They pay it...it's pre-paid freight. Is that correct?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Yes Sir."

Deuster: "So if the government, the Federal Government is paying the freight then we don't need to increase the reimbursement for the transportation, do we?"

DiPrima: "Have you heard the word 'inflation'? Were have you been all these years?"

Deuster: "Well, if the Federal Government is doing it why does the state government have to do it? That's my point. I know there's inflation. I know the cost of transportation goes up but it's my understanding the freight is paid by the Federal Government so why do we need to increase the money here?"

DiPrima: "As long as you want to get into a dissertation let me explain a few things to you. Now, I figured I didn't want to have 6 feet of dirt thrown into my kisser when I die so I was going to buy a couple of crypts out at the Queen of Heaven Mausoleum. And I could have got eye-level for \$2500 at the time for my wife and myself. Well at the time I didn't take advantage of it. Now I bought 2 crypts out at All Saints Mausoleum in DesPlaines. You know what I had to pay for those 2? \$5700. It's on a time payment. Unless I die immediately and then my wife has to cough up the money. In any event, the only thing I



hate about my ...the only thing, I feel bad about being buried out at All Saints is I got to be out there with 2 eggheads who live out there Mugalian and Schlickman. But I'll be with my wife so we'll probably move out there to Harrisburg, Pennsylvania and contaminate the waters of the Susquehana River. Come on now, Deuster, sit down will you?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster, is that answer responsive to your inquiry?"

Deuster: "Well, I have another question. I appreciate these responses and as I said to Representative DiPrima, I have a constituent who is deeply concerned ..."

DiPrima: "You know what I told you to tell him in no uncertain terms."

Deuster: "I remember and I told him that."

DiPrima: "He must be an anti-veteran, that's for certain."

Deuster: "Well, maybe he is. The second question is that he believes that what we're really doing here is that some of the memorial parks are engaged in a practice that is questionable and that they try to maintain a monopoly for installing the bronze memorials. They charge too much; they don't allow outside people who are preparing the markers to come in and install them. He points out that in a normal cemetery the charge of installing ranges from \$25 to \$35 outside of Chicago but in the memorial park cemeteries that are restricted just to these bronze memorials they charge \$90. He calls this a rip-off and suggests that your legislation is contributing to the financing of the rip-off. I simply ask that question so that you can respond to it specifically again. He points out that the 9th Circuit Court of Appeals has considered this procedure to be illegal and we don't want the veterans to be involved in anything that is illegal and I speak as a veteran. So would you answer that question please, Representative DiPrima?"

DiPrima: "If you didn't listen to half of those half-wits over in your district and put all those Bills in that you put in for Christ's sake tell him to go and peddle his newspapers. You're afraid one guy's going to vote against you. You're the only guy in this whole body here that got any repercussions from any of your constituents. I put this Bill in at the request of the Veterans' Organizations. You don't want to vote for it, just abstain or vote red. But don't give me an argument."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Simms, an expert."



Simms: "Would the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Simms: "Larry, how are you feeling today?"

DiPrima: "Ready to go."

Simms: "If you do give me a call."

DiPrima: "OK. Digger Phelps. I would appreciate an affirmative vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Alright. Representative Matijeovich."

Matijeovich: "Would the Gentleman yield to one question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates yes."

Matijeovich: "Representative DiPrima, I noticed that this Bill has been Amended to delete 'in relation' and insert in lieu thereof relating. Could you explain to this body the purport of that Amendment?"

DiPrima: "I don't know what the hell it means. Somebody told me to put the Amendment on, I put it on. You try and decipher it."

Matijeovich: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House."

DiPrima: "You're a mental giant."

Matijeovich: "I think that on this day, the first day in the history of the State of Illinois, when we had the Pledge of Allegiance and this Gentleman who represents the veterans didn't have the courage to be here on the floor of the House, I don't think he deserves a vote on this type of Bill. I think we ought to punish him, at least for about 2 minutes. And vote red on his Bill because he represents veterans and wasn't here on this auspicious occasion the first time in history that we had the Pledge of Allegiance on the floor of the House."

DiPrima: "I'm coming up with that after I'm through with this."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there anything further? Representative Collins."

Collins: "Will the Gentleman yield for a question Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

DiPrima: "Yes, Phil."

Collins: "Larry, I think I missed something important. Are you now on eye-level?"

DiPrima: "Yes."

Collins: "And you're at All Saints?"

DiPrima: "All Saints, that's right, mausoleum."

Collins: "There goes the neighborhood."



DiPrima: "That's right."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; those opposed vote 'no'. Representative DiPrima to explain his vote."

DiPrima: "When I get the necessary votes on this I want a talk on that Amendment..."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 147 'aye' and 6 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I would like leave of the House to have myself recorded as voting 'aye' on Amendment..."

Speaker Redmond: "We've got to..."

DiPrima: "What?"

Speaker Redmond: "There's a Verified Roll Call Representative DiPrima and you can't get on it now. After verification."

DiPrima: "Alright."

Speaker Redmond: "Committee reports."

Clerk Hall: "Representative Kozubowski, Chairman on the Committee for Cities and Villages to which the following Bills referred action taken April 4th 1979, report the same back with following recommendations do pass House Bills 1047, 1130, Senate Bill 150. Do not pass House Bill 1022. Do pass as Amended House Bill 407, House Bill 555, interim-study House Bill 556. Representative Leon, Chairman on the Committee on Financial Institutions to which the following Bills referred, action taken April 4th, 1979, report the same back with following recommendations: do pass House Bill 891, and do pass as Amended House Bill 749, do not pass as Amended House Bill 596, do pass consent calendar House Bill 737. Representative Katz, Chairman of the Committee Judiciary II, to which the following Bills referred, action taken April 4th, 1979, report the same back with the following recommendations: House Bill 889, do pass as Amended House Bill 889, House Bill 1010 be adopted House Joint Resolution 23. Representative Garmisa, Chairman on the Committee on Transportation to which the following Bills referred, action taken on April 4th, 1979, report the same back with the following recommenda-



tions: do pass House Bill 666, do pass as Amended House Bill 751, House Bill 925."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Polk, for what purpose do you rise?"

Polk : "Well, Mr. Speaker we were working on a deal; it fell through so I don't want to talk about it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Getty."

Getty: "Mr. Speaker ,Members of the House , by having consulted what the Minority and Majority Leaders, I ask leave that House Bill 923 the Rules be suspended so that it could be posted for hearing in Committee, subcommittee tomorrow, of Judiciary I Products Liability subcommittee. I'd ask for leave."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman...any objection? Does he have a unanimous consent? Do you get the number of the Bill? There is no objection...what Committee is it Representative Getty?"

Getty: "That's the Judiciary I subcommittee on Products Liability."

Speaker Redmond: "OK. Leave is granted. Agreed Resolutions."

Clerk Hall: " House Resolutions 174, 175, 176, & 177."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, House Resolution 174 by Pechous honors Michael Woods . 175 by O'Brien tells about Ray Meyers' basketball hall of fame, 176 by Macdonald honors the mayor of Rolling Meadows, & 177 by Macdonald talks about a ...Tom Hamilton. I move for the adoption of the Agreed Resolutions."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Question's on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Agreed Resolutions. Those in favor say 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The motion carried. Agreed Resolutions are adopted. Representative Gene Barnes."

Barnes: "Thank you very much Mr. Speaker just for the purpose of the announcement relative to the Appropriations II Committee tomorrow morning to alert the Members because the time has been fluctuating. Appropriations II tomorrow morning will start precisely at 8:00 a.m., 8:00 a.m. tomorrow morning for Appropriations II."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House I would like to alert the body that those Rules that we adopted last night many of



you are not aware that for the first time tomorrow will be the deadline for any Appropriation Bill to be introduced, a nonsuspendable Rule. A good Rule by the way I think. But I want to alert the body, if you've got any thing you want to do that costs money tomorrow is your deadline in the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any motions for unanimous consent to be ...

Mr. Clerk how about the motion, Representative Macdonald had one and Telcser the other one. Don't we have to read that in the record? Well, I think we ought to put in the record ...Isn't that the procedure Mr. Clerk? Clerk will you read the...the Clerk read them..."

Clerk Hall: "Motion pursuant to Rule 50 A request unanimous consent to be recorded as voting 'no' on House Bill 21..."

Speaker Redmond: "Who signed that request? You can't read the hand writing? Well, you can send that out to the local laundry and now that we have better relations with China maybe we can have it interpreted."

Clerk Hall: "I think it's Representative Telcser."

Speaker Redmond: "Is that your signature Representative Telcser? Does the Gentleman have unanimous consent to be added to the Roll Call. Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker, the same request as I made yesterday, by another individual was denied though because of the Verified Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Was this verified also? The one that Representative Telcser, I understand that was a Verified Roll Call so your motion's out of order. Read the other one."

Clerk Hall: "Pursuant to Rule 50, I request unanimous consent to be recorded as voting 'yes' on House Bill 325, Representative Macdonald."

Speaker Redmond: "Does she have unanimous consent to be added to the Roll Call? There are no objections, ...Representative Collins are you persisting in your objections?"

Collins: "No, she just gave me a dirty look."

Speaker Redmond: "She has unanimous consent. Representative Barnes."

Barnes: "Thank you very much Mr. Speaker. For the purpose of announcement and to all of those Members who have House Commissions, to follow-up on the announcement of Representative Matijevich. Make sure that you get to the Democratic or the Republican staff because tomorrow is the last day for filing for an Appropriations Bill. So if you are involved in an ongoing



standing House Commission make sure that we know about them so that we can be assured that the proper appropriation will be introduced and they will be included. After tomorrow you will really have some problem so if you have a House Commission make sure that you get to either or the Majority or the Minority staff so that we know that those Commissions have been taken care of."

Speaker Redmond: "I would like to also remind the Members, the Rules provide that if you requested a Bill in the Reference Bureau by March 15th, that it can be introduced but that is, as I understand it, the reason for that is that if it had not delivered to you but if you have it in your possession and was delivered and you tried to introduce it after tomorrow, I would think that the protection of that rule does not apply. That's only in cases that the Reference Bureau was unable to give you the Bill. I understand that there are some Bills that have been delivered and they have not yet been introduced. So I would just caution you that that is what I think the rule provides. Representative Macdonald."

Macdonald: "Mr. Speaker, I would like to have a clarification again now. Tomorrow is the last day also for Appropriation Bills? For all Bills then will be... the deadline is tomorrow?"

Speaker Redmond: "Deadline tomorrow everything... appropriations and everything. And I would also say that that also applies to a Bill that had been requested, the Reference Bureau and delivered and in hand to the Member. Now if I understand there are some that have been delivered and have not yet been introduced then I would think that the deadline would pre-clude the introduction unless they come in by tomorrow. Representative Kane."

Kane: "Oh, what is the deadline for Bills that were requested in the Reference Bureau prior to March 16th, that have not..."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, I don't believe we have a deadline on that do we? I think they're clear alright. Tomorrow's not the deadline on that. I am just saying that I do know that there are some that have been delivered and have not yet been introduced. And I think that the exemption from the deadline probably wouldn't prevail as far as they're concerned. But any that have been requested by the 15th of March, then when you get them you can't introduce them. That's my understanding of the Rule."

Kane: "OK. Will the Committee deadlines apply to those Bills also?"





Speaker Redmond: "You always think of something ingenious Doug. I really, it would seem to me that it wouldn't but I don't really know. We'd have to...Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Well, it's my understanding Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, that those Bills requested before March 15th, will be available to you tomorrow if you're here. So it's important if you've got some that are still down there that you check with them to be sure."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, the reason for my comment is that I do know of some that have been delivered and I just wanted to warn the Members that I don't believe that they would be protected if they have it and they don't put it in tomorrow."

Friedrich: "Well, Reference Bureau has been putting in some very long hours to accomodate the Members so I think they will find their Bills available if they want them."

Speaker Redmond: "That's right. Any further announcements? Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Yes, Sir, Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask leave of the House to be recorded as voting 'aye' on Amendment #48 on House Resolution 67 which was passed out yesterday. Some traitor I understand punched my button red over here while I wasn't here."

Speaker Redmond: "Verified Roll Call Representative DiPrima and under our rules you cannot be added today. The Roll Call was verified. Consent calendar, Second Reading, Second day."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 37, a Bill for an Act to revise an Act in relation to an injunction. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 42, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act in regard to redemption by the State of Illinois real estate sold and Judicial Executions Sale, Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 47, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale on execution from stress of rent. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 49, a Bill for an Act to revise Sections of various Acts in order to employ correct and uniform terminology in reference to the Illinois Civil Practice Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 55, a Bill for an Act to provide for fees of sheriffs' recorders of deeds and county



clerks. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 63, a Bill for an Act to include judgements for wages and service of laborer's horse or team. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 66, a Bill for an Act in relation to employment discrimination. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 73, a Bill for an Act to make uniform and statutory provisions for appeal in civil cases. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 77, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Civil Service in Park systems. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 80, a Bill for an Act to correct references to the title and Act concerning judgements in decrees. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 83, a Bill for an Act to repeal Tobacco Products Tax Act. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 85, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Civil Practice Act. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 87, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act revising the law in regard to estrays and other lost property. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 89, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act revise the law in relation to the Supreme Court. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 92, a Bill for an Act to repeal an Act to authorize the clerks of the Supreme Courts and Appellate Courts to enter motions in said courts in behalf of attorneys. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 373, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act in regard to limitations. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 377, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act in regarding judgements in the manner of forcing same executions. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee. House Bill 379..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan, for what purpose do you rise?"

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, have we finished our work for today?"

Speaker Redmond: "Not quite. We're reading Second Readings, Second Legislative Day."

Madigan: "I see. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Consent Calendar."

Clerk Hall: "House Bill 379, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Vehicle Code. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 612, a Bill for an Act to Amend



an Act in revise the law in relation to Secretary of State. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 627, a Bill for an Act to Amend an Act in order to remove there from term Superior Court. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 628 was removed from the consent calendar. House Bill 629, a Bill for an Act in regard to practice of actions of ejectment. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 630, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act in relation to judicial notes. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 632, a Bill for an Act to repeal an Act relating to mortgages of property and public utilities. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 633, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act to revise the law in relation to attorneys and counselors. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 634, a Bill for an Act repealing an Act and parts of Acts declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 635, a Bill for an Act repealing an Act or parts of Acts declared unconstitutional by the Illinois Supreme Court. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill-636, a Bill for an Act repealing an Act and parts of Acts declared unconstitutional by the-Supreme Court of Illinois. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 637, a Bill for an Act repealing an Act and parts of Acts declared unconstitutional by the Illinois Appellate and Supreme Courts. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 650, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Probate Act. Second Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Third Reading. Representative Willer."

Willer: "Yes, thank you Mr. Speaker. For purposes of introduction. In back of me over my head in the gallery , the 8th grade class from Saint John' LaCross of Western Springs, the 6th District. And their teacher Mrs. King."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan?"

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, would you clarify for the Membership the rule on introductions from the gallery? As I recall Mr. Speaker, the rules provided that there would one person on each side of the aisle designated for the purpose of introductions."

Speaker Redmond: "I think that's right, but the Parliamentarian wasn't up along side of me so I made a mistake this time. I'll ..."

Madigan: "The question has been brought to my desk earlier this afternoon



Mr. Speaker. And the request was for a clarification fo the rule."

Speaker Redmond: "What is the rule on introduction Mr. Parliamentarian?  
What was your inquiry again Representative Madigan?"

Madigan: "What do the rules provide for introduction of guests from the gallery? Apparently yesterday some Member introduced someone from the gallery and the question was raised to me, do the rules still provide that there shall be one person on each side of the aisle designated to introduce guests from the gallery?"

Speaker Redmond: "The rules so provide Sir. "

Madigan: "And do the rules provide who that person shall be?"

Speaker Redmond: "My memory is that it's the Minority Leader and the Majority Leader. Maybe my memory is bunk. Representative O'Brien by the way looking in the rules here. Representative O'Brien."

O'Brien: "Mr. Speaker and Members, it has come to my attention and that of a couple of other Members that the ratio of Republicans and Democrats and in some instances the ratio make-up of the Committees has been changed. Would it be possible Mr. Speaker for a Member of your staff to put out a memo which would indicate the number of votes that are now required under the new make-up of the Committees in order to get a Bill out of Committee?"

Speaker Redmond: "By number you mean?"

O'Brien: "Yes. I think that some of the..."

Speaker Redmond: "We will do that."

O'Brien: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "According to Rule 55 I reads 'only the Speaker and Majority Leader may introduce or recognize guests in the House area or in the balcony and no such introduction or recognition shall occur while any other matter is before the House . So it's the Speaker and Majority Leader. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I request the permission of the Democrats to be relieved of that duty. And I would suggest Representative Taylor..."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, I'm not so sure that rule is suspendable. We'll have to look it over. You know it's not only is this matter, but in many other matters, the control of the business of this House is within the Membership and we have a lot of rules about who can be on the floor



and who can have access to the floor, and many other things. Members repeatedly violate that rule. They come to the doorkeepers and they say this person is with me and it's all right to let them in. And the result is that we have bedlam. I don't have any idea why people seek recognition. Maybe they want to tell me there's a fire in the balcony, I don't know. And when I do recognize them and they make an introduction they're the one that has violated the rule. Not the Speaker. And with co-operation on the part of the Membership, keeping people off the floor that don't belong here, that don't have any business on the floor, I think that when you look at the work load that we have ahead of us it seems to me that we're going to have to do it. I think that your inquiry is well taken Mr. Madigan but I entreat the Membership to please respect the rules and don't expect the Speaker to be the only one. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, could I also receive from the chair further clarification as to the procedures that will be followed tomorrow to determine whether or not a Bill may be introduced. I understand that you commented from the chair that if a Bill were delivered from the Reference Bureau and given to a Member that that Member would be under an obligation tomorrow to introduce that Bill tomorrow. And if the Bill were not introduced tomorrow then that Member would not be able to introduce the Bill prior to the deadline and thereby obtain consideration of the Bill. I suggest Mr. Speaker that if we are to impose that kind of a rule that we need some kind of an accounting system on the part of the Reference Bureau as to whether or not Bills were actually delivered to potential Sponsors."

Speaker Redmond: "I think that there's a way that the Reference Bureau can give us that information. We're going to be open quite late tomorrow so anything that is delivered to a Member would seem to me that there really isn't any real reason why it can't be introduced tomorrow. My memory is that we were here...what was it?...Saturday and Sunday the last time. We will be here quite a long time. Representative Ryan plans to spend the night in Springfield tomorrow. Representative McGrew does not. We have a ...who in the world is this? Have you got a motion there Mr. Clerk?"

Clerk Hall: "Pursuant to Rule 50 A I request unanimous consent to be re-



corded as 'no' on Amendment # 40 House Resolution 67 signed Representative Telcser."

Speaker Redmond: "Anybody object? Hearing none, the unanimous consent. Representative Madigan on the adjournment. The Clerk tells me he needs about a half an hour."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, providing one half hour for the Clerk in perfunctory session I now move that we be adjourned until 12:00 noon tomorrow."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's motion. Those in favor indicate by saying 'aye', 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it.... Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, did you want to announce the meeting of Chairman and Committee Chairman?"

Speaker Redmond: "I did, yes. And I want to again remind the Membership Chairman, Vice Chairman and Minority Spokesman 114. About 10 minutes at the most. Representative Madigan's motion now having received the majority of the votes is hereby declared passed. The House stands adjourned until 12:00 o'clock tomorrow."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bills First Reading. Senate Bill 100, Deuster-Steczo a Bill for an Act to Amend School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 151, Kosinski-Polk, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. Introduction and First Readings of the House Bills. House Bill 1676, Ryan-Wikoff, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1677, Katz, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Public Library District Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1678, Kempiners-Laurino, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1679, John Dunn, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1680, Pierce, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1681, Watson, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1682, Leverenz, a Bill for an Act to make appropriations in Illinois Legislative Council. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1683, Katz-Redmond, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Condominium Property Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1684, Katz-Redmond, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Revenue Act. First



Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1685, Macdonald, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1686, Brady, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1687, Dyer, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act requiring the teaching of general practice of medicine in all state established and maintained mendical schools. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1688, Dyer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Medical Practice Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1689, Brady, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Unified Code of Corrections. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1690, McClain, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Juvenile Court Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1691, Giorgi, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1692, Giorgi, a Bill for an Act to license and regulate the operation of certain games of chance. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1693, Giorgi, a Bill for an Act to Amend Public Funds Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1694, Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1695, Giorgi, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Public Defenders Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1696, Giorgi-McPike-Hanahan, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Workman's Occupational Disease Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1697, Giorgi-McPike-Hanahan, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Workman's Compensation Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1698, Swanstrom, a Bill for an Act in relation to the use of assumed names in conduct of business. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1700, Leverenz, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Purchasing Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1701, Leverenz, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1702, Leverenz, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Retailers' Occupational Tax Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1703, Leverenz, A Bill for an Act to create Tax Preparers' Registration Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1704, Leverenz, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1705, Leverenz, a Bill for an Act concerning the rights of aliens to hold real and personal estate. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1706, Dyer, a Bill for an Act creating



the Illinois Tuition Equalization Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1707, Getty-Johnson-Daniels, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Residential Landlord Tenant Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1708, McAuliffe, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1709, Reilly, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Down-State Teachers' Retirement Fund, Article of the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1710, Reilly, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1711, Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1712, Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to create the Violent Crimes Study Commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1713, Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to appropriate money for the ordinary and contingent expenses for the Violent Crime Study Commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1714, Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Code of Criminal Procedure. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1715, Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Code of Criminal Procedure. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1716, Braun-Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Crime-Victims Compensation Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1717, Jane Barnes-Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Rape Victims Emergency Treatment Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1718, Jane Barnes-Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Rape Victims Emergency Treatment Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1719, Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Abused and Neglected Child Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1720, Peters-Jaffe, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1721, Brady-Stanley-Currie, a Bill for an Act appropriating money to the State Board of Elections. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1722, Peters-Jaffe, a Bill for an Act appropriating money for the expenses of the Department of Children and Family Services. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1723, Peters-Jaffe, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Child Care Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1724, Peters-Jaffe a Bill for an Act to Amend an Act creating the Department of Children Family Services. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1725,





Peters-Jaffe, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1726, Gaines-Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Rape Victims Emergency Treatment Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1727, Taylor-Currie, a Bill for an Act appropriating money to the Department of Conservation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1728, Gaines-Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1729, Kornowicz-Harris, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Emergency Pot Hole Repair Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1730, Kornowicz, a Bill for an Act appropriating money to the Department of Transportation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1731, Gaines-Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1732, E.M. Barnes-Jaffe-Peters, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1733, Sandquist, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Dram Shop Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1734, E.M. Barnes-Catania-Jaffe, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Police Training Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1735, Yourell, a Bill for an Act to provide for the State Reimbursement Unit of Local Government and School Districts Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1736, Merovitz, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Condominium Property Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1737, Van Duyne, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Secretary of State Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1738, Ewell, a Bill for an Act to permit health care providers to furnish services on a no-fault basis. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1739, Ewell, a Bill for an Act to Amend the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1740, Hoffman, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1741, Hoffman, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1742, Hoffman, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1743, Breslin, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1744, Breslin, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Controlled Substance Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1745, Breslin, a Bill for an Act to Amend the



Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1746, Ropp, a Bill for an Act concerning townships. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1747, Breslin, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Controlled Substance Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1748, Breslin, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Environmental Protection Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1749, Breslin, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Code of Criminal Procedure. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1750, Bower, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1751, Bower, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1752, Wikoff, a Bill for an Act to Amend the State University's Retirement System. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1753, McMaster, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Notary Public Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1754, McMaster, a Bill for an Act to require mobile homes and an Act to provide for privilege tax on mobile homes. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1735 (sic), Telcser, a Bill for an Act relating to the paying of interest on security deposits. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1756, Telcser, a Bill for an Act concerning deposits of state money. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1757, O'Brien-Daniels-Marovitz, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1758, McMaster-McGrew-Neff, a Bill for an Act appropriating money to the Capital Development Board. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1759, McGrew-McMaster-Neff, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Public Community College Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1760, Beatty, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Personal Actions Limitations Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1761, Cullerton, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Public Defender Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1762, Molloy, a Bill for an Act enacts a new credit union Act and repeals present Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1763, Polk, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Firearms Training for Peace Officers Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1764, Hoffman, a Bill for an Act to Amend an Act in relation to plumbers by providing a business offense penalty. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1765, Yourell, a Bill for an Act to



Amend the County Home Act to remove the limitations on furnishing maintenance. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1766, Giorgi, an Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1767, Yourell, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Local Library Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1768, Yourell, a Bill for an Act to Amend various Acts relating to libraries. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1769, Yourell, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Library System Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1770, Yourell, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1771, Yourell. a Bill for an Act to Amend the Local Library Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1772, Beatty, a Bill for an Act to Amend the State University's Retirement System. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1773, Beatty, a Bill for an Act to add Article to the Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1774, Schisler, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Game Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1775, Schisler, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Game Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1776, Schisler, a Bill for an Act appropriating money for the Department of Conservation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1777, Schisler, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Fish Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1778, Tuerk, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1779, Domico, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sanitary District Article of the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1780, Domico, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Chicago Sanitary District Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1781, Mahar-Sharp, no, Mahar-Steczo, a Bill for an Act enlarge the metropolitan sanitary district. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1782, Telcser, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1783, Terzich, a Bill for an Act to Amend Articles of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1784, Ropp, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill, House Bill 1785, Chapman, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1786, Beatty-Madigan, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of



the Bill. House Bill 1787, Rigney-Swanstrom, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Hospital District Law. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1785, Schuneman, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1789, (sic), Schuneman, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1790, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1791, Steczko-Greisheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1792, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1793, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1794, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1795, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1796, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1797, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1798, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1799, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1800, O'Brien, a Bill for an Act relating to alcoholic liquors. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1801, E.M.Barnes-Skinner, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Reginal Transportation Authority Ace. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1802, E.M.Barnes-Skinner, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Hosue Bill 1803, E.M.Barnes-Skinner, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Metropolitan Transit-Authority Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1804, E.M.Barnes-Skinner, a Bill for an Act to create the Mass-Transit Public Employ Training Program Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1805, E.M.Barnes-Skinner, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Metropolitan Authority Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1806, E.M.Barnes-Skinner, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Metropolitan Transit Authority Act. First Reading of the



Bill. House Bill 1807, E.M.Barnes-Skinner, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1808, E.M.Barnes-Skinner, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1809, E.M.Barnes-Skinner, a Bill for an Act to Amend Unified Code of Corrections. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1810, E.M.Barnes, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Metropolitan Transit Authority Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1811, Steczko-Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Franchise Disclosure Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1812, Cullerton, a Bill for an Act relating to contractors' and material mens' liens by providing specifically that a contractor as used in this Act has the right to opt to a lien. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1813, Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend Acts concerning judgements that are enforced by execution. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1814, Griesheimer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Safety Responsibility Law. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1815, O'Brien, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1816, Brummer-Laurino-Kelly, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1817, Skinner, a Bill for an Act to abolish Illinois Building Authority. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1818, O'Brien, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Cannabis Control Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1819, Skinner, a Bill for an Act to create an Act concerning certain nonsmoking areas. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1820, Skinner, a Bill for an Act to provide that persons eligible for the Homestead Exemption under Sections of the Revenue Act not be required to file written documents. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1821, Currie, a Bill for an Act to Amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1822, O'Brien, a Bill for an Act to create the Petroleum Company Divestiture Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1823, Donovan, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1824, Swanstrom, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1825, VonBoeckman, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1826, E.G.Steele-Neff, a Bill for an Act to Amend



the Illinois Income Tax Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1827, Stearney, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1828, Stearney, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Marriage Act in Section of temporary relief. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1829, Stearney, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1830, Stearney, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Marriage Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1831, Willaims-Lechowicz, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Local Control Article of an Act relating to alcoholic liquors. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1832, Dyer-Catania, a Bill for an Act relating to liquor control. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1833, Dyer, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1834, Dyer-VonBoeckman, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Vehicle Equipment Law. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1835, Vinson-Ryan, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Use Tax and Retailers' Occupational Tax Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1836, Conti-Taylor, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Meetings Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1837, Conti-Taylor, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Meetings Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1838, O'Brien, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1839, Kane, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1840, Steczko-Yourell, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1841, Breslin, a Bill for an Act to create offensive arm detention which occurs when while armed with a dangerous weapon a person holds an individual hostage. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1842, Breslin, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Code of Corrections. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1843, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Abortion Law. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1844, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1845, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act appropriating money from the Road Fund to Freeport for the Freeport by-pass. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1846, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to Amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1847, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to



Amend the Veterinarian Medicine Practice Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1848, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to create the auctioneers' licensing Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1849, Taylor, a Bill for an Act to repeal an Act in relation to revisions and consolidations of laws on notice. First Reading of the Bill."

Clerk Leone: "House Bill 1850, Getty-Breslin, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Unified Code of Corrections. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1851, Brummer, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Coal Mining Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1852, Sandquist-Madigan-Beatty, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Library Systems Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1853, Sandquist-Madigan-Beatty, a Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Secretary of State. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1854, Sandquist-Madigan-Beatty, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Capital Development Bond Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1855, Steczo, a Bill for an Act to provide the drivers license holder list be used to prepare jury list. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1856, Steczo, a Bill for an Act in relation to public information of microwave equipment. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1857, Steczo, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1858, Steczo, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1859, Lechowicz, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Revenue Act of 1939. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1860, Doyle, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1861, Lechowicz, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Revenue Act of 1939. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1862, Lechowicz, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Revenue Act of 1939. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1863, Darrow, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Fair Employment Practices Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1864, Lechowicz, a Bill for an Act in relation to payment of delinquent taxes assessed against corpus of land trust. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1865, Giorgi-Lechowicz, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Illinois Income Tax Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1866, Giorgi-Lechowicz, a



Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Illinois Income Tax Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1867, Darrow, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1868, Lechowicz, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Revenue Act of 1939. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1869, Lechowicz-Marovitz, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Revenue Act of 1939. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1870, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1871, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1872, Macdonald, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1873, McAuliffe-Capparelli, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1874, Capparelli-McAuliffe, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1875, Capparelli-McAuliffe, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Illinois Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1876, Birchler, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1877, Richmond, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1878, Richmond, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1879, Pierce, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1880, Gaines, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1881, Gaines, a Bill for an Act making appropriation to Oscar Walden Junior. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1882, Gaines, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Regional Transportation Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1883, Gaines, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1884, Gaines, an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1885, McPike-Johnson-Sandquist, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act relating to alcoholic liquors. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1886, Schneider, a Bill for an Act to authorize the establishment of the County Purchasing





Department. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1887, Schneider, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to an Act to revise the law in relation to counties. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1888, Schneider, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1889, Scheider, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1890, Schneider, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1891, Totten, a Bill for an Act to designate depressed areas and relax governmental controls to allow for economic developement herein. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1892, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Illinois Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1893, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1894, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Illinois Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1895, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Public Aide Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1896, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1897, Mulcahey, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1898, Slape-Harris, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to an Act in relation to airport authority. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1899, Ryan, a Bill for an Act in relation to State reimbursement of local school districts for certain special education projects. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1900, Pierce, a Bill for an Act in relation to the recovery of waste oils and Amending an Act named therein. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1901, E.M.Barnes, a Bill for an Act to provide grants for dental student tuition cost through the Illinois Department of Public Health. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1902, E.M.Barnes, a Bill for an Act making an appropriation Department of Public Health for tuition grants to dental students. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1903, E.M.Barnes-Dyer, a Bill for an Act relating to the Emancipation of certain Minors. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1904, Collins, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act in relation to definition



licensing and regulation on community currency exchanges and ambulatory currency exchanges and the operation and employees thereof. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1905, Collins, a Bill for an Act to repeal Sections of an Act in relation to the definition of licensing and regulation of community currency exchange and ambulatory currency exchange and the operators and employees thereof. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1906, Collins, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act in relation to the definition of licensing and regulation of community currency exchanges and ambulatory currency exchange and the operators and employees thereof. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1907, Catania, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act in relation to criminal identification investigation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1908, Donovan, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to an Act relating to certain blood donations. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1909, Bradley, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections fo the Workmen Compensation Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1910, Bradley, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1911, Ryan-Winchester, a Bill for an Act in relation to down-state public transportation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1912, Catania, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act to revise the law in relation to injunction. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1913, Yourell, a Bill for an Act to revise consolidated schedule of elections. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1904 (sic), Yourell-Laurino, 1914, a Bill for an Act to revise the election laws in relation to absentee voting. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1915, Hallock, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of Juvenile Court Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1916, E.M.Barnes, a Bill for an Act making appropriations to State's Attorneys Appellate Commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1917, O'Brien-Madigan-Capparelli, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Facilities for Handicapped Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1918, Giorgi-Matijevich, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Act concerning public utilities First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1919, Macdonald, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Environmental Protection Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1920, Bradley, a Bill for an Act relating



to the purchase of funeral and cemetery merchants....merchandise for services prior to death. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1921, McClain, a Bill for an Act in relation to assumed corporate names and Amending Acts herein named. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1922, Getty, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1923, Leverenz, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1924, Younge, a Bill for an Act making appropriation to the Speaker of the House of Representatives. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1925, Younge, a Bill for an Act making appropriation to the State Fire Marshal. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1926, Younge, a Bill for an Act making appropriation to the Department of Transportation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1927, Younge, a Bill for an Act making appropriation to the Department of Conservation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1928, Kelly, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act concerning Public Utilities. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1929, Tuerk, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Workmans' Compensation Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1930, Rigney, a Bill for an Act relating to resident nonalien ownership real estate property used for farming. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1931, Christensen, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to an Act to regulate the practice of dental surgery and dentistry in the State of Illinois. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1932, Christensen, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1933, Christensen, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of an Act to revise the law in relation to counties. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1934, O'Brien-J.J.Wolf, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Agricultural Cooperative Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1935, O'Brien-J.J.Wolf, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Business Corporation Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1936, O'Brien-J.J.Wolf, a Bill for an Act to add Sections and to Amend the General Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1937, Oblinger, a Bill for an Act to provide the abuse, neglect, and expiration of aged or disabled adults, to provide protective services



for such persons, and to require mandatory reporting by physicians licensed to practice medicine, and surgery in any of the healing arts, dentists, Christian Science Practitioners, social workers, nurses, and employees of a nursing home, shelter care home, or other custodial institutions or hospitals, having knowledge of such abuse or neglect or expiration, to exempt such persons from reporting of the same from civil or criminal liabilities, prescribe penalties for the abuse, neglect or expiration, to exempt such persons from reporting of same from civil or criminal liabilities, to prescribe penalties for the abuse, neglect, and expiration of aged or disabled adults, to provide penalties for failure of physician and others to ...for failure to report abuse, neglect, or expiration, to provide the emergency care of such persons, to exempt persons and others rendering emergency care from civil liability, authorizing the Department of Aging to utilize local persons or agencies to render emergency care, authorize said Department to adopt rules and regulations declaring the records of said Department confidential. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1938, Murphy, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1939, Catania, a Bill for an Act to Amend Sections of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1940, Mautino, a Bill for an Act to provide for the defrauding of cost of the operations of the Industrial Commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1941, Macdonald, a Bill for an Act to exempt from certain occupations the Use Tax Personal Property eligible for certain Federal Teax Credits Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1941, (sic) White, a Bill for an Act to add Sections to the Act to revise the law in relation to landlord and tenent. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1943, White, a Bill for an Act in relation to the landlord duties to keep his dwelling unit in a ....First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1944, Katz-Harris, a Bill for an Act in relation to regulatory agencies to their termination or continuation of repealing certain Acts herein named. First Reading of the Bill. "

O'Brien: "House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment #33, Watson, Resolve with each passing year, this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that



public debt now exceeds hundreds of millions of dollars and whereas the Federal Budget continuously demonstrates an unwillingness or inability or both in the Legislative Branch, and Executive Branch of the Federal Government to curtail spending, to conform to available revenues, and whereas unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because some special outlays are not included in the budget not subject to the legal public debt limit, and whereas knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance, and whereas fiscal irresponsibility at the Federal Level with the inflation which results from this policy is the greatest threat which faces our Nation and some action is vital now to impose Constitutional restraint and bring about the fiscal discipline needed to restore fiscal responsibility, whereas Article 5 of the Constitution of the United States provides that on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of several states the Congress shall call a Constitutional Convention for the purpose of proposing Amendments. Therefore be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly in the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that this body makes application to Congress of the United States to call a Constitutional Convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an Amendment to the Federal Constitution requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all less made of Federal revenues for that fiscal year, and be it further resolved that the application to Congress made by this Resolution is contingent upon the establishment by Congress within one year after two-thirds of the states have made applications on this issue and prior to the convening of such convention of rules and procedures for such a limited convention and be it further resolved that this application represents only the will of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois and shall not be valid upon the expiration of the General Assembly on January 14th, 1981. And Resolved this body also urges the Legislatures of each of the several states comprising of the United States to apply to the Congress requiring the proposing of the Amendment to the Federal Constitution or the calling of the Constitutional



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

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Convention for the purposes set forth in this Resolution. And be it further resolved that copy of this Resolution be transmitted by the Secretary of State to the presiding officers of the Senate and House of Representatives of Congress, to the Members of the Congressional Delegation of the State of Illinois, and to the presiding officers of each House of the various State Legislatures. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment. House Joint Resolution, Constitutional Amendment #34, O'Brien-Schlickman: Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that there should be submitted to the electors of this day for the adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to add Section 1A of Article 9 of the Constitution to read as follows: Article 9, Revenue, Section 1A- Limitation on State Taxation: The General Assembly shall not increase the rate of any State Tax or impose any new State Tax except by law, approved by three-fifths of the Members elected to each House. Schedule, if approved by the electors these Amendments shall take affect next day following the Proclamation of the result of the vote. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendments.....No further business. The House now stands adjourned until 12:00 o'clock noon April 6th."



## GENERAL ASSEMBLY

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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
1.	10:00	Speaker Redmond	House to Order
		Reverend Krueger	prayer
		Speaker Redmond	Roll Call for attendance
		Collins	Pledge of Allegiance
		Speaker Redmond	
		Maher	
		Speaker Redmond	
2.		Boucek	question Reverend
		Reverend Krueger	responds
		Speaker Redmond	
		Matijevich	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hudson	
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	HB 39, 2Rd. No CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
3.		O'Brien	HB 84, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	2Rd., A#s 1,2,&3 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	TOOR
		Speaker Redmond	
		Borchers	
		Darrow	
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
	10:08	O'Brien	HB 189, 2Rd. no CA



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	
4.		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		O'Brien	HB 205, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 273, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Collins	
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 319, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
5.		O'Brien	HB 347, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 348, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		O'Brien	HB 376
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	hold HB 376
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	HB 380, 2 Rd., no CA
		Wolf	
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
6.		O'Brien	HB 429, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		O'Brien	HB 430, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
	10:14	Speaker Redmond	3Rd.



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		O'Brien	HB 436, 2 Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 440, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
7.		McPike	HB 462, leave to return to 2Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	leave granted
		O'Brien	A#2
		Speaker Redmond	
		McPike	
		Speaker Redmond	A adopted
		O'Brien	
		McPike	A#3
		Speaker Redmond	
8.		Schlickman	question
		McPike	
		Speaker Redmond	A adopted, 3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 472, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	
		Darrow	
		Speaker Redmond	return to 2 Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 518, 2Rd., no CA
9.		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 527, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3 Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 563, 2 Rd., A#1 adopted in C.



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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	Motion to table-Getty
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		O'Brien	HB 564, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 573, 2Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 586
10.		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 587, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 589, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3 Rd.
		O'Brien	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Stuffle	
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	HB 597, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
11.		Speaker Redmond	3 Rd.
	10:24	O'Brien	HB 624, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 643, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 663, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
	10:26	Speaker Redmond	
12.		Campbell	
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.



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		O'Brien	HB 673, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 679, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 693, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 704, 2 RD., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 738, 2 Rd., no CA
13.		Speaker Redmond	3RD.
		O'Brien	HB 762, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	774, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 796, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 806, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
	10:30	O'Brien	HB 807, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
14.		O'Brien	HB 831, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 835, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 847
		Speaker Redmond	
		Stiehl	



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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		O'Brien	HB 847, 2Rd., no CA, A#1
		Stiehl	exp. A#1
15.		Speaker Redmond	vote, A#1 adopted
		O'Brien	HB 848
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd., HB 849
		O'Brien	HB 849, @rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 859
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 866
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 867
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 875
16.		Speaker Redmond	3Rd. HB 930 - 31 <sup>d</sup>
		O'Brien	HB 325
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd. Flinn tables House Bills 286 + 287
17&18.	10:38	Mugalian	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Friedland	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	yield
		Mugalian	
		Speaker Redmond	
19&20.		Daniels	yield
21.		Mugalian	
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Pierce	
		Speaker Redmond	HB 325 passed
		O'Brien	HB 163, 3Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	
22.		Von Boeckman	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Dunn, J.	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Von Boeckman	to close
		Speaker Redmond	HB 163 passed
23.		Brummer	
	10:53	Speaker Redmond	passed
		Macdonald	vote yes on HB 325
		Speaker Redmond	
		Harris	intro.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk Hall	HB 367, eRd.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Yourell	leave to return to 2Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	leave granted
		Clerk Hall	A#1
		Speaker Redmond	
24.		Yourell	
		Speaker Redmond	A#1 adopt. f.n. filed, hold on 2Rd.
		Clerk Hall	HB 316, 3 Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	



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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
25.		Darrow	question
		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Leinenweber	question
26.		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
	11:02	Huskey	yield?
27.		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
28.		Dunn, J.	yield?
		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
29.		Mahar	yield?
		Bluthardt	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mautino	question
30&31		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mugalian	explain vote
		Speaker Redmond	
32.		Wykoff	explain vote
		Speaker Redmond	HB 316, passed
33.		Jaffe	HB 442, 3Rd.
		Speaker Yourell	in chair
		Clerk Hall	reads Bill





<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		McCourt	yield
	11:38	Von Boeckman	
		Speaker Yourell	
40.		Kosinski	oppose
		Speaker Yourell	
41.		Getty	yield?
		VonBoeckman	
		Speaker Yourell	
42.		Conti	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Schoeberlein	question
		VonBoeckman	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Hallstrom	vote 'no'
		Speaker Yourell	
43.		Robbins	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Friedland	MPQ
		Speaker Yourell	
		VonBoeckman	to close
		Speaker Yourell	HB 161
		McGrew	
44.	11:50	Speaker Yourell	HB 161
		VonBoeckman	PPC
		Speaker Yourell	
		Clerk Hall	HB 206, 3Rd.
		Speaker Yourell	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Laurino	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Schuneman	inquiry on A#4
		Speaker Yourell	responds
45.		Schuneman	Section 4
		Speaker Yourell	
		Clerk Hall	reads paragraph 4
		Speaker Yourell	
46.		Schuneman	discussion
		Laurino	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Schuneman	
47.		Speaker Yourell	
		Hanahan	
		Speaker Yourell	
48.		Bianco	urge 'aye' vote
		Speaker Yourell	
		Simms	support
	12:06	Speaker Yourell	
49.		Deuster	support
		Speaker Yourell	
		Harris	MPQ
		Speaker Yourell	
		Laurino	to close
		Speaker Yourell	
		McAuliffe	
		Speaker Yourell	



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50.		Friedrich	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Epton	
		Speaker Yourell	HB 206, passed
		Clerk Hall	HB 290, 3RD.
		Speaker Yourell	
51.		Brady	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Skinner	yield
		Brady	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Giorgi	question
52.		Brady	
		Speaker Yourell	
	12:14	Brady	to close
		Speaker Yourell	HB 290, passed
		Clerk Hall	HB 533, 3RD.
		Speaker Yourell	
		Lechowicz	
		Speaker Yourell	
53.		Totten	yield
		Lechowicz	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Lechowicz	to close
		Speaker Yourell	passed
		Clerk Hall	HB 318, 3RD.



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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Yourell	
54.		Brummer	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Pierce	question
		Brummer	
		Speaker Yourell	passed
		Speaker Redmond	in chair
		Clerk Hall	HB 611, 2Rd. A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk Hall	
55.		Getty	Move to table #1
		Speaker Redmond	
		Yourell	
		Speaker Redmons	
	12:23	Walsh	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Yourell	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Huskey	
56.		Speaker Redmond	A#1 tabled
		Clerk Hall	A#?
		Speaker Redmond	
		Huskey	
		Speaker Redmond	A#2 adopted, 3Rd.
		Ryan	
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Clerk Hall	HB 437, 3 Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Cullerton	return to 2Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	leave gr.
		Clerk Hall	A#2
		Speaker Redmond	
57.		Cullerton	
		Speaker Redmond	Amend #2 adopted
		Clerk Hall	HB 438
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd., 438
		Clerk Hall	HB 438
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR....553
		Clerk Hall	HB 553, 3Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	
58.		DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	
59.		Deuster	question
	12:31	DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	
60.		Simms	question
		DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Matijevich	Question
		DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Collins	yield
61.		DiPrima	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	HB 553, passed
		DiPrima	leave to vote 'aye'
		Speaker Redmond	verified Roll Call
62.		Clerk Hall	Com. Reports
		Speaker Redmond	
		Polk	
		Speaker Redmond	
	12:40	Getty	HB 923, rules susp.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk Hall	agreed
		Speaker Redmond	
		Giorgi	
		Speaker Redmond	adopted
		Barnes, E.M.	announc.
		Speaker Redmond	
63.		Matijeovich	announc.
		Clerk Hall	Motion HB 21
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz	Verified Roll Call
		Speaker Redmond	out <sup>of</sup> order
		Clerk Hall	HB 325, motion
		Speaker Redmond	consent gn.
		Collins	
		Speaker Redmond	
64.		Barnes, E.M.	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Macdonald	clarification
		Speaker Redmond	
65.		Kane	question
		Speaker Redmond	
		Friedrich	
		Speaker Redmond	
		DiPrima	leave to vote 'aye' on A#48 on HB HR 67
		Speaker Redmond	Verified Roll Call
66.		Clerk Hall	consent cal. 2Rd., 2 day
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	
		Speaker Redmond	
67.		Clerk Hall	consent cal. (cont.)
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		Willer	intro.
		Speaker Redmond	
68.		Madigan	clarify rule on intro.
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	
		Speaker Redmond	read's rule
		Madigan	
		Speaker Redmond	
69.		Madigan	further clarification
	12:57	Speaker Redmond	
70.		Clerk Hall	HB 67, motion. A#40



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	½ hour for Clerk, adjourn until 12 noon Friday
		Speaker Redmond	House adjourned
71-78		Clerk Hall	intro & perfunctory reading
79-83		Leone	perfunctory reading
84-86		Clerk O'Brien	House Adj.



GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
STATE OF ILLINOIS  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
1.	10:00	Speaker Redmond	House to Order
		Reverend Krueger	prayer
		Speaker Redmond	Roll Call for attendance
		Collins	Pledge of Allegiance
		Speaker Redmond	
		Maher	
		Speaker Redmond	
2.		Boucek	question Reverend
		Reverend Krueger	responds
		Speaker Redmond	
		Matijevich	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hudson	
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	HB 39, 2Rd. No CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
3.		O'Brien	HB 84, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	2Rd., A#s 1,2,&3 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	TOOR
		Speaker Redmond	
		Borchers	
		Darrow	
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
	10:08	O'Brien	HB 189, 2Rd. no CA



## GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	
4.		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		O'Brien	HB 205, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 273, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Collins	
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 319, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
5.		O'Brien	HB 347, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 348, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		O'Brien	HB 376
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	hold HB 376
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	HB 380, 2 Rd., no CA
		Wolf	
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
6.		O'Brien	HB 429, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		O'Brien	HB 430, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
	10:14	Speaker Redmond	3Rd.



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		O'Brien	HB 436, 2 Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 440, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
7.		McPike	HB 462, leave to return to 2Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	leave granted
		O'Brien	A#2
		Speaker Redmond	
		McPike	
		Speaker Redmond	A adopted
		O'Brien	
		McPike	A#3
		Speaker Redmond	
8.		Schlickman	question
		McPike	
		Speaker Redmond	A adopted, 3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 472, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	
		Darrow	
		Speaker Redmond	return to 2 Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 518, 2Rd., no CA
9.		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 527, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3 Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 563, 2 Rd., A#1 adopted in C.



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	Motion to table-Getty
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		O'Brien	HB 564, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 573, 2Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 586
10.		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 587, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 589, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3 Rd.
		O'Brien	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Stuffle	
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	HB 597, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
11.		Speaker Redmond	3 Rd.
	10:24	O'Brien	HB 624, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 643, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 663, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
	10:26	Speaker Redmond	
12.		Campbell	
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		O'Brien	HB 673, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 679, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 693, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 704, 2 RD., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 738, 2 Rd., no CA
13.		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 762, 2Rd., A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	774, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 796, 2 Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 806, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
	10:30	O'Brien	HB 807, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
14.		O'Brien	HB 831, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 835, 2Rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 847
		Speaker Redmond	
		Stiehl	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		O'Brien	HB 847, 2Rd., no CA, A#1
		Stiehl	exp. A#1
15.		Speaker Redmond	vote, A#1 adopted
		O'Brien	HB 848
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd., HB 849
		O'Brien	HB 849, @rd., no CA
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 859
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 866
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 867
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		O'Brien	HB 875
16.		Speaker Redmond	3Rd. HB 930 - 32 <sup>4</sup>
		O'Brien	HB 325
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd. Flinn tables
17&18.10:38		Mugalian	House Bills 286+287
		Speaker Redmond	
		Friedland	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	yield
		Mugalian	
		Speaker Redmond	
19&20.		Daniels	yield
21.		Mugalian	
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Pierce	
		Speaker Redmond	HB 325 passed
		O'Brien	HB 163, 3Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	
22.		Von Boeckman	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Dunn, J.	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Von Boeckman	to close
		Speaker Redmond	HB 163 passed
23.		Brunner	
	10:53	Speaker Redmond	passed
		Macdonald	vote yes on HB 325
		Speaker Redmond	
		Harris	intro
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk Hall	HB 367, eRd.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Yourell	leave to return to 2Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	leave granted
		Clerk Hall	A#1
		Speaker Redmond	
24.		Yourell	
		Speaker Redmond	A#1 adopt. f.n. filed, hold on 2Rd.
		Clerk Hall	HB 316, 3 Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
25.		Darrow	question
		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Leinenweber	question
26.		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
	11:02	Huskey	yield?
27.		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
28.		Dunn, J.	yield?
		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
29.		Mahar	yield?
		Bluthardt	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mautino	question
30&31		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mugalian	explain vote
		Speaker Redmond	
32.		Wykoff	explain vote
		Speaker Redmond	HB 316, passed
33.		Jaffe	HB 442, 3Rd.
		Speaker Yourell	in chair
		Clerk Hall	reads Bill





<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Yourell	
34.		Bowman	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Simms	
35.	11:25	Speaker Yourell	
36.		Leinenweber	question
		Jaffe	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Borchers	oppose
		Speaker Yourell	
		Bower	oppose
		Speaker Yourell	
37.		Jaffe	to close
		Speaker Yourell	HB 442
		Kelly	explain
		Speaker Yourell	Bill lost
38.		Schlickman	HB 367, withdraw request for f.n.
		Speaker Yourell	3Rd.
		Clerk Hall	HB 533, 3Rd.
		Speaker Yourell	TOOR
		DiPrima	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Clerk Hall	HB 161, 3Rd.
		Speaker Yourell	
39.		Von Boeckman	
		Speaker Yourell	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		McCourt	yield
	11:38	Von Boeckman	
		Speaker Yourell	
40.		Kosinski	oppose
		Speaker Yourell	
41.		Getty	yield?
		VonBoeckman	
		Speaker Yourell	
42.		Conti	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Schoeberlein	question
		VonBoeckman	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Hallstrom	vote 'no'
		Speaker Yourell	
43.		Robbins	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Friedland	MPQ
		Speaker Yourell	
		VonBoeckman	to close
		Speaker Yourell	HB 161
		McGrew	
44.	11:50	Speaker Yourell	HB 161
		VonBoeckman	PPC
		Speaker Yourell	
		Clerk Hall	HB 206, 3Rd.
		Speaker Yourell	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Laurino	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Schuneman	inquiry on A#4
		Speaker Yourell	responds
45.		Schuneman	Section 4
		Speaker Yourell	
		Clerk Hall	reads paragraph 4
		Speaker Yourell	
46.		Schuneman	discussion
		Laurino	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Schuneman	
47.		Speaker Yourell	
		Hanahan	
		Speaker Yourell	
48.		Bianco	urge 'aye' vote
		Speaker Yourell	
		Simms	support
	12:06	Speaker Yourell	
49.		Deuster	support
		Speaker Yourell	
		Harris	MPQ
		Speaker Yourell	
		Laurino	to close
		Speaker Yourell	
		McAuliffe	
		Speaker Yourell	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
50.		Friedrich	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Epton	
		Speaker Yourell	HB 206, passed
		Clerk Hall	HB 290, 3Rd.
		Speaker Yourell	
51.		Brady	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Skinner	yield
		Brady	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Giorgi	question
52.		Brady	
		Speaker Yourell	
	12:14	Brady	to close
		Speaker Yourell	HB 290, passed
		Clerk Hall	HB 533, 3RD.
		Speaker Yourell	
		Lechowicz	
		Speaker Yourell	
53.		Totten	yield
		Lechowicz	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Lechowicz	to close
		Speaker Yourell	passed
		Clerk Hall	HB 318, 3Rd.



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Yourell	
54.		Brummer	
		Speaker Yourell	
		Pierce	question
		Brummer	
		Speaker Yourell	passed
		Speaker Redmond	in chair
		Clerk Hall	HB 611, 2Rd. A#1 adopted in C.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk Hall	
55.		Getty	Move to table #1
		Speaker Redmond	
		Yourell	
		Speaker Redmons	
	12:23	Walsh	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Yourell	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Huskey	
56.		Speaker Redmond	A#1 tabled
		Clerk Hall	A#2
		Speaker Redmond	
		Huskey	
		Speaker Redmond	A#2 adopted, 3Rd.
		Ryan	
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Clerk Hall	HB 437, 3 Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Cullerton	return to 2Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	leave gr.
		Clerk Hall	A#2
		Speaker Redmond	
57.		Cullerton	
		Speaker Redmond	Amend #2 adopted
		Clerk Hall	HB 438
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd., 438
		Clerk Hall	HB 438
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR...553
		Clerk Hall	HB 553, 3Rd.
		Speaker Redmond	
58.		DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	
59.		Deuster	question
	12:31	DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	
60.		Simms	question
		DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Matijevich	Question
		DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Collins	yield
61.		DiPrima	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		DiPrima	
		Speaker Redmond	HB 553, passed
		DiPrima	leave to vote 'aye'
		Speaker Redmond	verified Roll Call
62.		Clerk Hall	Com. Reports
		Speaker Redmond	
		Polk	
		Speaker Redmond	
	12:40	Getty	HB 923, rules susp.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk Hall	agreed
		Speaker Redmond	
		Giorgi	
		Speaker Redmond	adopted
		Barnes, E.M.	announc.
		Speaker Redmond	
63.		Matijevich	announc.
		Clerk Hall	Motion HB 21
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz	Verified Roll Call
		Speaker Redmond	of out of order
		Clerk Hall	HB 325, motion
		Speaker Redmond	consent gn.
		Collins	
		Speaker Redmond	
64.		Barnes, E.M.	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Macdonald	clarification
		Speaker Redmond	
65.		Kane	question
		Speaker Redmond	
		Friedrich	
		Speaker Redmond	
		DiPrima	leave to vote 'aye' on A#48 on HB HR 67
		Speaker Redmond	Verified Roll Call
66.		Clerk Hall	consent cal. 2Rd., 2 day
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	
		Speaker Redmond	
67.		Clerk Hall	consent cal. (cont.)
		Speaker Redmond	3Rd.
		Willer	intro.
		Speaker Redmond	
68.		Madigan	clarify rule on intro.
		Speaker Redmond	
		O'Brien	
		Speaker Redmond	reads rule
		Madigan	
		Speaker Redmond	
69.		Madigan	further clarification
	12:57	Speaker Redmond	
70.		Clerk Hall	HB 67, motion. A#40





<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	½ hour for Clerk, adjourn until 12 noon Friday
		Speaker Redmond	House adjourned
71-78		Clerk Hall	intro & perfunctory reading
79-83		Leone	perfunctory reading
84-86		Clerk O'Brien	House Adj.

