

Speaker Redmond: "House will come to order. Members please be in their seats. Be led in prayer this morning by the Reverend Krueger, the House Chaplain."

Reverend Krueger: "In the name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. Amen. O Lord, bless this House to Thy service this day. Amen. It was Victor Hugo who said: 'Mother's arms are made of tenderness, and sweet sleep blesses the child who lies therein'. Let us pray. Heavenly Father, who has ordained the pattern for all things upon this earth, from the falling of a twig, to the blessed gift of child birth, grant that all men everywhere may follow the order which Thou dost command. Enable the Members of this Illinois House of Representatives to perceive Thy will in all their efforts to make laws and regulations concerning the society of family life. May the sodality of men and women in this state be governed by only that which is compatible with Thy commands that the dignity and sanctity of family life is not lost in a maze of individualism, humanism and materialism. This we ask in the name of Thy Son, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Walsh is in the chamber. Like to introduce a new Member...a new Member coming right down here, this young fella... Message from the Senate."

Clerk O'Brien: "A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed Bills of the following titles, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask concurrence of the House of Representatives, to wit: Senate Bills #1516 and 1518. Passed by the Senate, April 12, 1978. Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis is in the chamber. Committee Reports."

Clerk O'Brien: "Representative Taylor, Chairman of the Committee on Cities and Villages, to which the following Bills were referred, action taken April 12, 1978, reported the same back with the following recommendation: Do Pass House Bill 1468. Representative Schneider, Chairman of the Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education, to which the following Bills were referred, action taken April 12, 1978, reported the same back with the following



recommendation: do pass, as amended, House Bill 1973, House Bill 2084.

Representative Pierce, Chairman of the Committee on Revenue, to which the following Bills were referred, action taken April 12, 1978, reported the same back with the following recommendations: do pass House Bill 612; do pass House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment #21.

Representative Taylor, Chairman of the Committee on Cities and Villages, reported the following Committee Bill for introduction, House Bill 2930, being a Bill for an Act to revise and consolidate laws on notices. Action taken April 12, 1978.

Representative Schneider, Chairman of the Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education, reported the following Committee Bill for introduction, House Bill 2931. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. Action taken April 12, 1978.

Representative Schneider, Chairman of the Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education, reported the following Committee Bill for introduction, House Bill 2932, being a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. Action taken, April 12, 1978.

Representative Pierce, Chairman of the Committee on Revenue, reported the following Committee Bill for introduction, House Bill 2929, being a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Revenue Act. Action taken, April 12, 1978.

Representative Tipword, Chairman of the Committee on Insurance, reported the following Committee Bill for introduction, House Bill 2933, being a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Insurance Code. Action taken, April 12, 1978."

Speaker Redmond: "Introduction, First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 2928, Flinn- Deavers, et al. A Bill for an Act to provide for the creation of Municipal Waste Water Disposal Zones. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2929, Committee on Revenue. A Bill for an Act to amend the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2930, Committee on Cities and Villages. A Bill for an Act to revise and consolidate the Laws of Notice. First Reading of the Bill.



House Bill 2931, Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2932, Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2933, Committee on Insurance. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2934, Kelly. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2935, Kelly. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Income Tax Act. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Introduction and Constitutional Amendments."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 47.

Pierce. Resolved, by the House of Representatives of the Eightieth General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to amend Section 5 of Article IX of the Constitution to read as follows: Article IX. Section 5. Personal Property Taxation.

(a) The General Assembly by law may classify personal property for purposes of taxation by valuation, abolish such taxes on any or all classes and authorize the levy of taxes in lieu of the taxation of personal property by valuation.

(b) Any ad valorem personal property tax abolished on or before the effective date of this Constitution shall not be reinstated.

(c) The General Assembly by law may abolish all ad valorem personal property taxes and concurrently therewith and thereafter shall replace all revenue lost by units of local government and school districts as a result of the abolition of ad valorem personal property taxes subsequent to January 2, 1971. Such revenue shall be replaced by imposing state-wide taxes, other than ad valorem taxes on real estate, solely on those classes relieved of the burden of paying ad valorem personal property taxes because of the abolition of such taxes subsequent to January 2, 1971. If any taxes imposed for such replacement purposes



are taxes on or measured by income, such replacement taxes shall not be considered for purposes of the limitation of one tax and the ratio of 8 to 5 set forth in Section 3 (a) of this Article. Schedule.

The foregoing Amendment to Section 5 of Article IX of the Constitution takes effect upon its adoption by the electors of this state.

First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Introduction, First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 2936. Abramson. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Bingo License and Tax Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2937. Pouncey. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2938. Ralph Dunn -Friedrich. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Local Library Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2939. Yourell. A Bill for an Act in relation to Library Tax Rates. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2940. Yourell. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act concerning land titles. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Roll Call for attendance."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 2941. Flinn. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to revise the law in relation to Clerks of Courts. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2942. Flinn. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2943. Flinn. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill.

Senate Bill 1515. Bowman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act making an appropriation to Joint Committee on Legislative Information System. First Reading of the Bill.

Senate Bill 1516. Tipword. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act making appropriations to the Secretary of State. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2944. DiPrima. A Bill for an Act making appropriations to the Commission on Pioneer Memorial Plaza. First Reading of the Bill.



House Bill 2945. McClain-Mahar. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the State Employees Group Insurance Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2946. Pierce, et al. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2947. Matijevich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Business Corporation Act. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any excused absences? Mr. Ryan?"

Ryan: "No, Mr. Speaker, I..."

Speaker Redmond: "...Have any other business?"

Ryan: "Yes, I would...would like to make an introduction at this time, if I may. Seated in the balcony behind me is the Momence Chamber of Commerce along with their President Jim 'Aldomonti'. They're from Momence, Illinois in the great 43rd Legislative District represented by Representative Christensen, McBroom and myself. They're right up there in the balcony."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I'm not sure this is the time to say it ...probably should say it when there's more Members here but Gene Barnes, Chairman of Appropriations II, and myself, met and we decided that any Bill that is in Appropriations Committee, and it has a companion Bill in the Rules Committee, those Bills will be held in Appropriations Committee and will not be heard until the companion Bill is out of Rules Committee. So we will not hear any Bills.... we had that problem last year where Bills were sailing out of here without the companion Bill. So I thought we should make that announcement in behalf of myself and Gene Barnes."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan, are there any excused absences?"

Madigan: "No, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Polk, you want to call Senate Bill 82?

On Consideration Postponed, Representative Chapman, do you want to House Bill 2507 called? House Bill 2517, take that out of the record."



Speaker Redmond: "Constitutional Amendments Third Reading, House Joint Resolution 12. Representative Giorgi wants that out of the record. House Joint Resolution 15. Representative Friedrich. Representative Friedrich is recognized."

Friedrich: "Mr...Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I realize the attendance is not very good and I hope that by the time...the... Roll is called on this...."

Speaker Redmond: "Please be in order."

Friedrich: "It is important that if we're going to act on Constitutional Amendments that we proceed to do so. Unfortunately, this comes up on an early order of business and I'm not sure that with the vote required that I have the chance of passing it but I'm going to call it anyway. Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 15 is very simple, I think most of you understand it. It merely returns the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction to an elective office. There are more people engaged in public education in Illinois than any other single activity. It certainly involves all the taxpayers because two-thirds of your real estate tax money goes for schools and a third of your...your state tax money. It involves a lot of pupils and parents and teachers and school board members. And it was the expression at the Constitutional Convention that they were going to take education out of politics. Well, taking it out of politics sounds good but what they did was take the whole educational system in Illinois away from the people having any...may I have a little order, Mr....."

Speaker Redmond: "Please come to order, it's an important matter."

Friedrich: "What we have done is taking...taken public education - one of the things we spend as much time about as anything else here in the Legislature - away from...the people having anything to say about what happens. I would like to have your support on this Bill. I can tell you that it is a rather strange coalition that has given their support it. All the school board members that have talked to me, and there are many of them, the County Regional Superintendents certainly have called me and told me they will do everything they can if it's on the ballot to pass it. The teachers are for it. And I can assure you that it is an issue which should be given...the people should be



given an opportunity to vote on. What I'm asking you to do, of course, is with...the same with any other Constitutional Amendment, you're not voting to elect a State Superintendent, you're voting to let the people have a choice as to whether or not they elect a State Superintendent. And I think this is the people's business and certainly if you believe in self-government you would have no fear in voting for this Bill. Senator Lemke has...Senator Lemke has passed a similar Resolution and it will be over here for consideration. And let me tell you at the outset that I am an objective person and I have really no pride of authorship and I can assure you that I'm going to support his Bill if it comes out of Committee and is called. This Resolution was voted out of Executive Committee without a dissenting vote. I think that's an indication of the kind of support it has. So, I would attempt to answer any questions. There's a scheduling in it that the...if this is put on the ballot and passes this year that the first Superintendent will be elected in 1980. I would urge your favorable support."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Gene Hoffman. Please...please be in order. Will the Gentleman from Kankakee please take his seat? Representative Gene Hoffman."

Hoffman, G: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I rise in opposition to this Constitutional Amendment for a number of reasons. The present modus operandi of the appointed State Board, with an appointed Superintendent, was a product of a long and arduous road taken by the School Problems Commission in 1972 and '73. As we moved forward to legislatively implement the requirements of the 1970 Constitution in which the requirement for an appointed State Board was included. Here we find ourselves barely five years later suggesting that on the basis of our experience that we ought to do away with that which we have had in effect for a relatively short period of time. I would suggest to you, if you have complaints and if there are complaints about the operation or the responsiveness of the Office of Education, that we have legislative authority through the statutes to make those changes just the same as we made the statute to establish the State Board. And the Sponsor of this Amendment is right, education is the people's business and we, the Members of the



General Assembly, are here representing the people and this is where that responsibility should rest. Anyone who is a Member of this General Assembly has a responsibility to their constituents in all matters including that which is most important that for education. And I think one of the reasons why the Constitutional Convention adopted, or proposed and the people adopted, was the recognition of the fact that that responsibility..and that total responsibility on an elected level should rest with the Illinois General Assembly. The special interest groups in the area of education should have to compete with all the special interest groups in all other areas of our endeavors here in the General Assembly. And that's one of the big advantages of having that responsibility rest in an elected body like the General Assembly. In my judgment we have not given the State Board of Education an opportunity. Secondly, I believe that the attitude towards this Constitutional Amendment and the support comes about because of some disagreement on the basis of the personality of one individual. This is no way to make decisions. You don't ..you don't throw the baby out with the bath..wash, it just doesn't make sense. At the School Problems Commission...at the School Problems Commission Meeting last evening, by a vote of nine to five, the School Problems Commission reaffirmed its position in support of the present appointed State Board of Education and appointed Superintendent. We are opposed to all proposals for the abolition of a State Board of Education as a group and I stand here today, not only as an individual, but as Chairman of the School Problems Commission sharing with you the position of that Commission. And let me conclude with one other point, and that point is, there will only be...and there can only be three issues placed on the ballot this fall for consideration in the change of the Constitution. I ask you, I ask you in terms of some of the other issues that are before us, such as the merit selection of Judges, such as the removal of the abolition of corporate personal property tax and other things which are of interest to you, do you really believe that in the ranking of priorities that this issue, that this issue is significant enough to consider in the absence of the other? I would say no on both counts. One, we should not do away with it now because we have not given them an opportunity





to fulfill their mission and that we have the right to make changes legislatively in that 'mission' any time we wish or so desire. And, secondly, that we find ourselves in 1978 faced with issues which are much more important to the welfare of the people of the State of Illinois. And for those two reasons I would ask a negative vote on this Constitutional Amendment, House Joint Constitutional Amendment #15."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McClain."

McClain: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, notwithstanding the Chairman of the School Problems Commission in his recent support, or his opposition to this move by Representative Friedrich, I stand as a Member of the School Problems Commission and ask you to support Representative Friedrich's Constitutional Amendment. I do that basically for two reasons. One, up front, I voted for the present appointed system when we faced that in 1973, and quite frankly, I made a mistake. Ever since we supposedly took education out of politics, it's been the political football every year here in the General Assembly. Every year it's probably to that... the last issue and it's where the wheeling and dealing either...no matter for Governor Walker or Governor Thompson, of the...of both administrations. It seems to me that we need a forceful elected spokesman to support kids, that's what we're talking about is kids, and education funding. The second principle that I'd like to point out is, Thomas Jefferson said that an 'Educated electorate means a free country'. And as we continually educate our kids and we tell them about our governmental system, we continually move away from elected people. We go for people saying, 'Now we ought to have merit selection of Judges, people saying we ought to have appointed Circuit Clerks' and now 'State Superintendent of Education'. It's just enough. The government is for the people, by the people and they ought to have the right say, and I urge you to support Representative Friedrich."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McAuliffe. McAuliffe."

McAuliffe: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I rise in support of Representative Friedrich's Constitutional Amendment. I think there's no issue in my district that stirs up the voter's wrath more than to have Superintendent Cronin come up there and tell



them how to run the school system in Chicago. Cronin ought to go back to Boston, worry about Boston. He's not from Illinois. He couldn't be elected a dogcatcher if he had to run in Illinois. There's a man running for Governor now who four or five years ago or six years ago when he was elected Superintendent of Schools also advocated forced busing. Now he's backed away from that because now he's a candidate for Governor. All officials whether running for Governor or running for Superintendent of Public Instruction ought to be accountable to the people. If Superintendent Cronin wants to run for election in Illinois, let him go out and advocate forced busing and see how far he gets. People in my district are fed up with interference from Springfield from appointed bureaucrats. The Superintendent ought to be elected, he ought to face the voters with his wasteful...tax...tax wasting ideas about busing. It's going to cost the School Board three hundred million dollars in Chicago which they don't have and the man ought to be held accountable, held up to the electorate and soundly defeated. And I'm very much in support of this Constitutional Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ewell."

Ewell: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen, the education of children cannot spin in the wind. We cannot have that which would change the rules of education, the purposes of education, the goals of education, every two years, every four years or whenever you're going to have a temporary election. The interests of the children are paramount. It has been found over and over again that you must take this particular thing out of partisan politics whereas one issue or another might decide to tear the people apart, tear the entire educational system apart in election after election and campaign after campaign. If we are to follow the dictates of this Joint Resolution we will get to the stage that we will decide perhaps the Board of Higher Education ought to be elected. We will decide that everything in the state ought to be elected. We will have election after election and nothing will be decided. There will be no consistency in education all to the ruination of the children. I say that you cannot fend off the special interests in education by having an elected Superintendent of Public Instruction. Also there will be no consistency on the Board.



Programs will change from week to week and month to month and year to year. The teachers will have uncertainty. And there will be nothing that we can rely on in the entire educational system. I ask you, those who think that we will benefit, how many of you can actually explain the simple Educational Formula by which we fund our children today? And the answer is, very, very few. You know that you don't understand the Educational Formula. None of us understand it. We have to get specialists to come in here and tell us what one little change in our Educational Formula will do to the other entire section of the administration of education. Here, again, if we're going to have temporary disagreements with the personalities of people and we decide that we should throw out the entire office. This is wrong, very wrong of you. There will be those Members who will again decide on another issue. You will say you are for merit selection of education, that would be the appointed system, the system we have now. Why don't we entitle it the merit selection of the Superintendent of Public Education? As Legislators you cannot think only of the next election but you must somehow rise and attempt to be statesmen who will think of the next generation. I say that we have a system which deserves to be tried, a system that has been voted on by the people and if we are to bend to the temporary whim of change, the whim of ill-feeling, I suggest we are indeed becoming provincial politicians seeking only the next election and ignoring the next generation. And I would urge a resounding defeat of this House Joint Constitutional Amendment #15."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I rise in support of this Constitutional Resolution. I was one who voted to elect the Superintendent of Schools. I've been consistent because I feel if the public is good enough to elect Legislators they're certainly good enough to select the Superintendent of Schools. I think that it's an option the public should have. There are only two solutions to the present system which obviously has not worked out very well. Either we let the Governor appoint the Superintendent of Schools or else let the people decide. Since I feel the people have the right to decide, they pay the taxes to maintain the system, I feel this



Resolution should be adopted and I speak for it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stuffle."

Stuffle: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Members. I rise in support of Representative Friedrich's Constitutional Amendment and like some of the others feel it is as important if not the most important issue we can put on the ballot. We spend more money on education than anything else. In my personal opinion as a downstate Democrat and a Member of the Education Committee and someone, I think, who understands the formula that Representative Ewell talked about, the people in my district, whether they are teachers or administrators and particularly taxpayers are sick and tired of what they see as fewer and fewer people having a voice in Springfield because we have an appointed Superintendent rather than an elected Superintendent. I'm glad Representative Ewell represented this somehow as a Merit Selection Bill because just as with Judges I think this office ought to be elected and Judges should too for some of the same reasons. We have a situation where politics, in my opinion, is played more than ever in the Superintendent's Office. Not necessarily because of the one we have now but by the nature of appointing the office. Fewer and fewer people have an ear to the Board; fewer and fewer people have an ear to the Superintendent. We need to open this process up. The people may make mistakes but the people did pretty well when they elected a Superintendent in the past and this is an office which expends over a billion and a-half dollars of state money each year which ought to be accountable to the public that pays for it. We ought to be behind this Constitutional Amendment, the people are. We've given them some opportunity here. I think the people have said, and rightfully so, the opportunity has gone on long enough, the time has come. We should pass this Constitutional Amendment today."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative...Representative Conti. Representative Conti."

Conti: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I move the previous question."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman has moved the previous question. The question is, shall the main question be put? Those in favor indicate by saying 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carries."



Representative Friedrich to close. Please give the Gentleman order."

Friedrich: "Mr...Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, this may be the most important vote you'll cast in this Session. I want to tell you that I...this is not a new position with me. At the Constitutional Convention I called it to the attention of the delegates there that to make this an appointive office would make the office unresponsive to the people. I think it's interesting that Mr. Buford who was a delegate from Mount Vernon, who was a former head of the Illinois Education Association, also of the National Board, was one of those who advocated the passage....change to the appointive system. He has since told me that...he said, 'I've...I've seen the light and I realize that I made a terrible mistake'. I'm not conducting a personal vendetta against Mr. Cronin because I hardly know the man. I know of some....about the things that's going on however and you probably are not aware that the...he is the highest paid state executive in the State of Illinois. It took me about two or three months to get it but I got a copy of his contract and I can tell you I don't want to be rich, I just want to have a contract like he's got. He is being paid fifty-three thousand dollars a year but he is also at liberty under the contract to do consulting work. Last year he was out of the state a month taking a vacation in his New Hampshire home, he forgot and used the state car to do this with. In addition to that he was billed for twenty-seven thousand dollars' for flying a state airplane and...over a period of eleven months. And I could go on and on. And the office now has three hundred and ninety people who make over twenty thousand dollars a year. And from the...from the results that I hear in my own district it is more and more difficult to get a straight answer out of that office from a local Superintendent or School Board. I can tell you for sure that if it were an elective office they would be more anxious to render service and get answers to the school...School Boards and the Principals there. I don't think there's any...I think you understand this thing. It is...if you have faith in the people to elect their...in...in self-government, here's an opportunity to return a very important segment of our government to the people. I will say in addition to that you are not voting to elect the State Superintendent, you are voting to let the



people decide themselves whether they want to make this an elective office or not. In my district I took a poll, and I can assure you that it was a legitimate poll, and the response was more than two to one, in fact, about three to one in favor of electing the State Superintendent of Schools. I ask your favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "You ready for the question? The question is, shall House Joint Constitutional Amendment 15 be adopted? Those in favor indicate by voting 'aye', opposed voting 'no'. Representative Bowman to explain his vote. Representative Bowman."

Bowman: "Mr. Speaker, yes, in explaining my 'no' vote, I...observing that the education system like the police system is a very technical operation requires professionals to run it. I think the people who are...who are...are supporting this would...would...be very hard pressed to support a similar measure to elect the Police Superintendent in Chicago...we...we have a system in Chicago where he's appointed, not even confirmed by the City Council. And...and I think those people who are voting to support this and who...who favor the way the present Police Superintendent is elected or identified would think twice."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative Madison."

Madison: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Mr. Speaker, I had mixed emotions about this Resolution when I first saw it. The thing that I...I know first of all that there are individuals here who support the election of a State Superintendent because that position is consistent with their feeling that public servants whose power and influence is substantive in nature ought to have a constituency base and I respect that position. But there's something else going on here, Mr. Speaker, and that something else is a sinister and almost insidious movement on the part of opponents of desegregation to elect a Superintendent in a campaign where the issue will not be the quality of education the kids receive, it will not be the qualifications of the candidates that are seeking that office, the issue will simply be to bus or not to bus. Now, Mr. Speaker, I will not be a part of that unholy alliance of that kind and I will certainly be happy to vote 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich, or Friedland, pardon me."



Friedland: "Thank you. Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, it's the height of folly that you can elect the U of I Trustees and not your chief educational officer. Vote 'aye' for this Amendment and make it pass."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Campbell."

Campbell: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'd like to see at least five more votes get on the board because I think this is one of the most important issues that will come before this General Assembly this Session. And to tell you the truth, that right or wrong, education of our children belongs to the parents and education belongs to the people of the State of Illinois not to appointed and anointed officials. And if you, any of you who have talked to - and I have no personal vendetta against Joe Cronin - but any of you who have talked to any bureaucratic agency knows damn well that they are not responsive to the people's needs, nor the wants, desires or anything else. So, please, let's get a couple of more votes up there, three more votes, and pass this and put it back in the hands of the people who deserve the right to control their own educational processes and et cetera. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative James Houlihan. Representative Terzich."

Terzich: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, we've seen the travesty that the Constitution put upon the people when they made this office an appointed office. Ever since the present Superintendent has been in office he has been unresponsive not only to the people but also feel unresponsive to the Legislature. Since when is our most valuable product, our children, going to be ignored when the people will not even have a choice to say who is going to run the top spot for our educational system in the State of Illinois? When they pay...when they...that's not a bad idea, we should elect them in Chicago, we should elect them throughout the state; that the people should decide where they want their tax money spent. The people have been paying a substantial amount of money for quality education in the State of Illinois and let's also give them the chance to show them that we will support their vote by putting a person in office that they want, that they have the faith and the trust, that will supervise the education of our children in the State



of Illinois. The current Superintendent hasn't shown that he has the viability to go out and see the people and discuss their problems and be answerable to them. So let's give the people a chance in 1980 by electing a new Superintendent of Instructions for the State of Illinois by voting 'aye' on this.....Joint Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Steele."

Steele: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I would like to urge more green lights up there and support this Constitutional Amendment. The Department of Education has been pointed out as one of the largest and the most important parts of our State Budget. And I think that we certainly as taxpayers should give the other taxpayers and the people who are paying the bills a chance and a voice and a say in how this Department is run. I don't think that we should hesitate to make an office of our government accountable to the people. I think that we can never go wrong in giving the people a voice and the people a say in the running of one of the most important departments in our state government. Our type of government is a government of the people so let's give the people a voice. Let's give them a chance to express their opinion on this, one of the most important departments in our state government, and I urge more green lights on the board."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schneider."

Schneider: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. I was among those in 1973, and subsequent to that, who advocated the appointment of the School Board with the hopes that politics would not be involved any longer; that there would be some element of professionalism and sophistication dealing with education. Contrary to what has happened, contrary to that notion and hope however, what has happened is that the IOE continues to be nonresponsive to teachers, nonresponsive to the needs of the children and also school board members and administrators. What I suggest today is that maybe this won't be our last vote on this issue. And I think one of the messages, as we always say on the floor, that ought to be conveyed to the Superintendent, to the board members is that they not only be responsive to those groups but they also be aware of some of the budgetary limitations that the State of Illinois is faced with; that they look at the need to provide





services instead of developing new programs. They ought to be dealing with programs that we now see as functioning for today. I think my vote will be in opposition to this Resolution. But I think the...the way that the IOE has been going in the last three or four years is not complimentary to the role that we had intended them to play. I hope in the near future that we see a more responsive agency that deals appropriately with the needs of the State of Illinois and not so much with protecting what I think is their employment nor their seniority on the job. That's what it boils down to. As Chairman of Education they have not responded to the public nor have they responded on the budgetary matters that we face every spring when they make promises to come clean with all the information, they fail to do that. I'm voting 'no' today but if it comes back again and we don't have any changes on IOE in the near future, I think my vote will change."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Gaines."

Gaines: "Thank you...thank you....thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I have a degree in history and political science from the University of Illinois so I am well versed in the theory of political science about both sides of the question from the theoretical point of view. When we had an elected Superintendent of Public Instruction there was a hue and cry from one end of the state to the other about the political log rolling, the payroll padding and the lack of visits...concerned...of an elected official about the kids. Now that we have an appointed person, we hear the same arguments. So I don't see any need to change that. To change back would be...give up without giving the man a chance, or the office a chance. Many of my good Republican colleagues three years ago were voting to take certain authorities away from the Governor because we had a Democratic Governor. Today, they want to give those authorities back to the Governor because we have a Republican Governor. And I don't think that because a particular Superintendent of Instruction does not satisfy you that you should throw the baby out with the bath water. So I feel that we should give this office an opportunity on its merits and just judge it by one particular person. And I also wish to agree with my colleague, Jesse Madison's position, that despite



the good intentions of many here there is another underlying current of bigotry attaching itself to what should be a legitimate discussion of political science. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Griesheimer."

Griesheimer: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I'd like to just explain one thing in my vote here. I have really no personal problems with the way Mr. Cronin has handled his office insofar as my district is concerned. ...But the most basic right of the people in any government is to elect their officials or to lead them and there is certainly no more basic portion of government than education and therefore I think we should support this Constitutional Amendment to allow the people to support a person who will be the leader of their school system. I echo the remarks of Representative McClain and hope that all of you that are voting the 110 votes now will vote similarly when we get to the point of suggesting that we appoint our Judges. They similarly should not be appointed. We'll have the same results as we have now, let's keep this an elected office."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dyer. Representative Collins, Peters, Skinner, Leinenweber, will you please break up the caucus? The rules which you adopted."

Dyer: "Thank you, Mr...."

Speaker Redmond: "No, you didn't, Giddy did."

Dyer: "Thank...thank you, Mr. Speaker. I think those of you who are voting green should listen to the Chairman of our School Problems Commission. It sounds fine in theory to say that the people of Illinois should be able to elect their Superintendent of Education but let's look at reality. Each one of you think of the percentage of registered voters that turned out actually to vote on Tuesday, March 21st in that primary. In DuPage it was only nineteen percent of the people who are registered. That means that ten percent of the eligible registered people can choose the leader of educational policy in this state. A very far out group, highly organized, either on the left or on the right could capture this office. How many topnotch people in the field of education want to have to raise the money and gear up for a statewide campaign? Finally, for the person who mentioned that University of Illinois Trustees, have you



ever tried asking your voters to name the Trustees of the University of Illinois? I have never met a person who could name them. This is the wrong kind of office to put open for election just with the nature of the electorate now. I suggest we listen to Representative Gene Hoffman who is our spokesperson for education in this Legislature, and Representative Schneider, and let's vote 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Sandquist."

Sandquist: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, if this has a 107 votes when you take the Roll, I make the motion for a verification."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Byers."

Byers: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. One of the processes that we do control in the Legislature is the budget and when the Office of Education proposal comes before the Legislature we can do some trimming there. I suggest that last year we tried to do some trimming and certain people didn't vote for it at that time. I didn't vote for the Office of Education Budget because I thought there was some fat in it. There's been some stories in some of the newspapers, The Alton Telegraph, for example, that has exposed some things that go on there. And I think the proper place for us to address this problem is during the Appropriation Meeting and on the House floor. And I think that's where it should be addressed and where we should take action at that time. I would ask the people that are voting 'aye' at that time to vote ...at that time to cut back on some of the salaries and some of the other things they don't feel that are responsive. I'm going to vote 'no' today."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevehich."

Matijevehich: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I'm compelled to explain my vote because I am a Cosponsor of this Resolution and have in fact advocated the election of the Superintendent of Public Instruction from the outset. However, I've done some soul searching on this issue and I really feel that we are making politics out of this office. Really, if we come down to it we are as much to blame as anybody else if there is a mess in education. We do control those purse-strings, .....

..... It was not the Superintendent of Public Instruction who passed the School Aid Formula. We passed that Formula right



here. It is not the Superintendent who has mandated so many programs in education, we did that right here. I think that before we pass anything on to the public we have got to look at ourselves and say, 'Maybe we're to blame first'. Before we say that we should make this a political issue and place it on the ballot and just get the monkey off of our backs, let's look at what we've done with education. Let's look at all laws that we passed and put so many of them on the statute books relating to education making it so difficult for administrators and teachers to really educate. And because of all of that I have done some soul-searching and feel that I was wrong and we shouldn't so easily change our Constitution. Let's let it be and let's...we know that the end product will be no different whether it be the appointed Superintendent or elected. We know that. So let's be honest with ourselves and vote 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative Barnes."

Barnes: "Thank...thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. Not to explain my vote and I'm not sure that someone has requested it before but I want to make sure before the vote total is finalized that we will have a verification of this vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Gene Hoffman. Representative Waddell."

Waddell: "Mr. Speaker, in all deference to the former speaker on this issue, I think it's just the opposite. I think that if we represent our people, and I can give you a particular occasion in which Representative Chapman was also interested in special education so that we did have a meeting with the...Dr. Cronin's staff on that particular issue, we failed to even make a dent. Part of his staff came back later when I wanted to know why, when we were representing our people, and he said, 'Well, I can only tell you this and this is quietly and off the record'. He told me he had 'A thick skin and he didn't give a damn what the Legislators wanted'. And I have remembered that and I hope that vote goes to a hundred and fifty."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. There's been a request for a verification of the Affirmative Roll Call. Representative Garmisa has requested that he be verified, he has an important...is it all right for Representative Garmisa to be verified? Hearing no objections.... Gentleman has requested a poll of the



absentees. Yeah. Mr. Clerk, will you call the absentees? Please come to order. What is your name again? Representative Bartulis desires to be verified. Does he have leave? Call the absentees. Representative Kelly. Representative Kelly has an urgent call. Will you verify Representative Kelly? Okay. Absentees, Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "Hanahan, Johnson,...."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Johnson. Representative Johnson."

Johnson: "Mr. Speaker, please vote me 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Record the Gentleman as 'aye'."

Clerk O'Brien: "Marovitz, McAvoy and Wall."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Gene Hoffman."

Hoffman, G: "Mr...Mr. Speaker, we could verify this much more quickly if people were in their seats and I would take...we would ask a lot fewer questions. So if you'd be kind enough to impose...."

Speaker Redmond: "The rules provide that the Members must be in their seats. All unauthorized persons leave the floor. I would ask the cooperation of the Members, please do not violate the rules which we adopted. Request that any of your guests to leave the floor. All of the Members please be in their seats. Please be in your seats. Representative Flinn has a meeting, he desires to be verified. Proceed with the call of the Affirmative Roll Call, Mr. Clerk. All unauthorized persons leave the floor. Proceed, Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "Abramson, Adams, Anderson...."

Speaker Redmond: "Wait a minute. Representative Hoffman."

Hoffman: "We can't verify someone if they don't indicate that they're here. Now, where is the first person? Abramson. Okay, that helps. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Would you please stand and raise your hand so that the verification can be...proceed orderly."

Clerk O'Brien: "Jane Barnes. Bartulis."

Speaker Redmond: "He was previously verified."

Hoffman: "Okay."

Clerk O'Brien: "Beatty."

Speaker Redmond: "I'm not going to recognize anybody to be verified out of order, if we proceed orderly we'll finish at the same time. Proceed."



Clerk O'Brien: "Bennett. Birchler. Bluthardt. Boucek. Bradley. Brandt. Rich Brummer. Don Brummet. Campbell. Capparelli. Christensen. Collins. Conti. Cunningham. Daniels. Jack Davis. Dawson. Deavers. Deuster. DiPrima. Domico. Doyle. Ralph Dunn. Ebbesen. Ewing. Farley. Flinn. Previously verified. Friedland. Friedrich. Garmisa, he was previously verified. Geo-Karis. Giglio. Giorgi. Griesheimer. Harris. Dan Houlihan. Hoxsey. Hudson. Huff. Huskey. Johnson. Dave Jones. Kelly, he was previously verified. Kempiners. Kent. Klosak. Kornowicz. Kosinski. Kozubowski. Kucharski. Vinson. Laurino. Lechowicz. Leinenweber. Luft. Macdonald. Madigan. Mahar. Matejek. Matula. Mautino. McAuliffe. McBroom. McClain. McGrew. McMaster. Meyer. Miller. Mudd. Murphy. Nardulli. Neff. Walsh, R. V. Pechous. Peters. Pouncey. Pullen. Reed. Reilly. Richmond. Rigney. Robinson. Ryan. Schisler. Schoeberlein. Shampert. Simms. Stanley. Stearney. E. G. Steele. C. M. Stiehl. Stuffle. Sumner. Taylor. Terzich. Totten. Van Duyne. Vitek. Von Boeckman. Waddell. Walsh, W. D. Wikoff. Williams. Winchester. Wolf. And Yourell."

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any questions of the Affirmative Roll Call, Mr. Hoffman?"

Hoffman: "Cunningham."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Cunningham. Is he on the floor? He's on the floor, unusual he's out of his seat but....you're violating the rule."

Hoffman: "Representative Deuster on the floor?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster on the floor? Deuster?"

Hoffman: "Okay, that's all right. I don't want to get him confused about what's before."

Speaker Redmond: "That, is that forerunner of things to come?"

Hoffman: "Doyle."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Doyle on the floor? Doyle. How is he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Remove him."

Hoffman: "Farley."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Farley. How is he recorded?"



Clerk O'Brien: "The Gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Is he on the floor? Remove him."

Hoffman: "Kempiners."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kempiners? He's here."

Hoffman: "Okay. Lechowicz."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz? How is he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "The Gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Is he on the floor? Remove him."

Hoffman: "Okay. We've got Mahar, he's here. Mudd."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mudd? Is he on the floor? Mudd on the floor? Oh, there he is."

Hoffman: "Okay, I see him. All right. Mahar."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mahar. Mahar on the floor? How is he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Remove him."

Hoffman: "Representative Yourell."

Speaker Redmond: "He's here."

Hoffman: "Okay. Fine. All right. Taylor. Representative James Taylor."

Speaker Redmond: "James Taylor? He's there."

Hoffman: "Okay. Pouncey, I guess...I see."

Speaker Redmond: "You can't see Pouncey?"

Hoffman: "No, I couldn't see him around the post. Okay..."

Speaker Redmond: "He's in his seat."

Hoffman: "...See. Who else did I, did I want...I don't know. Okay. Did I...did I ask Mahar?"

Speaker Redmond: "You did and we removed him."

Hoffman: "Okay. Fine. Thank you very much. Huskey."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Huskey. Is he in his seat? Representative Huskey. How is he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "The Gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Remove him."

Hoffman: "I think I just have one more. Representative Dawson. I may have missed him when I went around."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dawson on the floor? How is he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "The Gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."



Speaker Redmond: "Remove him.' Representative Lechowicz has returned to the chambers, put him back on the Roll Call."

Hoffman: "I have no further questions, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "What's the score, Mr. Clerk? On this question there's a 107 'aye' and 58 'no'. And the House does adopt Constitutional Amendment #15. Representative Hart. No demonstrations...according to your rules."



**GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



Hart: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. The Democratic Members of the House of Representatives will caucus in Room 114 with the next Governor of the State of Illinois, Michael Bakalis. So we'd like to have...like to have all of you come down to the caucus as soon as you can. We're going to adjourn right now for that purpose and then get back later on."

Speaker Redmond: "Back at 2 o'clock. Is that right, Representative Madigan? Is that long enough?"

Madigan: "Are we coming back into Session, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Yes, we will."

Madigan: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dan Houlihan."

Houlihan, D: "Mr. Speaker, there is a scheduled meeting of the Product Liability Subcommittee of the Judiciary I Committee at 1 o'clock. In view of the fact that there will be a Democratic Caucus and three of the Members on the Subcommittee will be attending that caucus... we will see how long the caucus runs as far as...well, we won't commence that hearing until after we come back into Session here at 2 o'clock, so that'll stand as far as the ... meeting convening will stand until after we finish here at 2 o'clock."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McLendon."

McLendon: "Mr. Speaker, I rise for the purpose of an announcement, Personnel and Pensions Committee scheduled to meet this afternoon at 4 p.m. has been cancelled, Sponsor is not ready to proceed. Thank you...."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Katz."

Katz: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I rise for the purpose of letting the Members of the House know that the House Rules Committee, that this morning was hearing petitions to have Bills heard as emergency matters, will be meeting again this afternoon at 3 o'clock in Room 122-A. I'm aware that we'll be back here at 2, but for Members who would not otherwise be on the floor, I want to tell you that we will continue where we left off except that we will be meeting in Room 122-A not Room 114, the House Rules Committee at 3 o'clock this afternoon."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative James Houlihan."

Houlihan, J: "Mr. Speaker, would the Chairman of the Rules Committee



also ask for a waive of the Rules which they were violating this morning? If they're going to continue their meeting this afternoon I think they ought to get from the House a waive of the rules which they violated this morning. I don't think we ought to continue that practice all day."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Katz."

Katz: "Well...Mr. Speaker, if the Gentleman from Cook had been there to raise the point I'm sure that the person presiding at that meeting would have sustained what he says is his valid objection. He was not there and no one raised any objection. The Rules Committee Meeting will continue this afternoon at 3 p.m. If the Gentleman has any objection he should by all means state it to the Speaker or to me and if it is valid he can be sure that it will be dealt with seriously."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative James Houlihan."

Houlihan, J: "Representative, tne Chairman of the Rules Committee....

I didn't know I had to be at every Committee Meeting to make sure they followed the rules. We're all supposed to follow the rules whether we're being watched or not; and the rule is broken whether somebody brings it to your attention or not. The fact is the Rules Committee had more Bills posted than it was legally allowed to do and it also had Bills posted that were not printed. And in fact about...the Rules Committee is operating in violation of the rules and it plans to continue to do it all day. I think that kind of disregard for the rules is inappropriate and I would think the Chairman of the Rules Committee ought to at least have the graciousness to ask the Members for leave to be able to have the Committee operate in the fashion they want to have it operate rather than just disregard the rules which he was the principal draftsman of."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijeovich."

Matijeovich: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Appropriations I Committee was scheduled at 2; we're coming back on the floor at 2, so Appropriations I Committee will meet immediately after our next adjournment in Room 114."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, in response to Mr. Houlihan's point of order, I had intended at 2 o'clock to move to suspend the rules to allow



the Rules Committee to post more than fifty Bills at one time for the next several weeks. If need be, I'll make that motion at this time and hope that we would get agreement to support the motion. And, therefore, Mr. Speaker, I...I do move that the House Rule prohibiting the...the posting of more than fifty Bills at one time be suspended for purposes of the Rules Committee Meetings for the next three weeks. I so move."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "...No objection."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objection?"

Ryan: "I would...."

Speaker Redmond: "Objection has been raised by Representative Skinner."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker, I so move and request a Roll Call.

Mr. Speaker, I so move and request a Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan has moved that the rules be suspended prohibiting the posting of more than fifty Bills for the Rules Committee...Rule 18 (j) I've been advised. The question's on the motion, those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. 107 votes. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Representative Younger desires to be recorded.... Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 133 'aye' and 3 'no' and the motion carries and the rule is suspended. Representative Bradley."

Bradley: "Mr...Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would move to suspend Rule 18, the Posting Rule, and I've checked it out with the Minority Leader and the Majority Leader so that two Bills could be heard today, 2663 and 2662, in the Rules Committee. Through a clerical error they were not posted today as requested and I ask leave of the House to suspend that rule so they could be heard."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Would the Gentleman refresh my memory a little bit?"

Bradley: "Yes, it was...the Bills that Representative Deavers and I were interested in...increasing the funds for civic centers from seventy-five million to a hundred and five million."

Speaker Redmond: "Hearing no objection.....do we have leave to use the Attendance Roll Call? What were the Bill numbers? Just a



minute, now. We're going to come back after the caucus and it'd seem to me to be a more orderly process that these motions to suspend rules be held until after we come back."

Bradley: "2662, 2663."

Speaker Redmond: "Otherwise we'll never get out of here and we'll never get back. Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Is this a motion to suspend the rule on a Bill that would spend money that we can bond for, for civic centers when the alternative would be that it could possibly be spent for roads?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bradley. I have no idea what's in the Bill."

Bradley: "Well, Mr. Speaker, there were...there are two Bills that I asked and I...we've already adopted the motion but I'll respond. It's a civic center dollars to increase the cap on the seventy-five million that we presently have because some civic centers... we've already had an obligation, we need that for money and the other one is for a particular civic center."

Skinner: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I certainly oppose it and I don't think the motion has passed and I would like to speak to..."

Bradley: "It was already announced that it was...passed. The Speaker blinked."

Skinner: "May I address the issue, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bradley has moved that the rule be suspended. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Let's take Rockford for an example. They're crying about not having Route 51, we can only sell four hundred to five hundred million dollars' worth of bonds a year. The same newspaper that's crying is cheering because there's...twenty million dollars that have just been released to build a civic center in downtown Rockford that's going to help no one except the owners of the property. Now, if you want roads you can't have civic centers and vice versa. If you want civic centers and stadiums, fine, but just don't cry when the money's not there for roads."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative Dunn."

Dunn: "Well, Mr. Speaker, the...unless I'm mistaken, the money to pay



for the debt service on these proposed bonds will come out of the Horse Racing Fund and I don't think any of that money has been used to build roads forever. It built two McCormick Places and it's now building some civic centers and that's where this money is coming from not the Road Fund."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Collins."

Collins: "Mr. Speaker, I...I call your attention to Rule 18 (k) which states a motion to suspend the posting requirements of this rule shall be carried on the Calendar."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bradley. Bradley."

Bradley: "Mr...Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, as I said earlier, it was through a clerical error that the numbers did not appear as I requested to be heard today. I was simply asking that that rule be suspended so they could be heard, we've done it many times. I hate to belabor the situation but as long as we're this close I'd like to get the necessary 107 votes. As I said, it was strictly a clerical error. They should have been there. I requested that it be posted so that we could hear it this morning and I'd like to have the 107 votes so we can hear it this afternoon. It's the same Bill, we're not going to change the Bills at all."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative Collins has raised a point of order. The Parliamentarian advises me that he is correct, the motion should be on the Calendar. Representative Collins. Yes, he did."

Collins: "Yes, just a further point, Mr. Speaker. To suspend this proposal takes unanimous consent."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record, we'll publish a Supplemental Roll Call for all motions that will be heard when we come back. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I would like to announce that there will be a Republican Conference in Room 118 immediately after we recess here."

Speaker Redmond: "You want the next Governor to appear there, too?"

Ryan: "No."

Speaker Redmond: "I don't blame you. Representative...you know, I asked in the interest of...of the orderly procedure here that these motions



are something that can be addressed when we come back that it would be better to do it, the flurry...the flurry on the floor indicates that you think we're not coming back. We are coming back. And we will be here tomorrow and I would suggest that we file motions in writing so that Parliamentarian Collins doesn't have us in the same bind that he has us right now. Representative Barnes."

Barnes: Thank you, thank you very much. Mr. Speaker, not a motion but just an announcement because there are a number of people who have just asked me a few minutes ago relative to the Appropriations II Committee Meeting. The Appropriations II Committee will meet immediately after the Session when we come back in. There are some witnesses here for a Labor Bill. We will be hearing that but it will be immediately after this Session, after we return to the House floor."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Davis."

Davis: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, on your desk... I'd like to make this announcement. On your desk you'll find a notice of a roasting of our colleague, Representative Jesse Madison, by His Royal Highness the Speaker of the House and Representative Caldwell and Larry DiPrima, Emil Jones and Mike Nardulli and Peter F. Peters. They...the notice says he will be roasted on April the 11th. Please change that date to Friday, April 21st at the Hillside Holiday Inn, 4400 Frontage Road. Those of you who would like to have tickets, I have them here in the office - my girl, Beverly, has them there - and I'm sure your attendance will be appreciated. I'm sure you will be pleased and entertained when you hear us roast this distinguished Member of the House who is making his exit, not coming back. Thank you very much. The date is April the 21st."

Speaker Redmond: "There's been a request for the...Democratic Caucus. The House will stand in Perfunctory while we're caucusing and we will be back here at 2:15. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "There's also a Republican Conference, too, Mr. Speaker, in Room 118."

Speaker Redmond: "Republican Conference in 118. The Democratic Conference in 114. The House now stands adjourned until 2:15. Perfunctory first and then recess. Perfunctory and then...back here at 2:15."



Clerk O'Brien: "Committee Reports. Representative Hart, Chairman of the Committee on Financial Institutions, reported the following Committee Bill for introduction: House Bill 2958. Action taken April 12, 1978.

Representative Katz, Chairman of the Committee on Judiciary II, reported the following Committee Bill for introduction: House Bill 3006. Action taken April 13, 1978."

Speaker Redmond: "What's your problem?"

Lechowicz: "I don't have a problem, Mr. Speaker, I just wanted to remind the Members that there's a caucus going on and I would hope they would join us. Thank you."

Clerk Hall: "Introduction and First Reading. House Bill 2948. Mugalian.

A Bill for an Act to make an appropriation for the Commission on Mental Health and Developmental Disability. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 2949. Corneal Davis. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act to permit leasees to receive a rent credit for paying certain lessors obligations. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2950. Corneal Davis. A Bill for an Act to amend the Public Utilities Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2951. Kornowicz. A Bill for an Act relating to the conducting of pull tabs and jar games by certain nonprofit organizations. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2952. Taylor. A Bill for an Act to amend Chicago Teacher's Retirement Fund. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2953. Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2954. Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to amend the Downstate Teacher's Retirement System Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2955. Steczo. A Bill for an Act to amend the Public Community College Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2956. Catania. A Bill for an Act to amend the Bingo License and Tax Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2957. Greiman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2958. Committee on Financial Institutions. A Bill for an Act to amend the Interest Act. First Reading of the Bill.



House Bill 2959. Lynn Martin. A Bill for an Act to amend the Downstate Firemen's Pension Fund. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2960. Lynn Martin. A Bill for an Act to amend the Municipal Retirement Funds. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2961. Lynn Martin. A Bill for an Act to amend the Downstate Policemen's Pension Fund. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2962. Carmisa. A Bill for an Act to make appropriations for the Road Fund. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2963. Brady. A Bill for an Act to amend the Higher Education Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2964. Kempiners. A Bill for an Act to make...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense to the Department of Mental Health. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2965. Adams. A Bill for an Act to make an appropriation to the ordinary and contingent expense to the Department of Conservation. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2966. Winchester. A Bill for an Act to make...appropriation to the ordinary and contingent expense to the Department Administrative Services. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2967. McMaster. A Bill for an Act to make...appropriation to the ordinary and contingent expense to the Department of Local Governmental Affairs. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2968. Bennett. A Bill for an Act to make appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense...Department of Law Enforcement. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2969. McAuliffe. A Bill for an Act to make..appropriation from the Local Government Law Enforcement Officer's Fund. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2970. Daniels. A Bill for an Act to make...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense to the Commission on Delinquency Prevention. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2971. Rigney. A Bill for an Act to make...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense for the Department of Agriculture. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2972. Edgar. A Bill for an Act to make...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense for the Department of Public





Health. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2973. Abramson. A Bill for an Act to make...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Industrial Commission. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2974. Telcser. A Bill for an Act to make...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Department of Personnel. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2975. Deuster. A Bill for an Act to make...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Environmental Protection Agency. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2976. Sandquist. A Bill for an Act to appropriate ...ordinary and contingent expense of the Liquor Control Commission. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2977. Epton. A Bill for an Act making...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Department of Insurance. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2978. Catania. A Bill for an Act to make appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Fair Employment Practices Commission. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2979. ...Gaines. A Bill for an Act to make appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Illinois Commission on Human Relations. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2980. Klosak. A Bill for an Act to make appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Illinois Racing Board. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2981. Jane Barnes. A Bill for an Act to make appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Illinois Arts Council. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2982. Wolf. A Bill for an Act to make appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Military Naval Department. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2983. Catania...Conti. A Bill for an Act to make....ordinary and contingent expense of the Commissioner of Banks and Trust Companies. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2984. Bartulis. A Bill....appropriates for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Department of Mines and Minerals.



First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2985. Mahar. A Bill for an Act making...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of Emergency Services and Disaster Agency. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2986. Neff. A Bill for an Act making...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Department of Financial Institutions. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2987. J. D. Jones. A Bill for an Act making...appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Illinois Historical Library. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2988. Stiehl. A Bill for an Act...appropriate three hundred and sixty-three thousand dollars (\$363,000) to the St. Louis Metropolitan Airport Authority. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2989. Jane Barnes. A Bill for an Act to appropriate for ...ordinary and contingent expenses of the Pollution Control Board. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2990. Pullen. A Bill for an Act to make appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Department of Children and Family Services. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2991. Beatty. A Bill for an Act to amend the Judge's Retirement System Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2992. Schisler. A Bill for an Act to amend the County Cooperative Extension Law. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2993. DiPrima. A Bill for an Act to amend the Barber Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2994. O'Brien. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2995. O'Brien. A Bill for an Act to amend the Condominium Property Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2996. Huskey. A Bill for an Act to amend the Workmen's Compensation Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2997. Kempiners. A Bill for an Act to amend the Fees and Salaries Act in an Act providing for the compensation to State's Attorneys. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 2998. Tipsword. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill.



House Bill 2999. Tipsword. A Bill for an Act to amend the Secretary of State Merit Employment Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3000. O'Brien. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3001. Richmond. A Bill for an Act to amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3002. Birchler...or, Richmond, Dunn, Birchler. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Local Library Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3003. Huskey. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3004. Kempiners. A Bill for an Act to amend the Cannabis Control Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3005. McAuliffe. A Bill for an Act to amend the Chicago Public School Teacher's Pension and Retirement Fund. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3006. Judiciary II. A Bill for an Act to amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3007. Kornowicz. A Bill for an Act to amend the Chicago Public School Teacher's Pension and Retirement Fund. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3008. Terzich. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3009. Terzich. A Bill for an Act in relation to writs, provides for when a written judgment or order is entered in any civil proceedings and assigned by a Judge and filed and certified by the Clerk of the Court. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3010. Dan Houlihan. A Bill for an Act...A Bill for an Act for Registered Container Trademark Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3011. .... A Bill for an Act to amend the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3012. McGrew. A Bill for an Act...appropriate two million dollars (\$2,000,000) for the Capital Development Board. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3013. McGrew. A Bill for an Act to appropriate



a hundred and fifty-two thousand dollars (\$152,000) to the Western Illinois University. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3014. Brady, Friedrich. A Bill for an Act to amend the Public Community College Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3015. Brady, Friedrich. A Bill for an Act to amend the Urban Transportation District Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3016. Brady. A Bill for an Act authorizing the temporary interagency transfer of state employees. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3017. Brady. A Bill for an Act to amend the State Finance Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3018...House Bill 3018. .... A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3019. .... A Bill for an Act to amend the Bingo Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3020. .... A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act relating to forest preserves. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3021. .... A Bill for an Act to amend the Act concerning land titles. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3022. Catania, Davis. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan, do you want to...are you involved in this meeting...yonder? I guess not. Why don't you preside?"

Madigan: "Are there any.... Mr. Speaker, are we preparing to adjourn?"

Speaker Redmond: "Well, unless somebody has something to call. We have some Constitutional Amendments and Third Readings. Does anybody want those called?"

Madigan: "Mr. Chairman. Mr. Chairman. Mr. Speaker, there is a Rules Committee Meeting scheduled for 3 o'clock...right now and...several other Committee Meetings."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay."

Madigan: "That are waiting for our adjournment and I would respectfully..."

Speaker Redmond: "Does anybody have anything they want...."

Madigan: "We ask if there are any motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brady."



Brady: "Mr. Speaker, the Chairman of the Elementary, Secondary Education Committee is not on the floor but asked me before we adjourned to make sure he got the opportunity to ask for a suspension of the rules relative to posting of Bills for Educational Committee Hearing next week. The Rules Committee is going to meet and it seems that several formula revision Bills may come out of that meeting and he would like to be able to post them for hearing next week."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Hearing none, we'll use the Attendance Roll Call for the affirmative in that motion. Representative Dan Houlihan. Dan Houlihan."

Houlihan, D: "Simply for the purpose of an announcement, Mr. Speaker. The Product Liability Subcommittee of the Judiciary I Committee will meet immediately following adjournment in C-1."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to announce that the Committee on Veteran's Affairs, Registration and Regulation, will meet immediately after adjournment in Room 304 in the Stratton Building which is the Capital Development Board Room."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Would you recognize Mr. Katz, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "When he returns to his seat I will. Representative Katz....Representative Robinson, do you want to be recognized later? Representative Katz."

Katz: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, the House Rules Committee will be meeting in 122-A at 3:30. In view of the fact that it's already beyond 3, we will be meeting in Room 122-A this afternoon at 3:30. Now, Members who had their Bills posted today, those that have been printed, we will be glad to hear those Members starting at 3:30 this afternoon and going on through the afternoon. Members should be there and we will be glad to give them a hearing."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Robinson."

Robinson: "I move that Rule 18 be suspended so that the general subject matter of Open Primary and Consolidation of Elections can be heard in Elections Committee for post....Committee Bills this afternoon."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "I object, Mr. Speaker; ask for a Roll Call vote."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Robinson moves for the unanimous consent to waive the posting regulations...permit a subject matter to be heard before Election. Representative Madigan objected. Representative Robinson has requested a Roll Call. The question... Representative Collins."

Collins: "Well, Mr...Mr. Speaker, I would ask the Members of the House to consider this motion carefully. Representative Robinson has proposals that he would like the Committee to consider as Committee Bills - which I am not necessarily in favor of myself - but I think that he was unfairly denied his right..."

Speaker Redmond: "Address yourself to the motion."

Collins: "I am."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Collins: "I think that...Mr. Speaker, he was denied his right to offer these proposals in Committee - and then as I understand it - was assured that the...proposals would be considered in a subsequent Committee Meeting. However, no subsequent Committee Meeting was called by the Chairman and we have reached the date where it will be too late for him to offer his proposals. I think he's...in basic fairness we should...we should support this motion. He has been denied the right of every Member to offer his suggestions for Committee Bills in Committee - he has been denied that - he has had to resort to the unusual remedy of having a majority of the Members of Committee attempt to call a Committee Meeting. That has been done and is on the Clerk's desk. However, the Posting Rule must be suspended if these proposals are to be given a fair hearing. I think that it's just basic fairness and I would ask the Members of this House to...support his motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dan Houlihan."

Houlihan, D: "Parliamentary inquiry, Mr. Speaker, how many votes does the motion take..."

Speaker Redmond: "107."

Houlihan, D: "...To carry?"

Speaker Redmond: "107. Any further discussion? The question... Representative Laurino."

Laurino: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. The subject of this particular Bill that wants...that Representative



Robinson wants to be considered as a Committee Bill was heard in the prior Session of the General Assembly, defeated soundly. He has other alternatives. He can go to the Rules Committee like anyone else and have that Bill considered to be put into the Elections Committee and was told so. He elected not to do so and therefore I feel that it is not an emergency matter and should not be considered at this time. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's motion that the rule be suspended. Representative Mugalian."

Mugalian: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. If democracy means anything or representative government has any kind of significance there's no more important area of legislation than that in elections. Now, I'm not talking the merits of the Bill but if we don't have a process which insures equal access by all our Members to a right to have a Bill which...which access has been given to everyone else that I know of in this House in this Session we are making a mockery not only of our own rules and our own standards of fair play but are really corruptive of what democracy means. The Election Committee is probably the most sensitive Committee that we have because it deals with those very questions of how and when you elect your officials. Now, if you don't want to have elected officials, if you want to go to a dictatorship or a monarchy, that's one thing. But in this one situation a Member of this House had asked to have a proposal posted and was refused without any reason consistent with our rules. He then went to the trouble of having eight...ten Members of the Committee petition for a meeting - and I am told that he was assured that there would be a meeting this week - but no meeting was scheduled. I just don't think that we can continue, that we can...if we fail to give a 107 votes, I'm certainly...would be very embarrassed about all of us."

Speaker Redmond: "Ready for the question? The question, shall the provisions of Rule 18 (k) with respect to posting for the Elections Committee to permit a hearing of the proposal on the Open Primary by the Elections Committee? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. All voted who wish? Representative Byers."

Byers: "Well, Mr. Speaker, this is a very simple proposal. All



Representative Robinson wants is a chance to hear his Bill as an elected Member of the Legislature by the people that live here in Sangamon County and Montgomery County. I think he has a right to ...to have his Bill heard, and I think we're denying those...the people that he represents that...that if we do not have a chance to hear this Bill, denying him their right of their elected representative. And I think that this Bill should have a chance to be heard and I think we should give him a 107 votes so that he...may be. So maybe some other people want to have some Bills heard later on, too."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative James Houlihan."

Houlihan, J: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I rise, also, to ask Members to put a green light on this particular motion. I think what we have here is not a debate on the merits of the question but a debate on equal process. And if we're going to talk about cooperation, if we're going to talk about not only a...House working together but a particular party within the House working together, I think what we ought to do is give each of the Members due respect and not try to stymie a particular proposal. Now I see a lot of Members that are colleagues of Representative Robinson's up there who are from the same party, suggesting that they don't even think that he has the opportunity or right to have his Bill posted and heard in Committee. I think that doesn't speak well for the political process or for the legislative process within this House. And I would urge more green lights so that we would have a motion to suspend the rules and have this posted."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative Robinson."

Robinson: "Well, it doesn't look like we are going to get a 107 votes.

I would just like to point out that I think this is the...."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman standing between the Chair and the Member please be seated."

Robinson: "I believe this is the first time that any request by a Member for posting a subject matter for Committee Bill was denied. It places the entire power for doing this in the hands of the Committee Chairman. I think that's wrong. I think, Mr. Speaker, that perhaps you think that's wrong. I would like to point out just one thing. In the Chicago Tribune today it says that





'There will be no Election Bills moving out of Elections Committee'. And it quotes Representative Madigan, and he says, 'That the reason is because they are afraid that we might have the votes on the floor to pass open primary'. Well, look up there and it looks like we might have the votes on the floor, if not right now, then sometime this Session or next Session - we'll get open primary. Thank you very much."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question's there's a 100 'aye' and 39 'no'. The Gentleman's motion fails. Gentleman has requested a poll of the absentees. Mr. Clerk, poll the absentees."

Clerk O'Brien: "Adams, Brandt, Rich Brummer, Don Brummet, Campbell, Capparelli, Deuster, Ewell, Friedrich, Griesheimer, Hart, Hoffman, Hudson, Kelly, Kosinski, Luft, Mahar, Marovitz, McAvoy, McClain, Meyer, Molloy, Mudd, Murphy, Walsh, R.V., Peters, Richmond, Schisler, Schlickman, Schoeberlein, Sharp, Wall, Walsh, W.D., Younge and Yourell."

Speaker Redmond: "There are no additions as a result of the poll of the absentees. Please poll the Affirmative Roll Call, Mr. Clerk. Wasn't there a verification requested? Okay. On this question, there's a 100 'aye' and 39 'no' and the motion fails. Representative Davis."

Davis, J: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. With your indulgence and the House's indulgence, could we proceed to the Order of Motions on which I have a motion I'd like heard at this time?"

Speaker Redmond: "What one you talking about?"

Davis, J: "On House Bill 2669."

Speaker Redmond: "Have you discussed this with both sides, Mr. Davis?"

Davis, J: "Yes, I have, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, the Order of Motions. ...Order of Motions appears House Bill 2669, Representative Davis."

Davis, J: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. In the first place I'd like to indicate that Representative Matijevec who is the other Chief Cosponsor of House Bill 2669 is also a maker of this motion. And at this point there's a sense of urgency about the Bill. I would like to refer, or defer, to Representative Matijevec to



explain the motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijeovich."

Matijeovich: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I support Jack Davis wholeheartedly in this motion because it affects Lake County and Will County, only our two counties. We have discussed the matter with the Chairman of the Revenue Committee; he also supports this motion. There is now no opposition to it. It relates to a matter that we passed in the Legislature last year on the penalty date for tax acceleration collection systems in those counties that use it to extend the penalty date. What happened in my county because of the effective date of the law, they went ahead with the...with the new system not realizing that the effective date of the law had not yet applied. Therefore, we need this in Lake County as validating what they've already done; they need it in Will County so they...they can use that penalty date. So there is a very urgent need for this right away, so I do support Jack Davis and I'd like to see all green lights on this."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Any further discussion? The question's on the Gentleman's motion. Those in favor say 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carries. Anything further? Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, are there any other announcements?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Any other announcements, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mann."

Mann: "Well, Mr. Speaker, we have a little problem. The Judiciary I Committee is scheduled to meet right after adjournment and Representative Houlihan has a Subcommittee that's going to meet right after adjournment. In the same room."

Speaker Redmond: "What. Where are we, Mr. Mann, I was...."

Mann: "I was indicating that we have a conflict here."

Speaker Redmond: "Oh. Representative Ewell, are you going to solve the conflict?"

Ewell: "No. No. No."

Speaker Redmond: "Who's going to solve the conflict? Dan Houlihan."

Houlihan, D: "Well, I suggested as far as the conflict, and I don't



think it is a conflict, that the Subcommittee Hearing of Products Liability--and that's the Subcommittee of the Judiciary I Committee--should meet first and then the full Judiciary I Committee should meet thereafter. Now, if you'll note on the posting for the subject matter of the Judiciary I Committee, it includes the topic of Product Liability legislation. Now in order for the full Committee to consider that topic I think it is apparent that the Subcommittee is going to have to meet first as far as what it's going to recommend to the full Committee. So it's not a conflict, it's an inconvenience but it's not a conflict, and my suggestion that I've made to Representative Mann is that in view of what our deadline is with April the 14th as far as Committee Bills, that the Subcommittee has to meet immediately following adjournment and those Members of the Subcommittee are also all Members of the full Committee and they will be there to sit for the meeting of the full Judiciary I Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mann."

Mann: "Mr. Speaker, we'll proceed that way then. The Judiciary I Committee will be held approximately 45 minutes to an hour after adjournment to give the Subcommittee a chance to meet first."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Caldwell."

Caldwell: "Mr. Speaker, the Committee on Public Utilities is going to meet at 4 o'clock. There's been some mix-up on the posting of some Bills and I'm rising to ask that the Posting Rule be waived so that we can give Bills dealing with charges for Directory Assistance in the telephone company...."

Speaker Redmond: "...Gentleman...."

Caldwell: "It wasn't the...anybody's fault except that the...it was a clerical error and I'd appreciate it if we can get enough votes to have this matter heard so that we can determine whether or not it can be a Committee Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there...any objections? Hearing no objections, we'll use the Attendance Roll Call on the suspension of the Posting Rules with respect to the subject matter of Directory Assistance. Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Yes, Mr. Speaker. I hear a rumor that the Legislative



Advisory Committee on the RTA has...meeting tonight at Baur's has been cancelled because someone is picketing Baur's. I wonder ...I wonder if anyone has any information on that? I don't.... I'm sorry, I thought the motion was over. Thank you. I can't stand it, the chair's too low."

Speaker Redmond: "Can anybody help...is there any help for Representative Skinner?"

Skinner: "Very little. I don't really need a first class meal to meet and since the RTA is saying that there's...that even a 20 percent fair hike won't help much in the next two years and they're declaring a red alert, it seems to me we ought to be discussing something, if only busing blacks to the north suburbs to do housework."

Speaker Redmond: "Any other announcements? Representative Jacobs."

Jacobs: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. For announcement, the Labor and Commerce Committee will meet in 122-B immediately after adjournment and I'd like to have all the...all the Members there. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Van Duyne."

Van Duyne: "Under Constitutional Amendments in Third Reading Consideration Postponed, it's the considered opinion of Representative Hart and myself that House Joint Resolution for a Constitutional Amendment 24 is really of no necessary value now and I'd like to have permission of the House to table that."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Hearing none, House Joint Resolution 24 be tabled. Representative Ewell."

Ewell: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen, as one of the Sponsors of House Bill 2833, which is really the Motorist's Tax Relief Act, a number of people have asked me if they could get on the Bill and I want to make it...I wanted to make the announcement that anybody that wanted to get on this Bill, 2833, which reduces the gas tax 2 cents a gallon, come up to the Speaker's platform and I'm delighted to help sign the consent slips."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? 12 o'clock tomorrow. Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. On the Clerk's desk is Resolution 733, I'd like to have leave to have that considered now...it's in reference to our Parliamentarian's fine day...just 35 years ago



he...his parents blessed us with his birth, and in turn, today is the...his birthday and I'd like to have the Clerk read the Resolution."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution 733. Lechowicz. Whereas, the impasses of this Body are often resolved by the application of David's Rules or Order or Epstein's Precedents; and Whereas, The author and interpreter of those famous parliamentary principles was born in Chicago, graduated from the University of Chicago Laboratory School, pursued his undergraduate education successively at the Cornell University, the Illinois Institute of Technology and the University of Illinois from which he received his bachelor's degree in chemistry, and went on to study law at the University of Illinois Law School; and Whereas, David came to Springfield as a legislative intern in 1968 and found the General Assembly so exciting he stayed on as a member of the House Democratic Staff and has become widely known and highly regarded for his en...come here, George, in what...enthusiastic ...enthusiastic involvement in all aspects of the legislative process from the application of lofty Constitutional concepts to the nuts and bolts of day to day operations; and Whereas, the House Parliamentarian, a high flyer both literally and figuratively, who somehow finds time to get to Florida or Arizona often enough to maintain his suntan and who runs faithfully in pursuit of the 7 minute mile, today marks the 35th anniversary of his birth, the threshold of new opportunities such as running for the Presidency of the United States, running toward an 8 minute mile, or completing a final revision of a new Election Code of Illinois; therefore, be it Resolved, By the House of Representatives of the Eightieth General Assembly of the State of Illinois, that this Body congratulates its esteemed Parliamentarian, David A. Epstein, on the occasion of his 35th birthday and join together without dissent in wishing him many happy returns and the success and happiness he so richly deserves in the years ahead."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz has moved the adoption of House Resolution 733...Representative Hanahan has raised a



point of order as to whether or not that's in order. Mr. Parliamentarian, is it proper to consider the adoption of the Resolution? He says by all means it's proper. Question's on the adoption of the Resolution. Those in favor say 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Do we have...do we have leave to let the Parliamentarian address the Body?"

Epstein: "Thank you all very much, I have...I have been informed by my older colleague, Lee Schwartz, that from now on it's all downhill."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Lechowicz...oh. Representative Bowman, having voted on the affirmative side moves to reconsider the vote by which House Resolution 733 was adopted. Representative Lechowicz on the adjournment. 12 o'clock tomorrow."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker, I move that the House stands adjourned till 12 noon tomorrow."

Speaker Redmond: "After ten minutes perfunctory, is that correct?"

Lechowicz: "After ten minutes perfunctory, that's correct."

Speaker Redmond: "All those in favor of the motion indicate by saying 'aye', opposed 'no'; the 'ayes' have it; the motion carries. Representative Levin. Representative Levin, will you turn...."

Levin: "Yes, point of inquiry. What time are the 4 o'clock Committees going to be meeting?"

Speaker Redmond: "Which one do you have reference to?"

Levin: "Public Utilities. At 4 o'clock?"

Speaker Redmond: "4 o'clock. I think you got a...is the...is the... Speaker's podium authorized to make a service charge for that inquiry?"

Clerk Hall: "Introduction and First Reading of House Bills.

House Bill 3023. Greiman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to regulate the employment of children. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3024. Beatty-Houlihan. A Bill for an Act to amend the Court of Claims Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3025. Huskey. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3026. Huskey. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3027. Johnson-Tipword. A Bill for an Act in relation



to subsidies for probation officers. First Reading of the Bill.  
House Bill 3028. Reed. A Bill for an Act to amend the Dram Shop Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3029. Younge. A Bill for an Act to create the East St. Louis Depressed Land Areas Land Use and Community Development Authority. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3030. Younge. A Bill for an Act to create the East St. Louis Metropolitan Exposition Auditorium Authority Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3031. Catania. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Police Training Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3032. Catania. A Bill for an Act to create an Act requiring law enforcement officers to file written reports. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3033. Stuffle. A Bill for an Act to amend the State University Retirement System Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3034. Stuffle. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3035. Winchester. A Bill for an Act to authorize the Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities to convey 62 acres of the Anna Mental Health and Developmental Center. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3036. Catania. A Bill for an Act to amend the Personnel Code; First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 3037. Catania. A Bill for an Act to amend the Wage Payment Collection Act. First Reading of the Bill.

Being no further business, the House stands adjourned."



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<u>l.</u>	<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
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	1		Reverend Krueger	Prayer
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	1		Clerk O'Brien	Message from Senate
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	2		Clerk O'Brien	Introduction & First Reading
	2		Speaker Redmond	
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	3		Speaker Redmond	
	4		Clerk O'Brien	Introduce & First Reading
	5		Speaker Redmond	Roll Call for attendance
	5		Ryan	Introduction
	5		Speaker Redmond	
	5		Matijevich	
	5		Speaker Redmond	
	5		Madigan	
	6		Speaker Redmond)	
	6		Friedrich )	HJCA #15
	7		Speaker Redmond	
	7, 8		Hoffman	
	9		Speaker Redmond	
	9		McClain	Support
	9		Speaker Redmond	
	9	12:30	McAuliffe	Support
	10		Speaker Redmond	
	10		Ewell	
	11		Speaker Redmond	



## GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



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13		Friedrich	To close
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GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
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19		Speaker Redmond	
19		Matijevich	Votes 'no'
20		Speaker Redmond	
20		Barnes	Requests verification
20		Speaker Redmond	
20		Waddell	
20		Speaker Redmond	
21		Clerk O'Brien	Polls absentees
21		Speaker Redmond	
21		Johnson	Votes 'aye'
21		Speaker Redmond	
22		Clerk O'Brien	Continues
22		Speaker Redmond	
22		Hoffman, G.	
22	1:00	Speaker Redmond	
22		Clerk O'Brien	Proceeds with Affirmative Roll
22		Speaker Redmond	
22		Hoffman	
22		Speaker Redmond	
22		Clerk O'Brien	Proceeds
22		Speaker Redmond	
23		Hoffman )	Questions Affirmative Roll
24		Speaker Redmond)	House adopts HJRCA 15



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4.			
25		Hart	
25		Speaker Redmond	
25		Madigan	
25		Houlihan, D.	
25		Speaker Redmond	
25		McLenden	Announcement
25		Speaker Redmond	
25		Katz	
25		Speaker Redmond	
25		Houlihan, J.	
26		Speaker Redmond	
26		Katz	
26		Speaker Redmond	
26	1:16	Houlihan, J.	
26		Speaker Redmond	
26		Matijeovich	Announcement
26		Speaker Redmond	
26		Madigan	Responds to Houlihan. Motion to suspend rule
27		Speaker Redmond	
27		Ryan	
27		Speaker Redmond	
27		Madigan	Requests Roll Call
27		Speaker Redmond	Motion carries
27		Bradley	Move to suspend Rule 18
27		Speaker Redmond	
28		Ryan )	
28		Bradley)	



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28		Skinner )	
28		)	
28		Bradley )	
28		Speaker Redmond	
28		Skinner	
28		Speaker Redmond	
28		Dunn, J.	
29		Speaker Redmond	
29	1:22	Collins	
29		Speaker Redmond	
29		Bradley	
29		Speaker Redmond	
29		Collins	
29		Speaker Redmond	Out of record
29		Ryan	Announce Republican Conference
29		Speaker Redmond	
30		Barnes	Announcement
30		Speaker Redmond	
30		Davis, C.	
30		Speaker Redmond	House in Perfunctory
30		Ryan	Republican Conference
30		Speaker Redmond	House in recess
31		Clerk O'Brien	
31,32,33,34,35		Clerk Hall	Introduction & First Reading
36		Speaker Redmond	
36		Madigan )	
36		)	
36		Speaker Redmond )	
37		)	
37		Brady )	



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<u>6.</u> <u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
37		Speaker Redmond	
37		Houlihan, D.	Announcement
37		Speaker Redmond	
37	3:01	DiPrima	Announcement
37		Speaker Redmond	
37		Madigan	
37		Speaker Redmond	
37		Katz	Announcement
37		Speaker Redmond	
37		Robinson	Move suspend Rule 18
37		Speaker Redmond	
37		Madigan	Objects
37		Speaker Redmond	
38		Collins	
38		Speaker Redmond	
38		Houlihan, D.	Parliamentary Inquiry
38		Speaker Redmond	
38		Laurino	Opposes
39		Speaker Redmond	
39		Mugalian	Support
39		Speaker Redmond	
39		Byers	Support
40		Speaker Redmond	
40		Houlihan, J.	Support
40		Speaker Redmond	
40		Robinson	
41		Speaker Redmond	



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41	3:12	Clerk O'Brien	Polls absentees
41		Speaker Redmond )	
41		Davis, J. )	HB 2669-motion
42		Speaker Redmond	
42		Matijeovich	
42		Speaker Redmond	Motion carries
42		Madigan	
42		Speaker Redmond	
42		Mann	Conflict
42		Speaker Redmond	
42		Houlihan, D.	
43		Speaker Redmond	
43		Mann	
43		Speaker Redmond	
43		Caldwell	Waive Posting Rule
43		Speaker Redmond	
43		Skinner	
44		Speaker Redmond	
44		Jacobs	Announcement
44		Speaker Redmond	
44		Van Duyne	Leave to table HJR 24
44		Speaker Redmond	Tabled
44		Ewell	
44		Speaker Redmond	
44	3:24	Lechowicz	
45		Clerk O'Brien	HR 733-Epstein's Resolution
45		Speaker Redmond	



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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
46		Epstein	
46		Speaker Redmond	
46		Lechowicz	Move adjournment 12:00 Friday
46		Speaker Redmond	10 minute Perfunctory
46		Levin )	
46		Speaker Redmond)	
46,47	3:26	Clerk Hall	Introduction & First Reading
47	3:29		House adjourned



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